



# 2018 Status of State and Local Corrections Facilities and Program Report (R.S. 15:1204.1)

Prepared by the Louisiana Commission on Law  
Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice

Statistical Analysis Center

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## 1. Introduction

Pursuant to Act 499 of the 2016 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature, the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Criminal Justice serves as the central coordinating agency for adult and juvenile correctional systems; in conjunction with the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, youth services of the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, the sheriffs of the state, and local juvenile justice officials.

## 2. Overview of Populations

In 2018, the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections was responsible for an average of 33,362 inmates (between January and June 2018). In 2018, there was 0.98 percent decrease in the overall corrections population from the 2017 population. State facilities experienced a 0.98 percent increase; local jail populations increased by 0.96 percent; and Contract Transitional Work Program decreased by 0.92 percent from the 2017 population.

**Table 1: Corrections Population by Custody Class for 2018**

<http://www.doc.la.gov/media/1/Briefing%20Book/July%2018/july.2018.bb.pdf>

Month	State Facility	Local Jail	Contract Transitional Work Program (TWP)	Total Custody
January	15,210	17,339	944	33,493
February	15,218	17,256	976	33,450
March	15,219	17,055	995	33,269
April	15,107	17,281	1,029	33,417
May	15,097	17,262	1,000	33,359
June	15,072	17,191	923	33,186
July	15,524*	19,955*	1,000*	36,479*
August	15,524*	19,973*	1,000*	36,497*
September	15,524*	19,963*	1,000*	36,487*
October	15,524*	20,031*	1,000*	36,555*
November	15,524*	20,124*	1,000*	36,648*
December	15,524*	20,196*	1,000*	36,720*

*\*Projected figures*

This document represents a demographic snapshot of the inmates in the state correctional system on *June 30, 2018*.

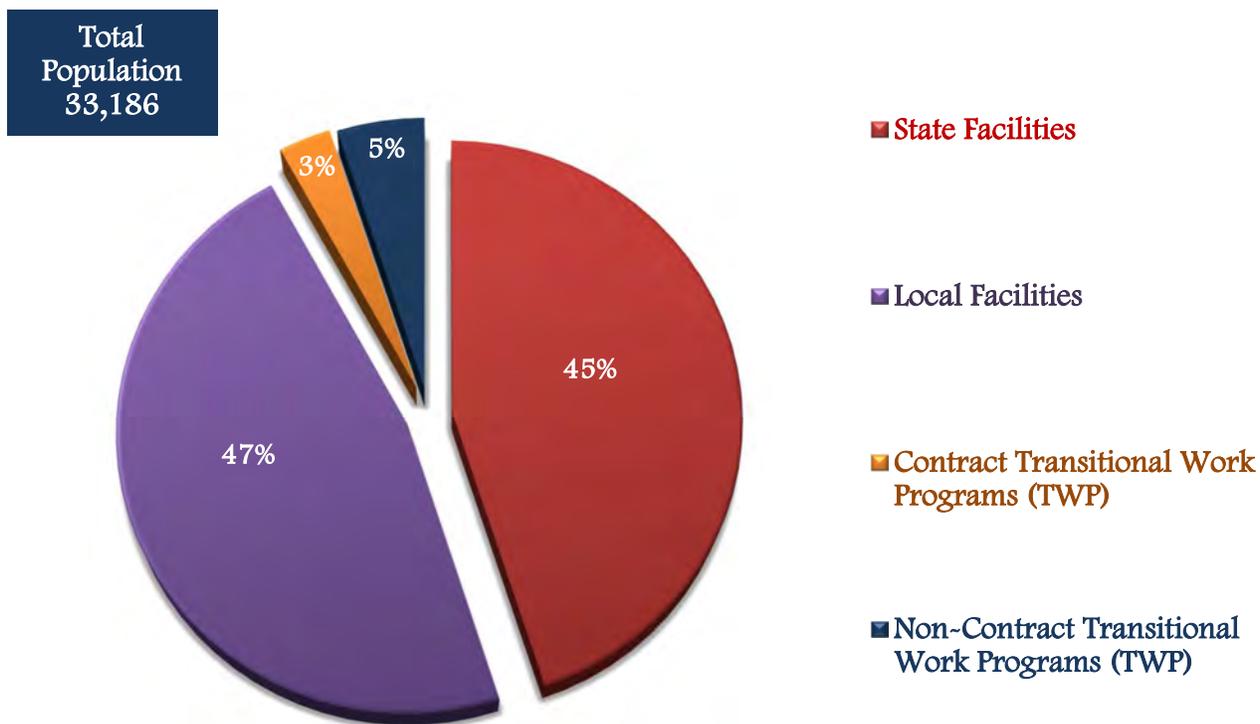
The information below can be found in the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections “*Briefing Book*” in the *Demographics* Section.

<http://www.doc.la.gov/media/1/Briefing%20Book/July%2018/july.2018.bb.pdf>

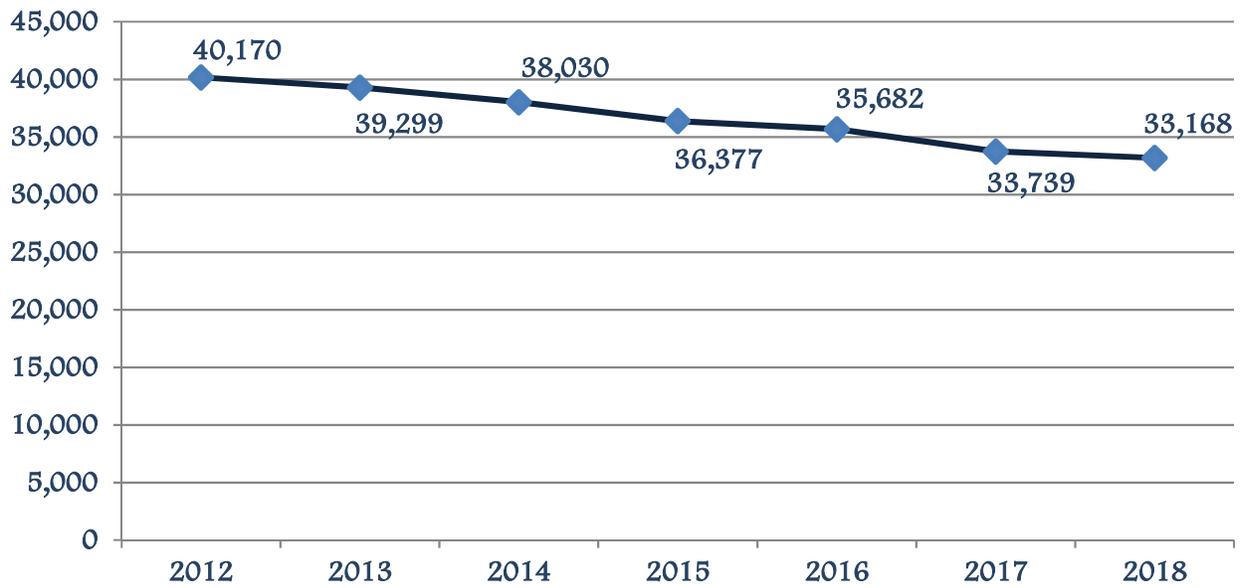
### 3. Demographic Profiles of Adult Correctional Population

There was 15,072 adult inmates incarcerated in state prison facilities, an additional 18,114 adults, which includes 1,722 adults in non-contract transitional work programs, sentenced to the Department’s custody and housed in local jails, and 923 adults in contract transitional work programs for a total of 33,186 Department of Correction offenders.

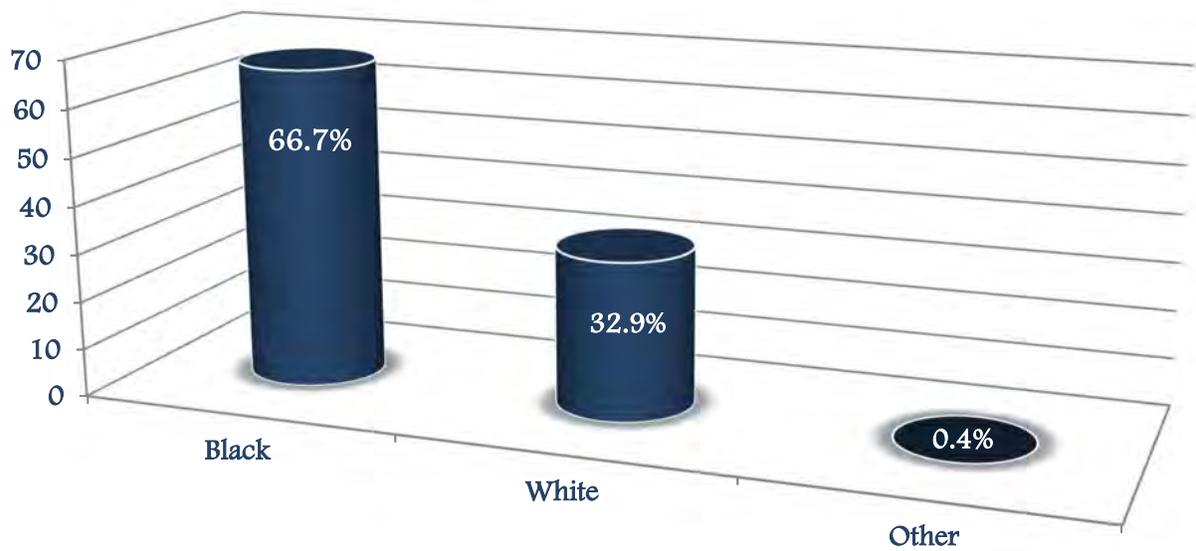
Figure 1: Number and Percentage of Adult Correctional Population



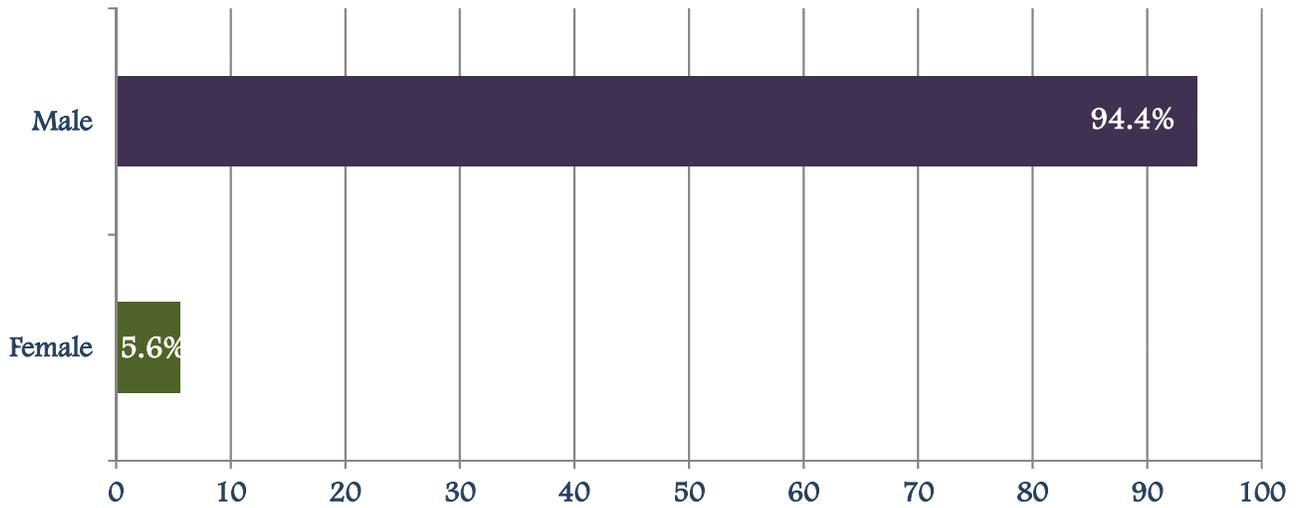
**Figure 2: Trend of Adult Correctional Population for 2012 - 2018**



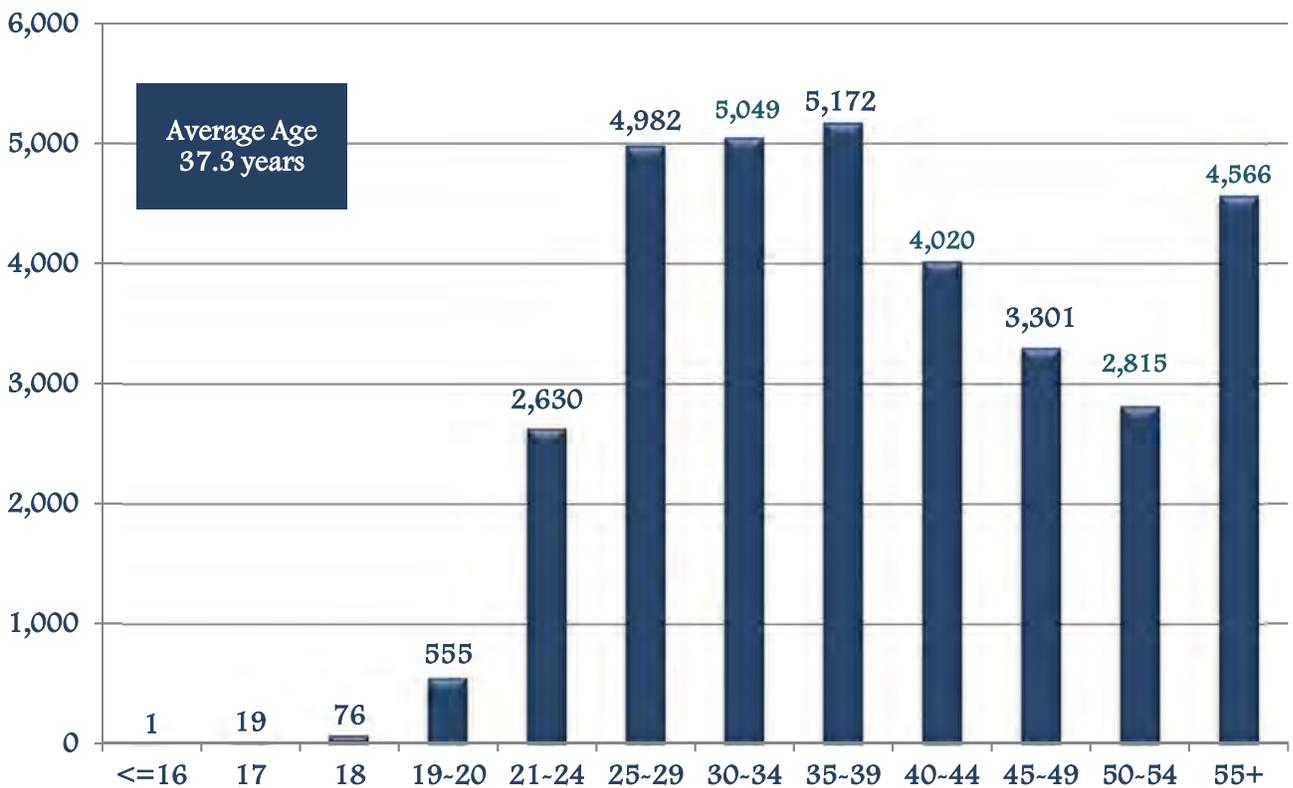
**Figure 3: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Race**



**Figure 4: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Sex**



**Figure 5: Number of Adult Correctional Population by Current Age**



**Table 2: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Crimes**

Crime Committed	Percentage of Longest Sentence	
Violent Crimes	49.8%	56.4%
Drug Crimes	17.6%	16.3%
Property Crimes	13.4%	15.7%
Sex Nonviolent	5.9%	5.7%
All Other Crimes	13.3%	5.9%

**Table 3: Number and Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Average Maximum Years Sentenced**

Category	Number of Inmates in Total Population	Average Maximum Sentence in Total Population
Total Population	33,186	17.2%
Parole Eligible	12,213	15.4%
Dim Sent Eligible	10,830	16.9%

*Note: Includes life computer as 21 years and death as 13 years*

Category	Number of Inmates in State Facilities	Average Percentage of Sentence in State Facilities	Number of Inmates in Local Population	Average Percentage of Maximum in Local Population
Total Population	15,072	25.5%	18,114	10.0%
Parole Eligible	4,278	27.0%	7,935	9.2%
Dim Sent Eligible	3,893	27.3%	6,937	11.0%

*Note: Includes life computed as 21 years and death as 13 years*

**Table 4: Number and Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Maximum Years Sentenced**

Years	Number of Inmates in Total Population	Percentage of Total Population
0 - 2	1,692	5.1%
3 - 4	2,600	7.8%
5 - 6	4,423	13.3%
7 - 10	6,868	20.7%
11 - 16	4,075	12.3%
17 - 20	2,515	7.6%
>20 (Fixed Term)	6,010	18.1%
Life	4,931	14.9%
Death	69	0.2%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	3	0.0%

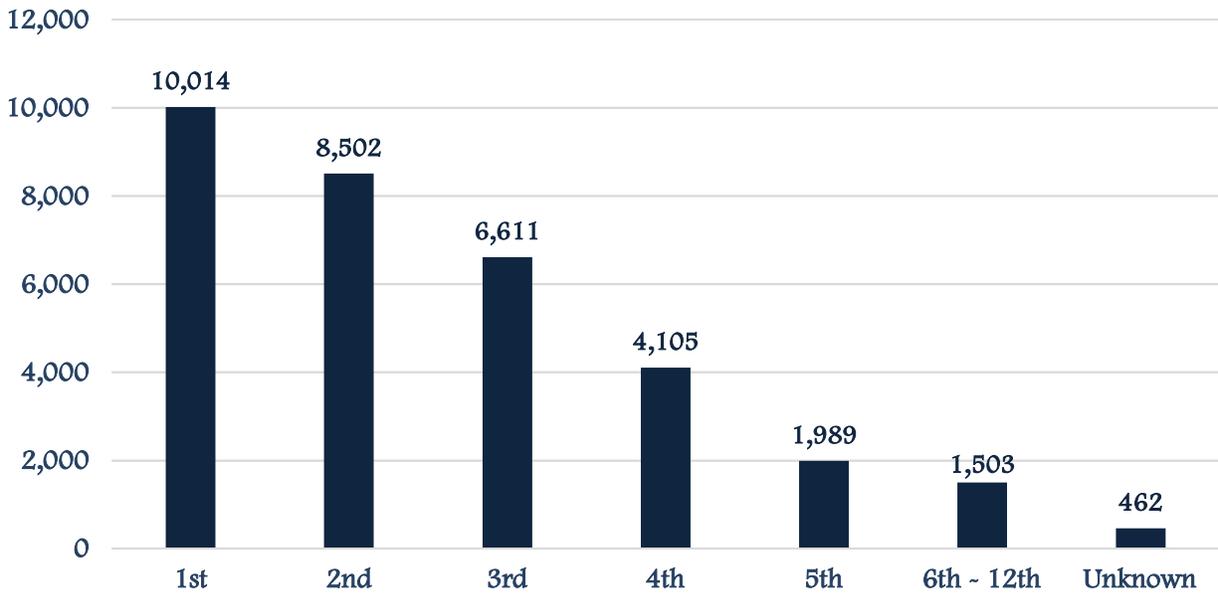
*Average Sentence Length: 16.5 years*

**Table 5: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Time Served**

Time Served by Years	Percent of Population
0 – 5 years	64.2%
6 – 10 years	14.5%
11 – 15 years	6.9%
16 – 20 years	5.9%
21 +	7.7%
unknown	0.8%

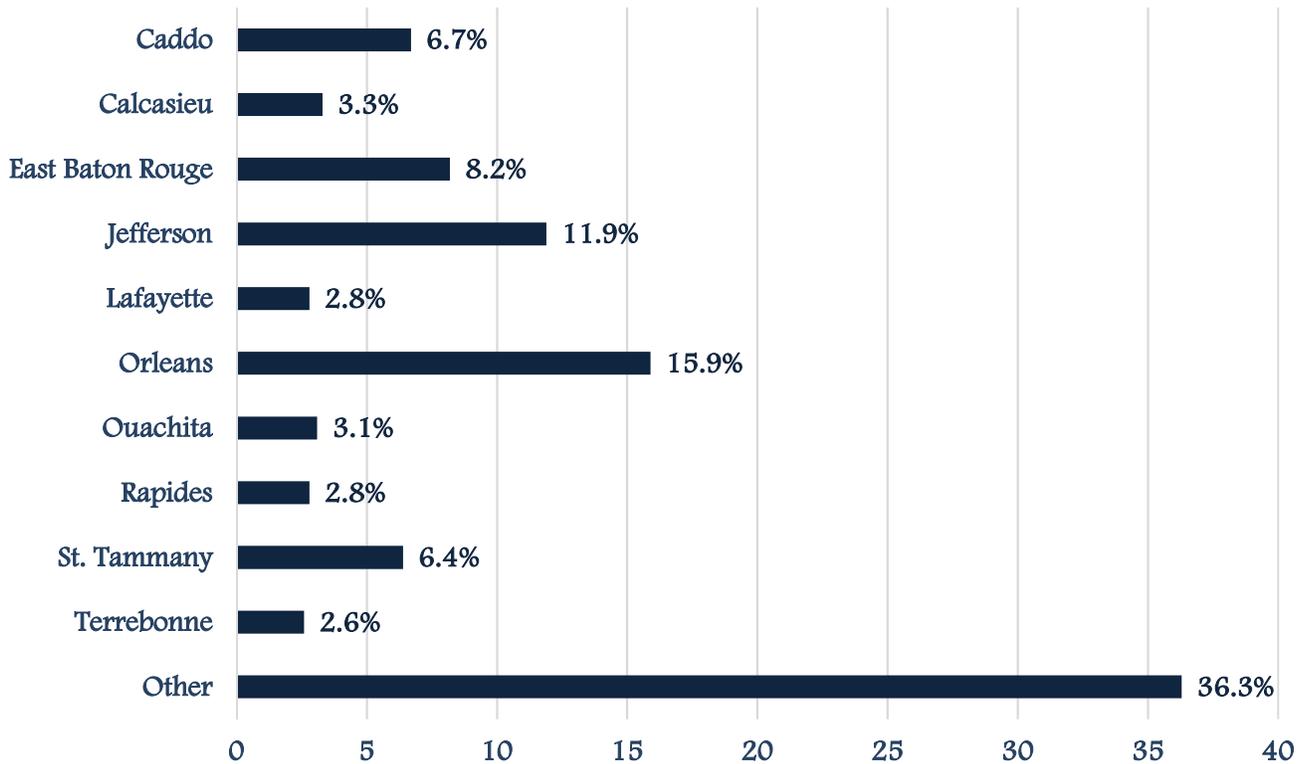
*Average Time Served: 6.26 years*

**Figure 6: Number of Adult Correctional Population by Offender Class\***



\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

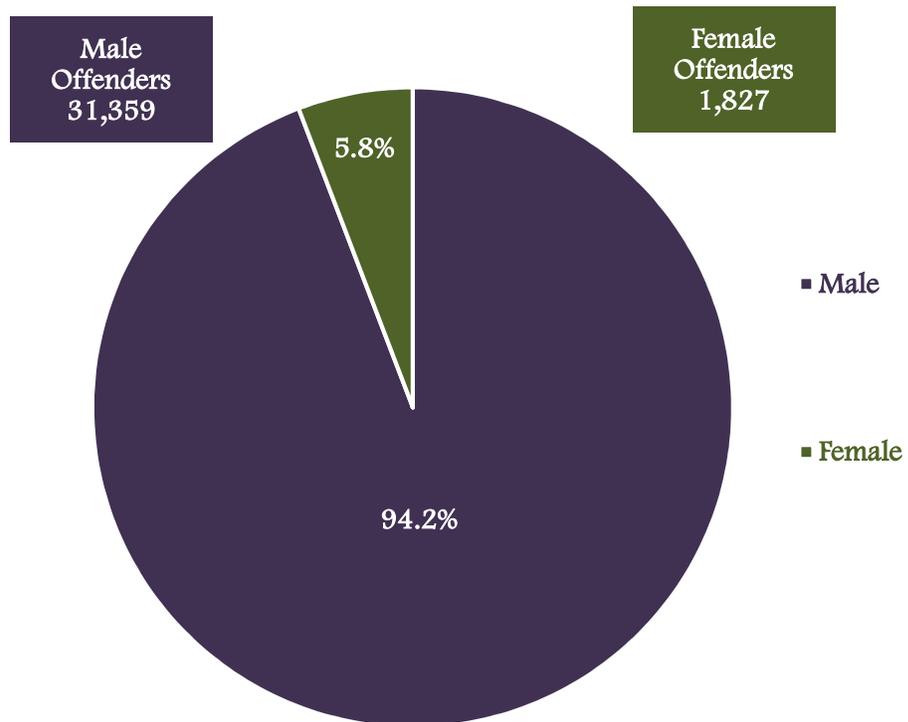
**Figure 7: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population by Parish of Commitment**



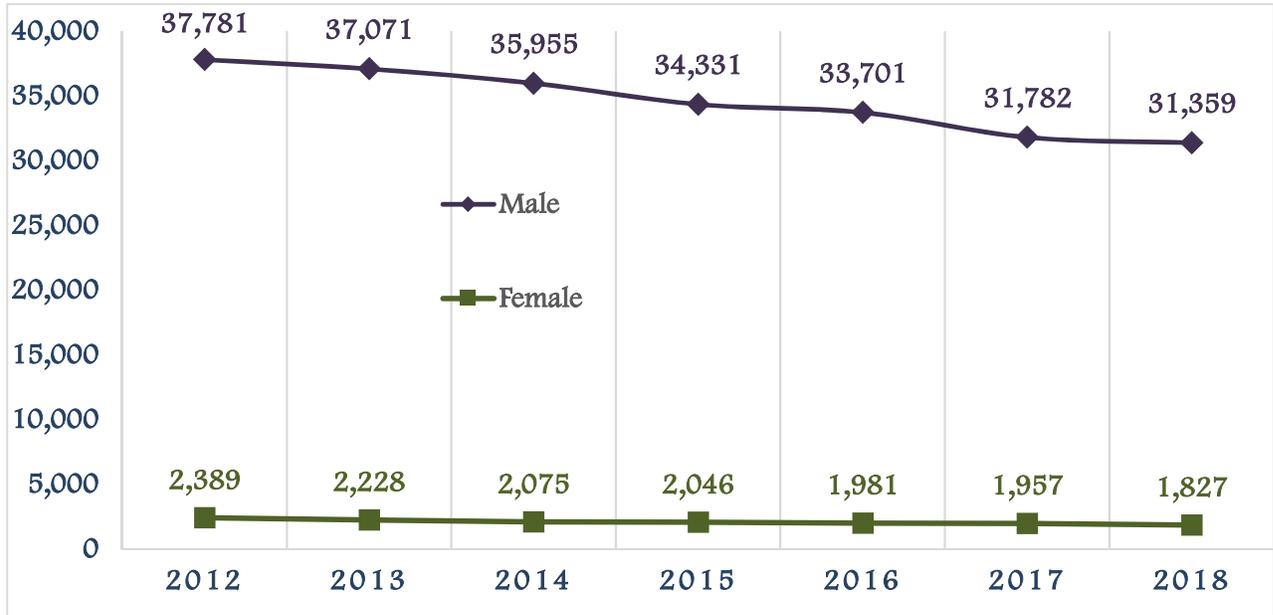
#### 4. Demographic Profiles of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population

There were 31,359 male offenders and 1,827 females offenders in the custody of the state correction system.

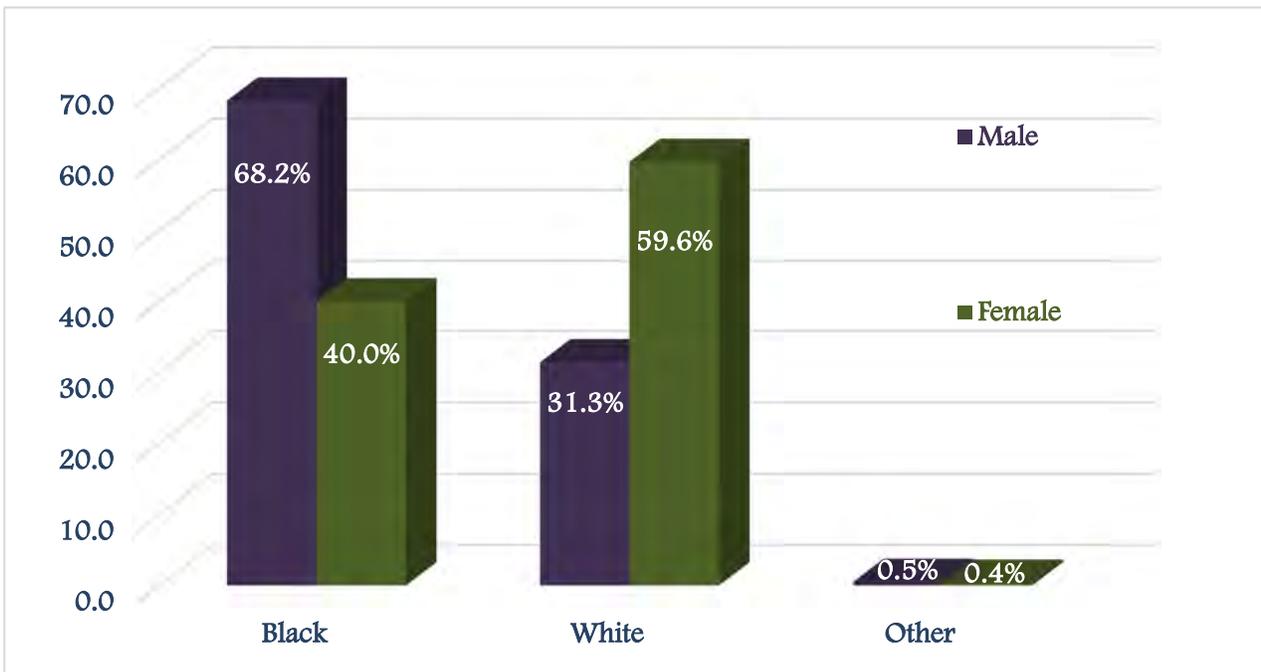
Figure 8: Number and Percentage of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population



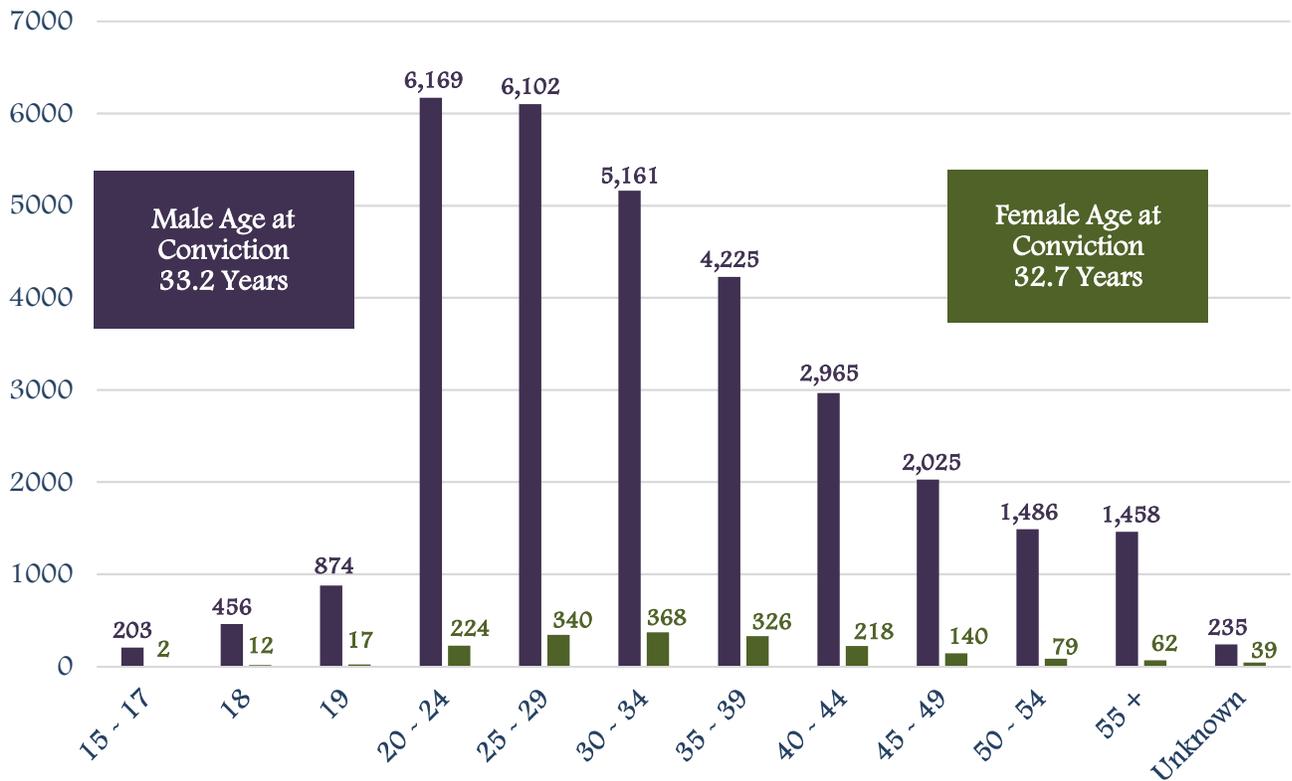
**Figure 9: Trend of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population for 2012 ~ 2018**



**Figure 10: Percentage of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Race**



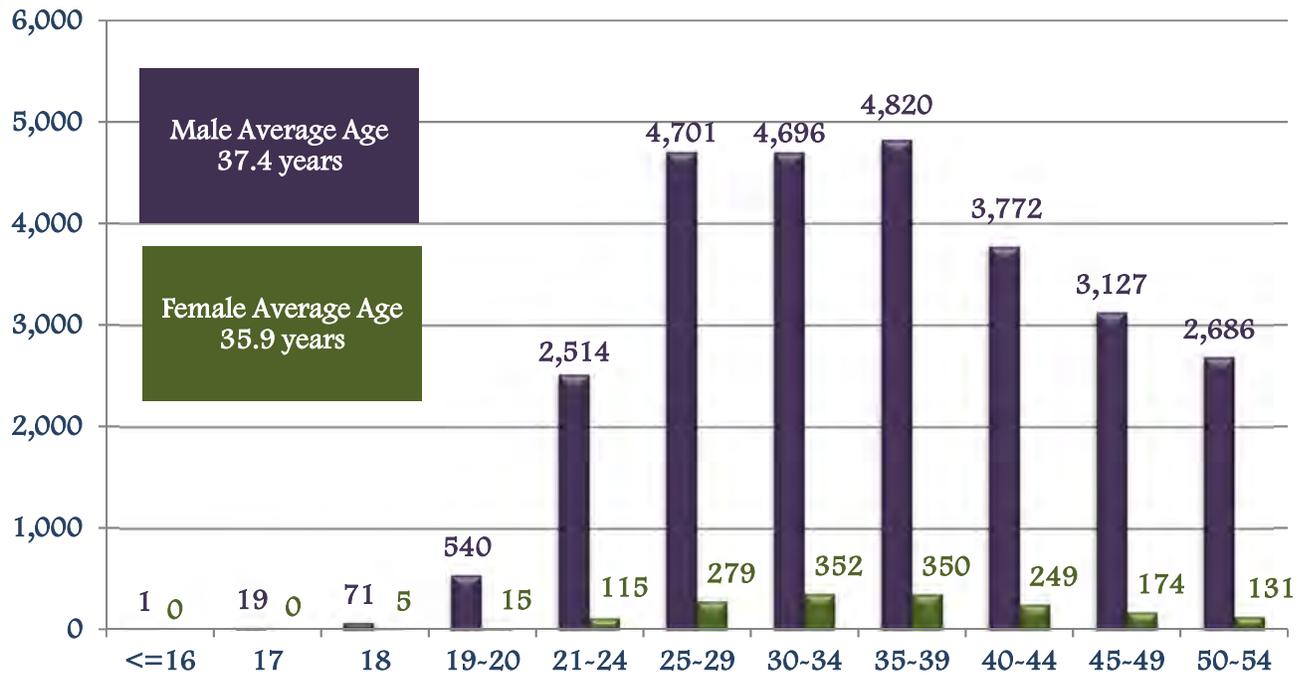
**Figure 11: Number of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Conviction Age**



**Table 6: Percentage of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Crimes**

Most Serious Crime Committed	Percent of Male Population	Percent of Female Population
Violent Crimes	57.1%	44.7%
Drug Crimes	15.8%	23.6%
Property Crimes	15.3%	23.8%
Sex Nonviolent	5.8%	2.4%
All Other Crimes	6.0%	5.6%

**Figure 12: Number of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Average Age**



**Table 7: Number and Percentage of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Average Maximum Years Sentenced**

Maximum Years Sentenced	Number of Male Offenders	Percentage of Male Offenders	Number of Female Offenders	Percentage of Female Offenders
0 - 2	1,480	4.7%	158	8.6%
3 - 4	2,300	7.3%	294	16.1%
5 - 6	4,067	13.0%	355	19.4%
7 - 10	6,509	20.8%	362	19.8%
11 - 16	3,917	12.5%	160	8.8%
17 - 20	2,415	7.7%	102	5.6%
>20 (Fixed Term)	5,811	18.5%	205	11.2%
Life	4,791	15.3%	146	8.0%
Death	69	0.2%	1	0.1%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0	0.0%	44	2.4%

*Average Sentence Length: 16.8 years*

*Average Sentence Length: 11.5 years*

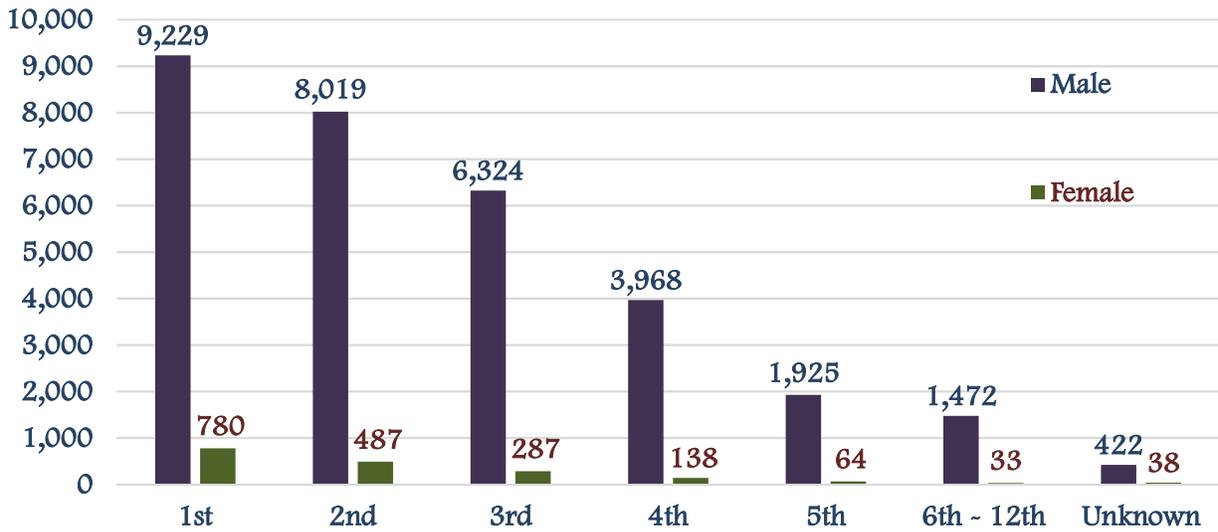
**Table 8: Percentage of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Male Offenders	Percent of Female Offenders
0 – 5	63.3%	78.6%
6 – 10	14.9%	8.4%
11 – 15	7.0%	4.6%
16 – 20	6.1%	3.2%
21 +	7.9%	3.1%
Unknown	0.8%	2.1%

*Average Time Served Male Population: 6.42 Years*

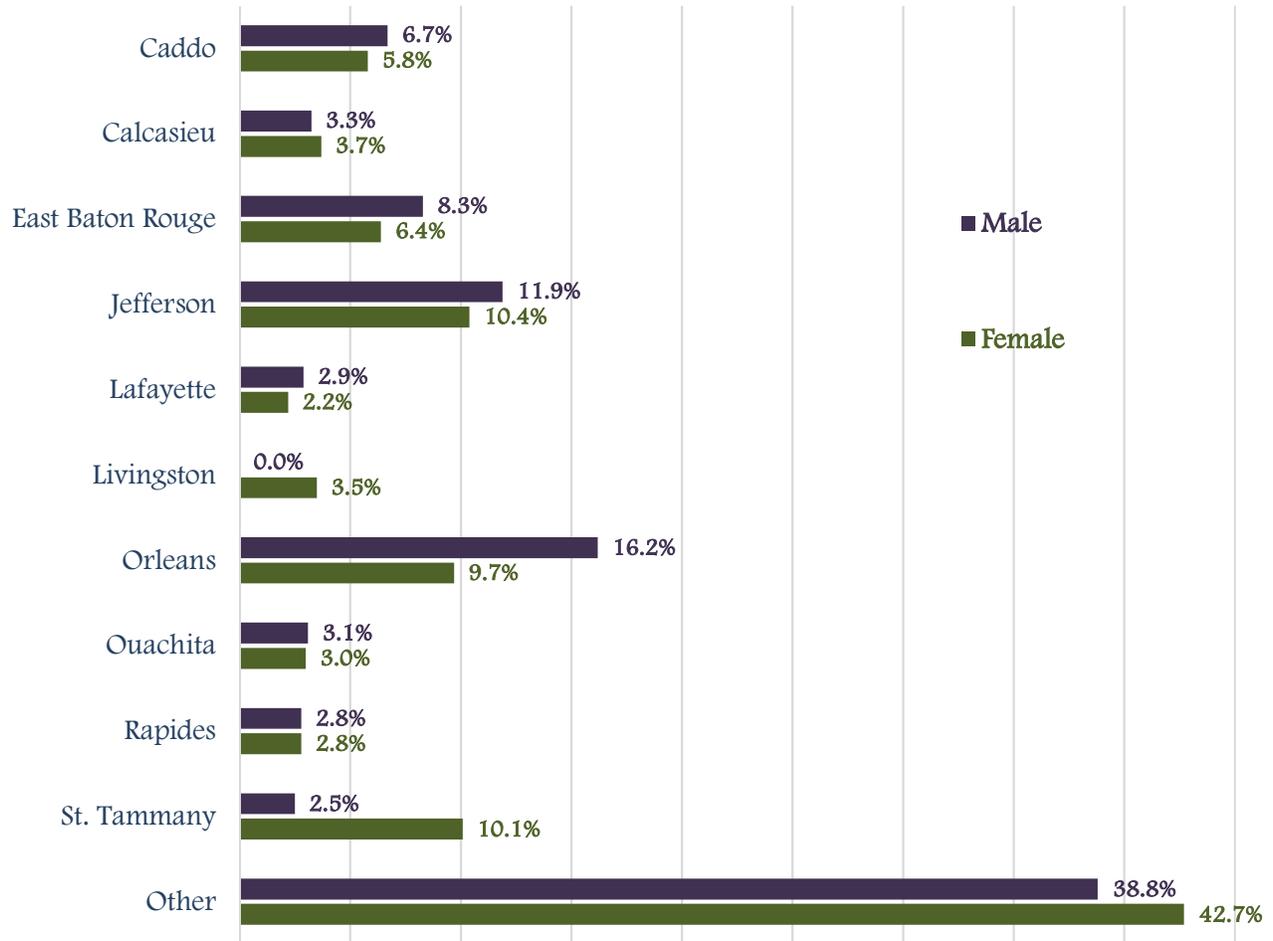
*Average Time Served Female Population: 6.24 Years*

**Figure 13: Number of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Offender Class\***



\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

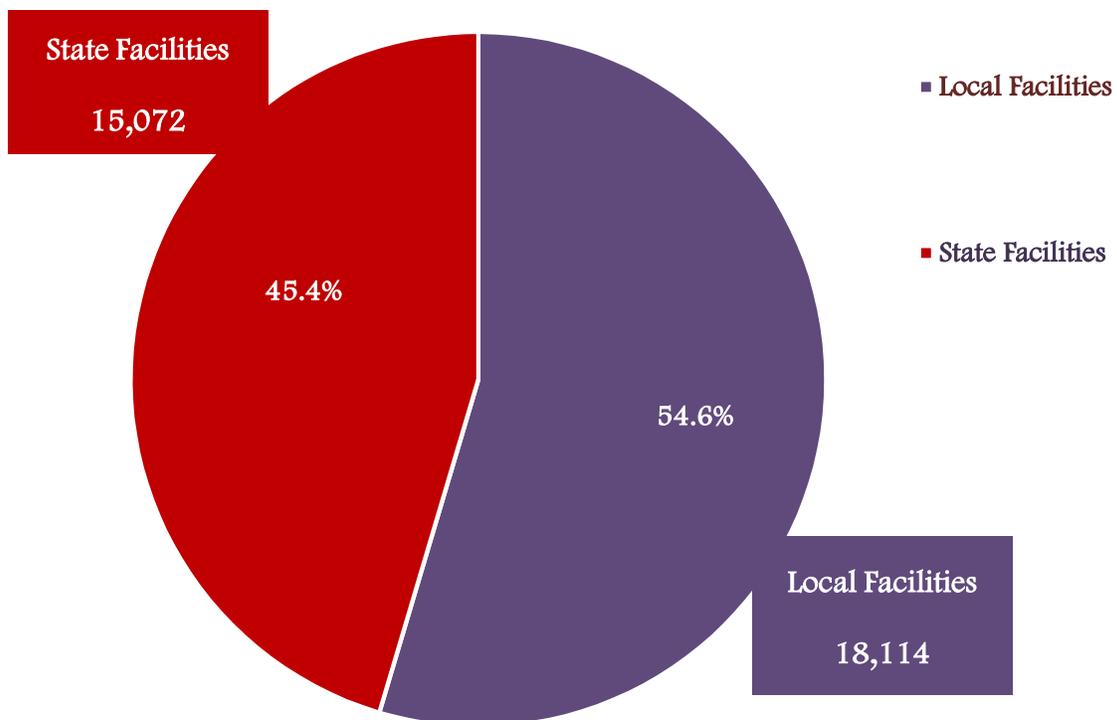
**Figure 14: Percentage of Adult Male and Female Correctional Population by Parish of Commitment**



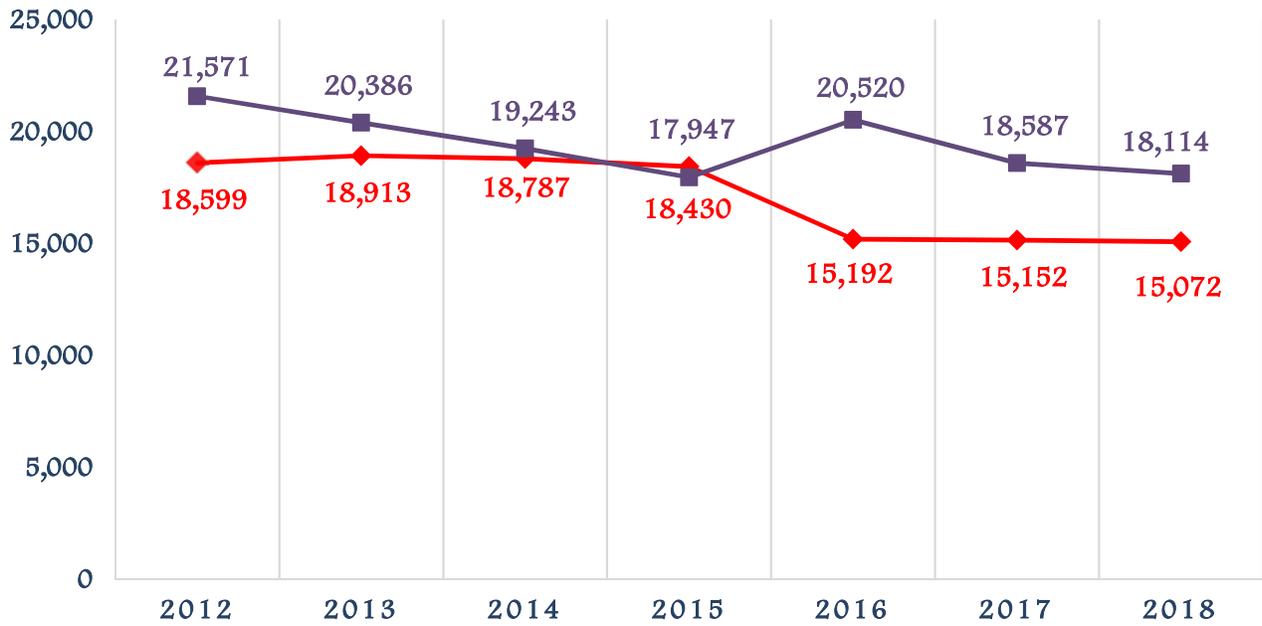
## 5. Demographic Profiles of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities

There were 15,072 offenders in state facilities and 18,114 offenders in local facilities. Local facilities total includes all offenders housed in Transitional Work Programs.

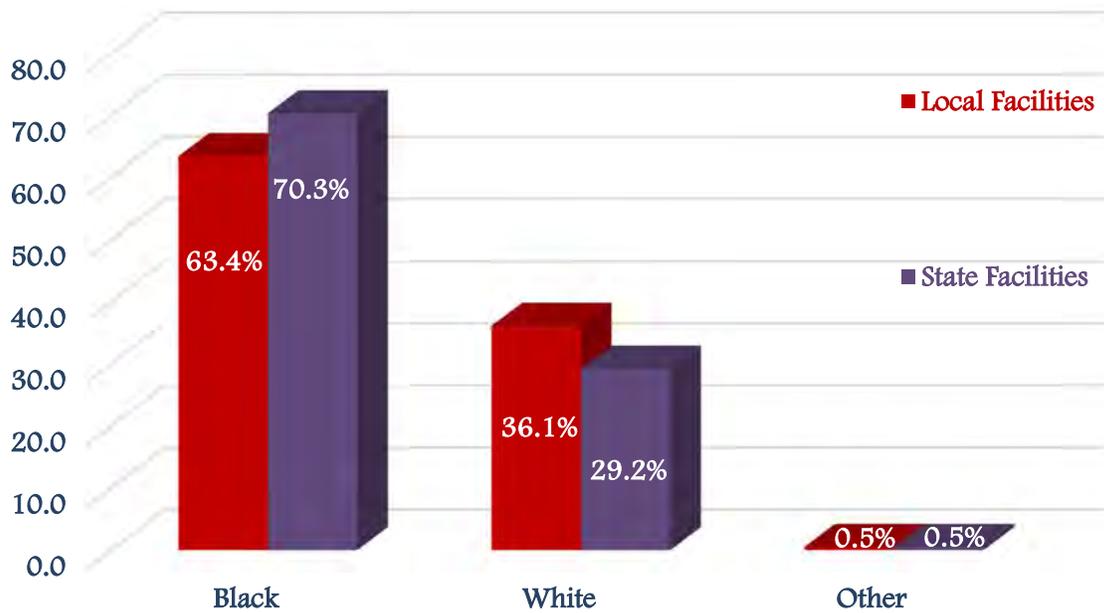
Figure 15: Number and Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities



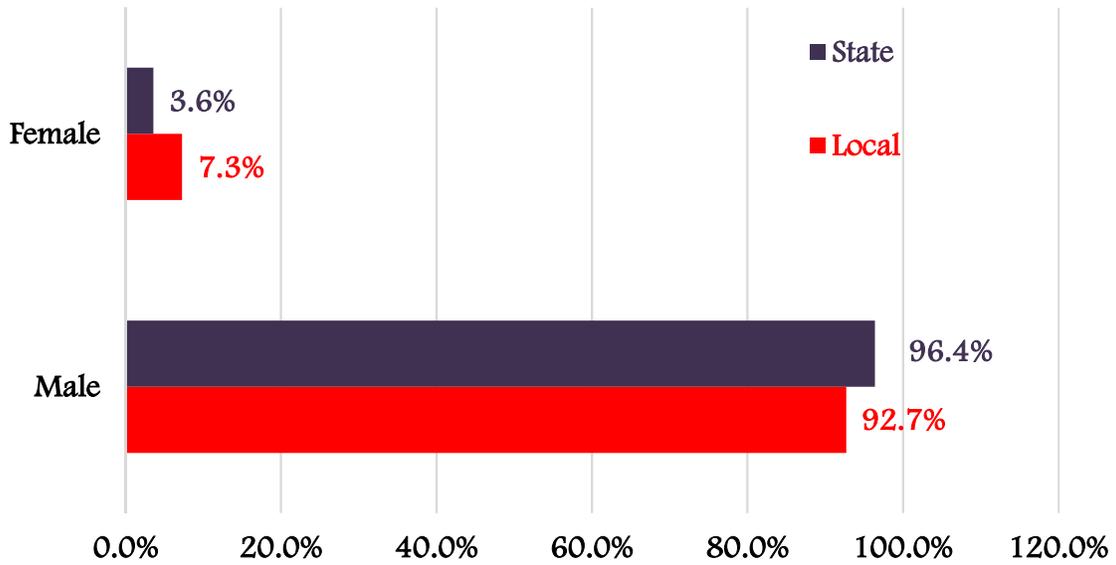
**Figure 16: Trend of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities for 2012 - 2018**



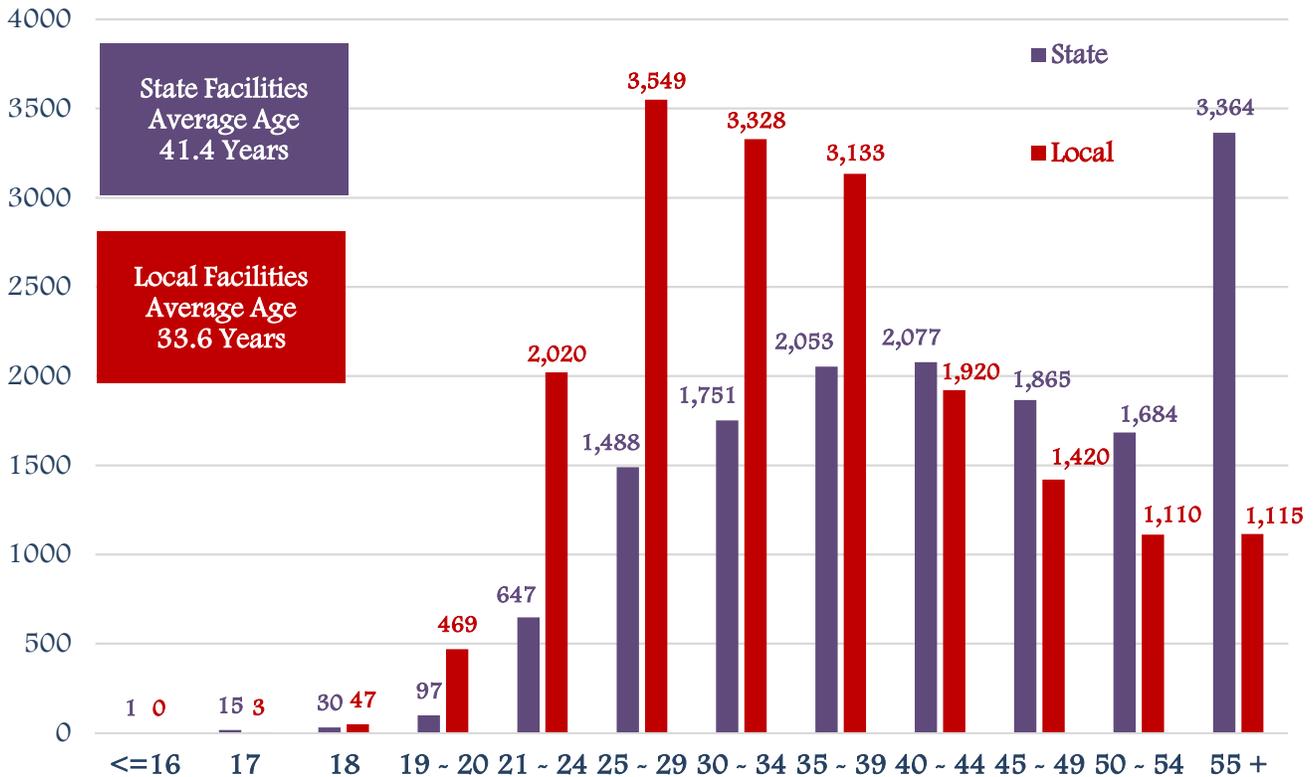
**Figure 17: Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Race**



**Figure 18: Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Sex**



**Figure 19: Number of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Current Age and Facility**



**Table 9: Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Crimes**

Most Serious Crime Committed	State Facilities		Local Facilities	
	Longest Sentence	Most Serious Offense	Longest Sentence	Most Serious Offense
Violent Crimes	71.5%	76.4%	30.6%	39.0%
Drug Crimes	9.4%	8.4%	24.8%	23.0%
Property Crimes	6.5%	7.2%	19.5%	23.2%
Sex Nonviolent	5.8%	5.2%	6.0%	6.2%
All Other Crimes	6.8%	2.8%	19.1%	8.6%

**Table 10: Number and Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Average Maximum Years Sentenced**

Maximum Years Sentenced	Number of Offenders in State Facilities	Percent of Offenders in State Facilities	Number of Offenders in Local Facilities	Percent of Offenders in Local Facilities
0 - 2	181	1.2%	1,468	8.1%
3 - 4	235	1.6%	2,401	13.3%
5 - 6	717	4.8%	3,778	20.9%
7 - 10	1,836	12.2%	5,132	28.3%
11 - 16	1,435	9.5%	2,679	14.8%
17 - 20	1,283	8.5%	1,228	6.8%
>20 (Fixed Term)	4,532	30.1%	1,404	7.8%
Life	4,784	31.7%	24	0.0%
Death	69	0.5%	0	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0	0.0%	0	0.0%

*Average Sentence Length for State Facilities: 16.8 Years*

*Average Sentence Length for Local Facilities: 9.9 Years*

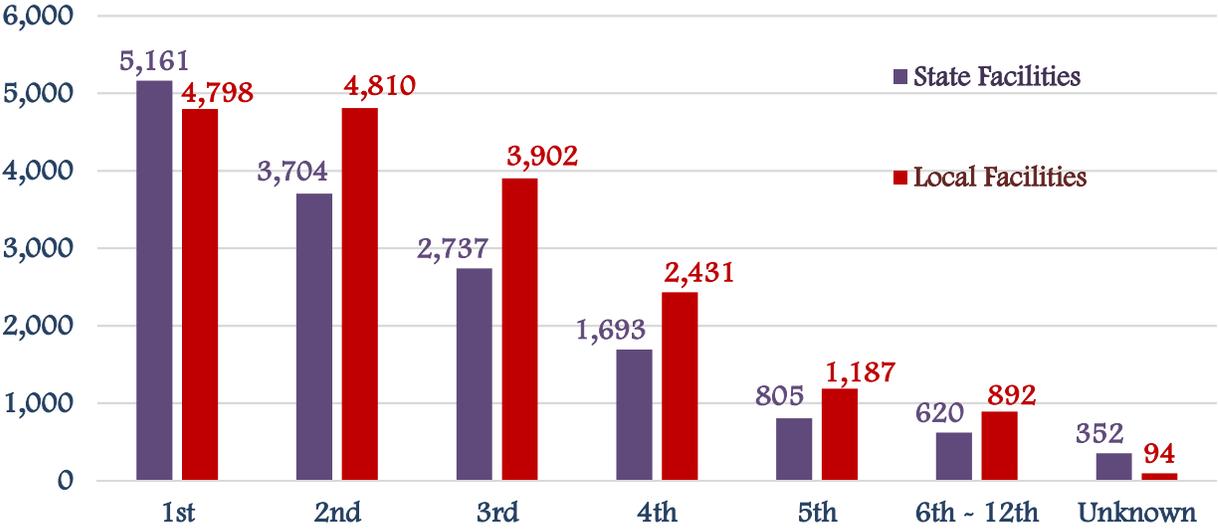
**Table 11: Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of State Facilities	Percent of Local Facilities
0 – 5	40.4%	85.2%
6 – 10	20.6%	9.1%
11 – 15	11.3%	2.8%
16 – 20	10.6%	1.5%
21 +	15.7%	0.4%
Unknown	1.4%	1.0%

*Average Time Served:  
10.6 Years*

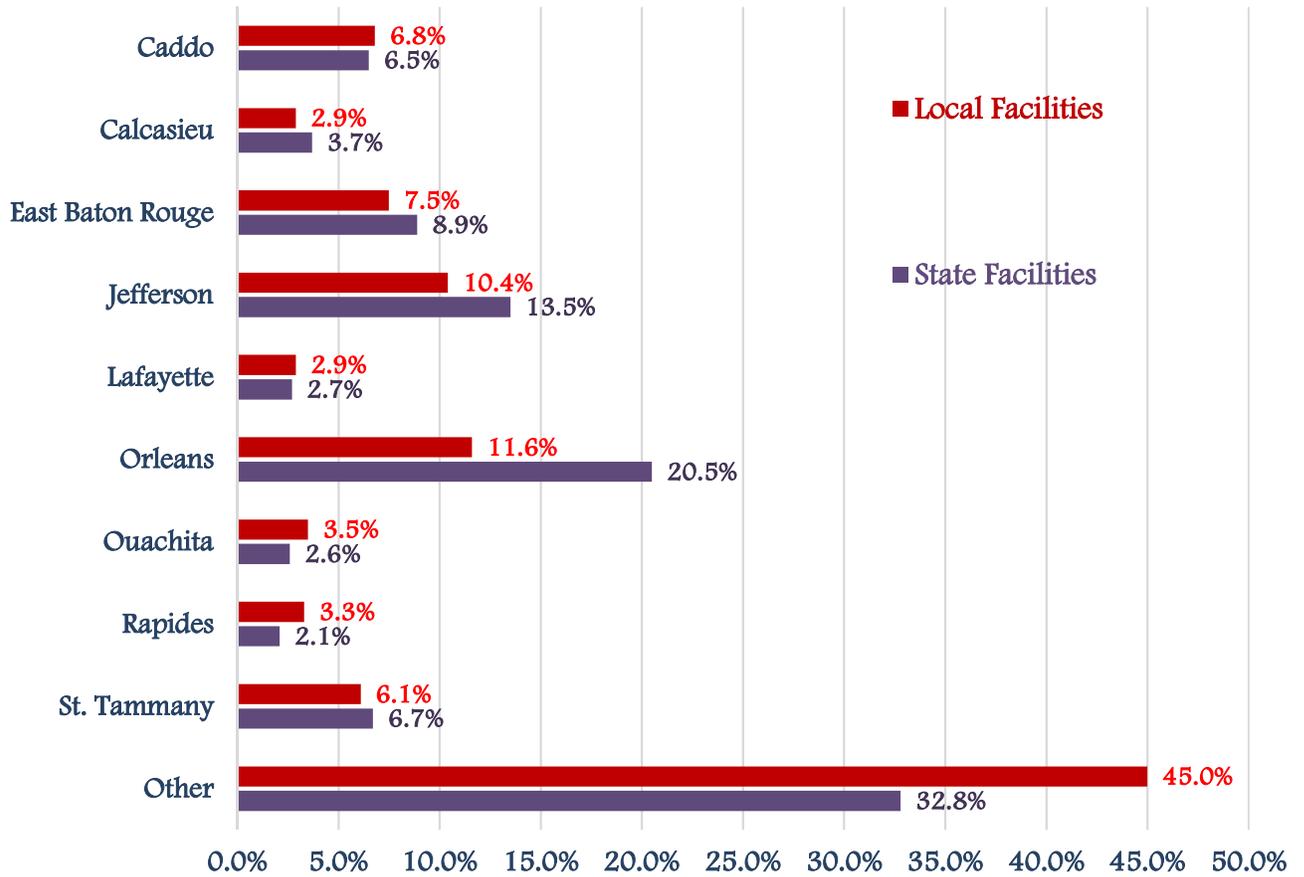
*Average Time Served:  
2.30 Years*

**Figure 20: Number of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Offender Class\***



\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

**Figure 21: Percentage of Adult Offenders Housed in State and Local Facilities by Parish of Commitment**

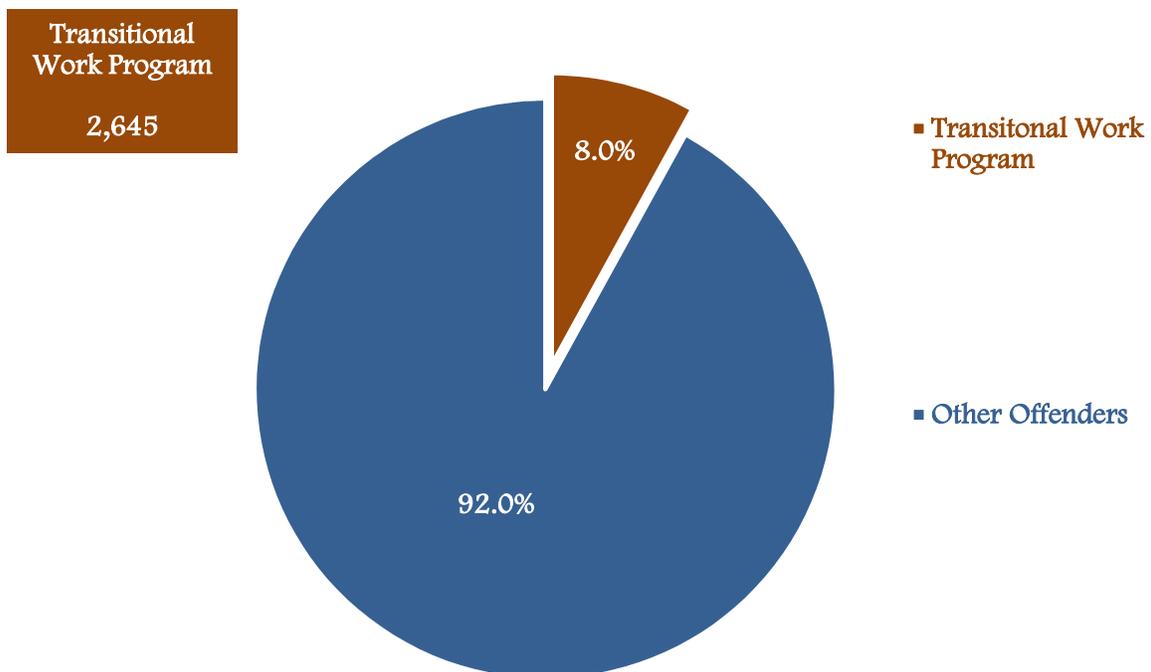


## 6. Demographic Profiles of Adult Offenders in Transitional Work Program (TWP)

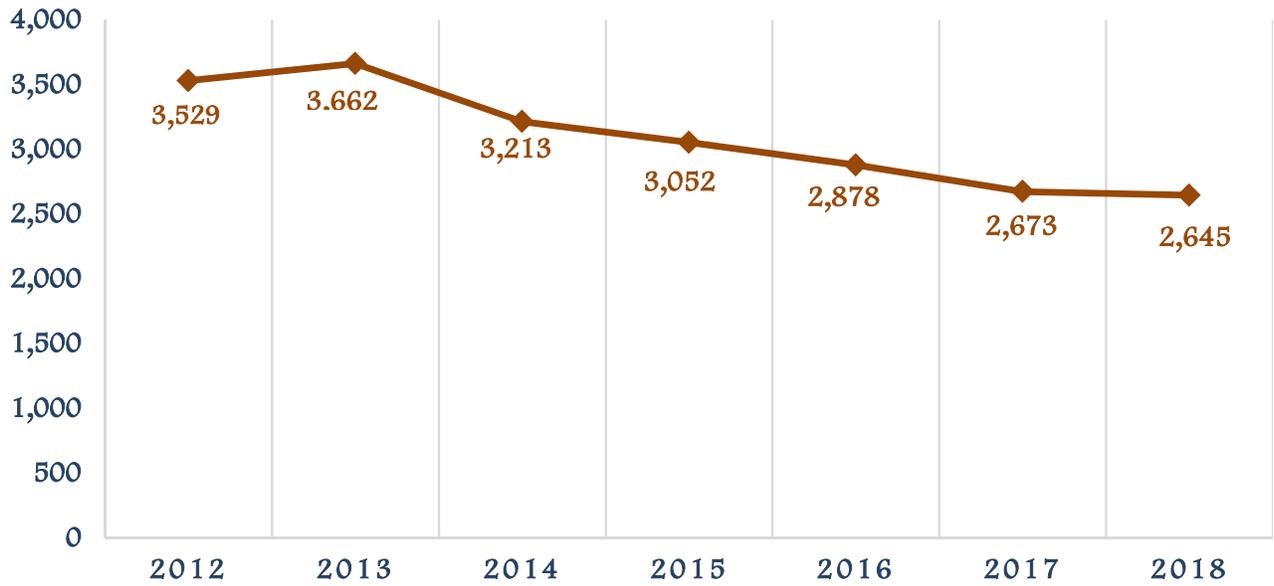
There were 2,645 offenders in transitional work programs.

Transitional Work Program (TWP) is for offenders that can enter this program from six months to four years prior to release from incarceration, depending on the offense of conviction. Generally, sex offenders are precluded from participation in the transitional work program. Offenders that are approved for the program are required to work at an approved job and when not working they must return to the structured environment of the assigned facility. Probation and Parole Officers are assigned monitoring responsibilities for contract TWP's. This may include conducting random drug screens and random shakedowns of the facility. TWP's are successful in assisting an offender with making the transition from prison back into the work force. Approximately 10 to 20 percent of offenders remain with their employer upon release. The TWP is also utilized as a valuable alternative for technical parole violators, in lieu of returning them to prison. Benefits of TWP's are placement of an offender in a TWP is much more cost effective than traditional incarceration. Offenders become taxpayers, not tax consumers and are able to pay victim restitution, child support, court costs and fines. A long-range reentry objective involves increasing the TWP beds.

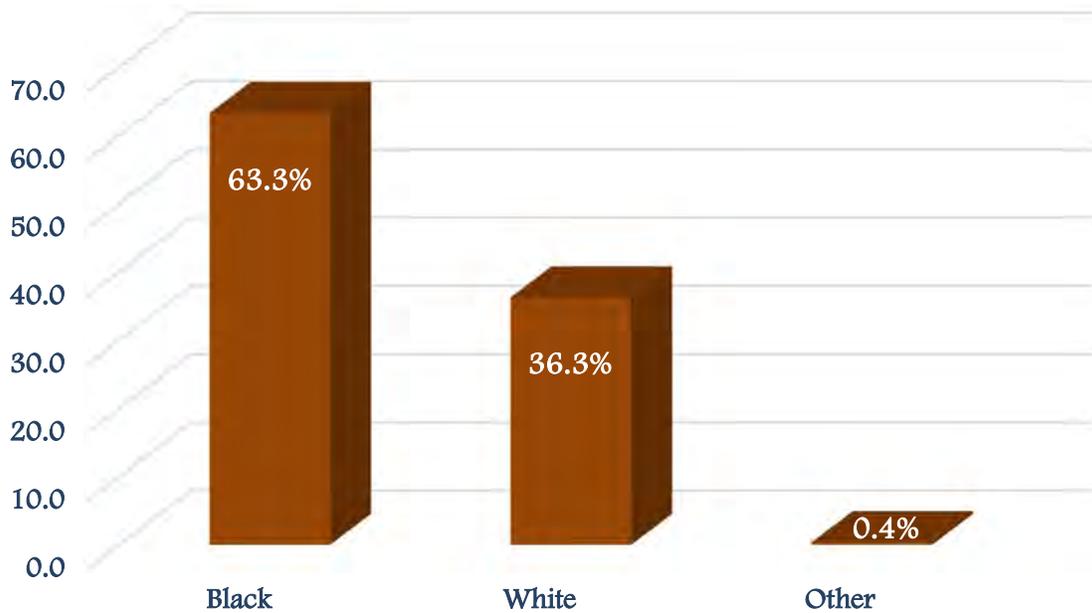
Figure 15: Number and Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP



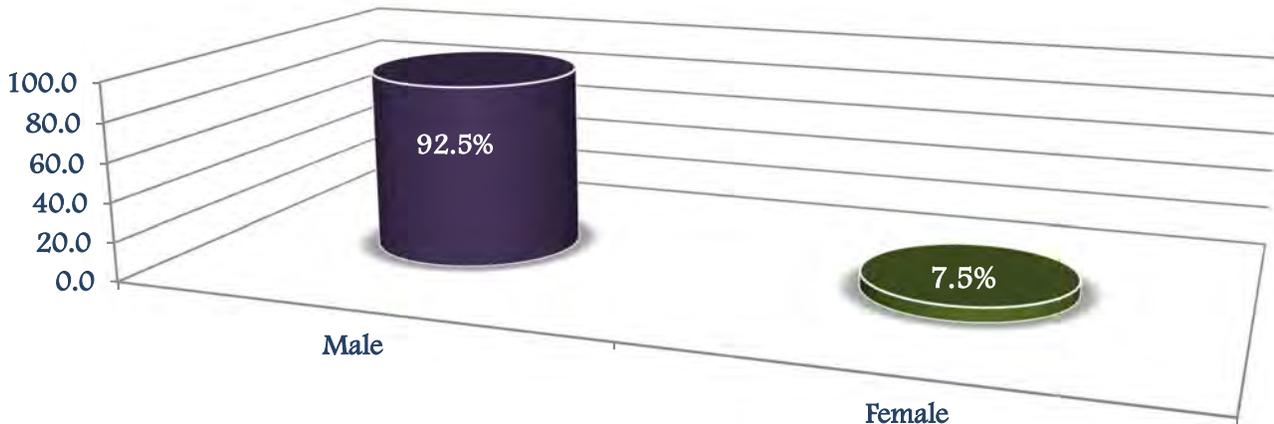
**Figure 16: Trend of Adult Offenders in TWP for 2012 - 2018**



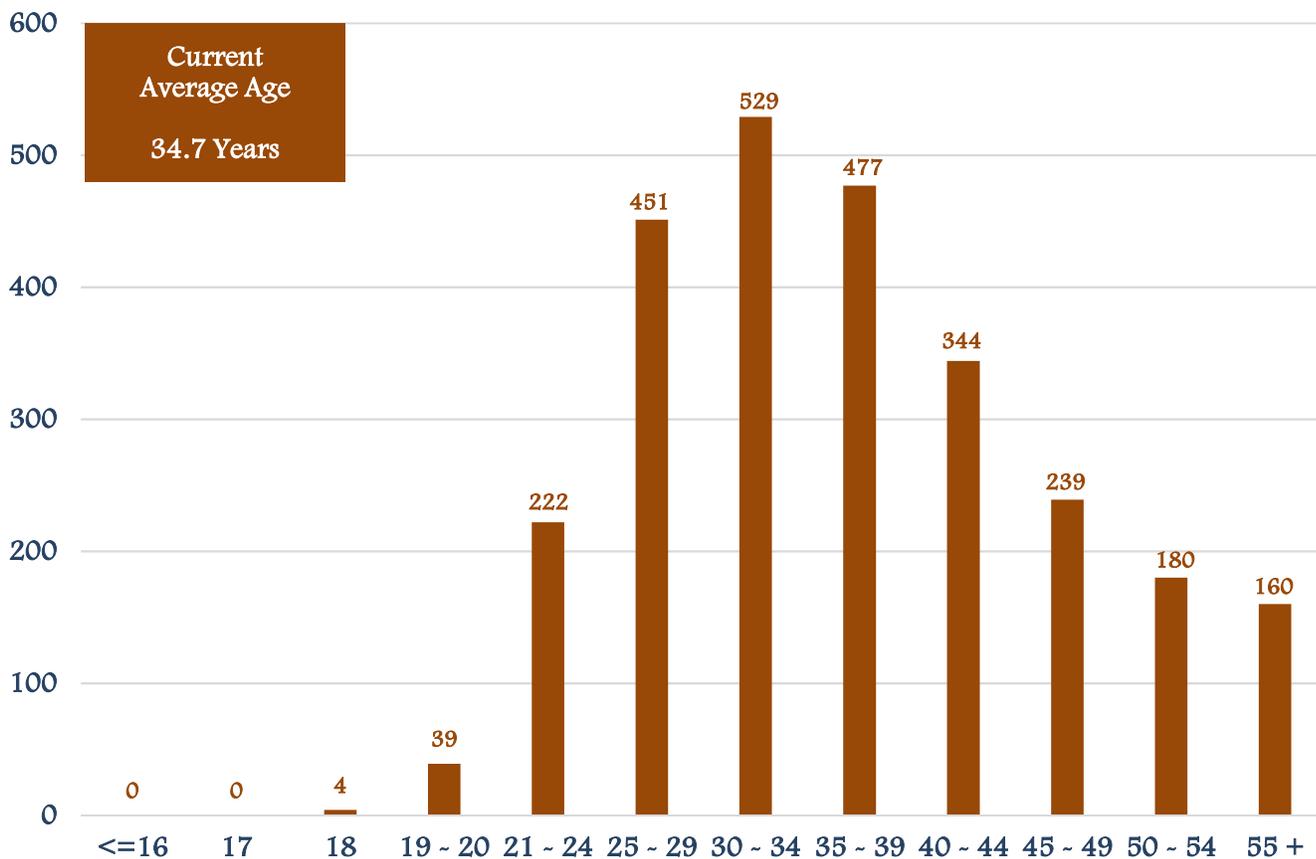
**Figure 17: Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP by Race**



**Figure 18: Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP by Sex**



**Figure 19: Number of Adult Offenders in TWP by Current Age**



**Table 12: Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP by Crimes**

Most Serious Crime Committed	Longest Sentence	Most Serious Offense
Violent Crimes	22.8%	31.0%
Drug Crimes	34.7%	33.1%
Property Crimes	20.0%	25.7%
All Other Crimes	22.5%	10.2%

**Table 13: Number and Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP by Average Maximum Years Sentenced**

Maximum Years Sentenced to be Served	Number of Offenders in Transitional Work Program	Percent of Offenders in Transitional Work Program
0 ~ 2	56	2.1%
3 ~ 4	303	11.5%
5 ~ 6	632	23.9%
7 ~ 10	996	37.7%
11 ~ 16	437	16.5%
17 ~ 20	114	4.3%
>20 (Fixed Term)	107	4.0%
Life	0	0.0%
Death	0	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0	0.0%

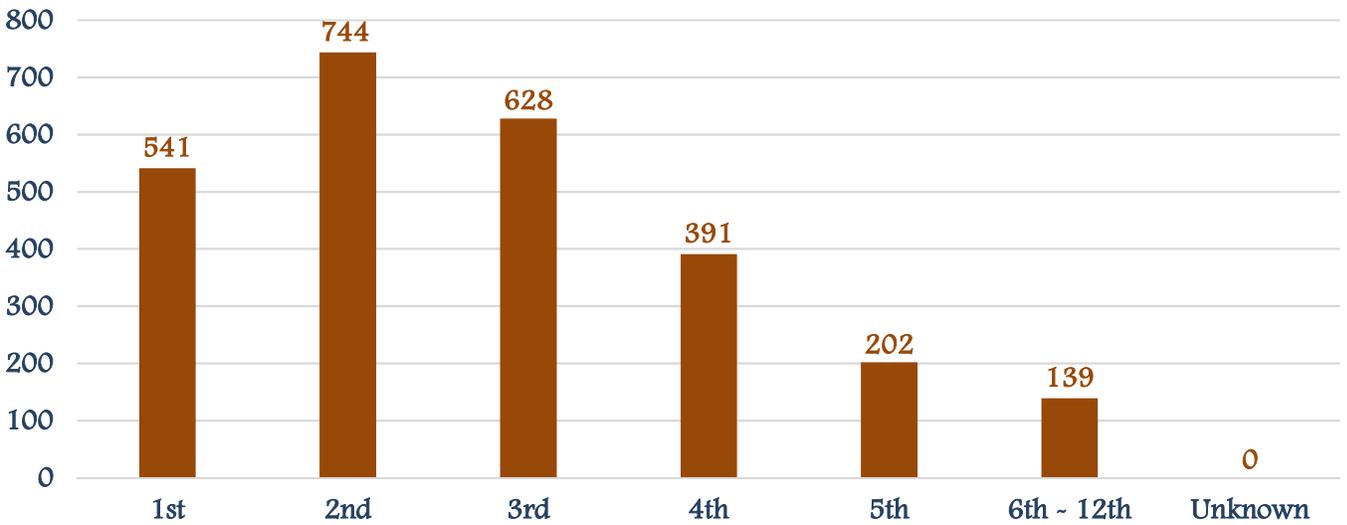
*Average Sentence Length for Transitional Work Program:  
9.2 Years*

**Table 14: Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Transitional Work Program
0 – 5	90.8%
6 – 10	6.1%
11 – 15	1.7%
16 – 20	1.1%
21 +	0.2%
Unknown	0.1%

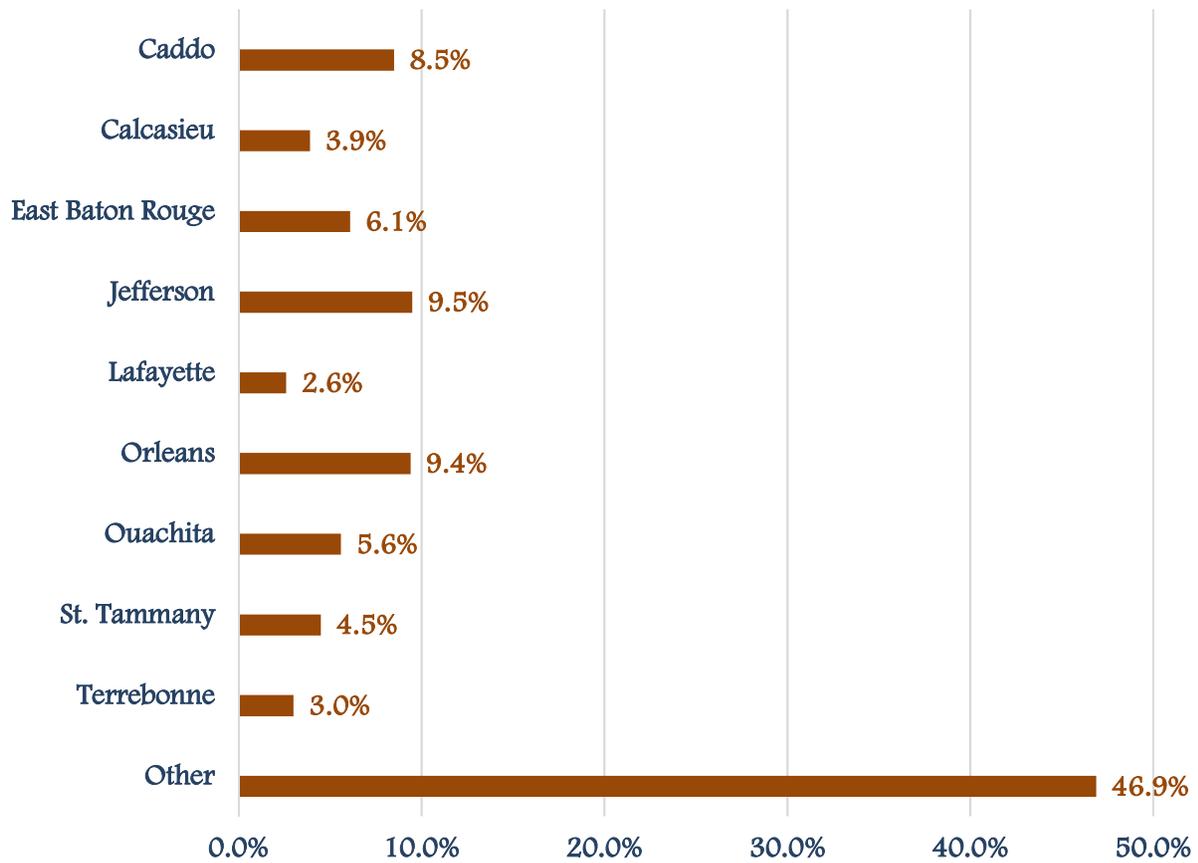
*Average Time Served:  
1.94 Years*

**Figure 20: Number of Adult Offenders in TWP by Offender Class\***



*\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.*

**Figure 21: Percentage of Adult Offenders in TWP by Parish of Commitment**

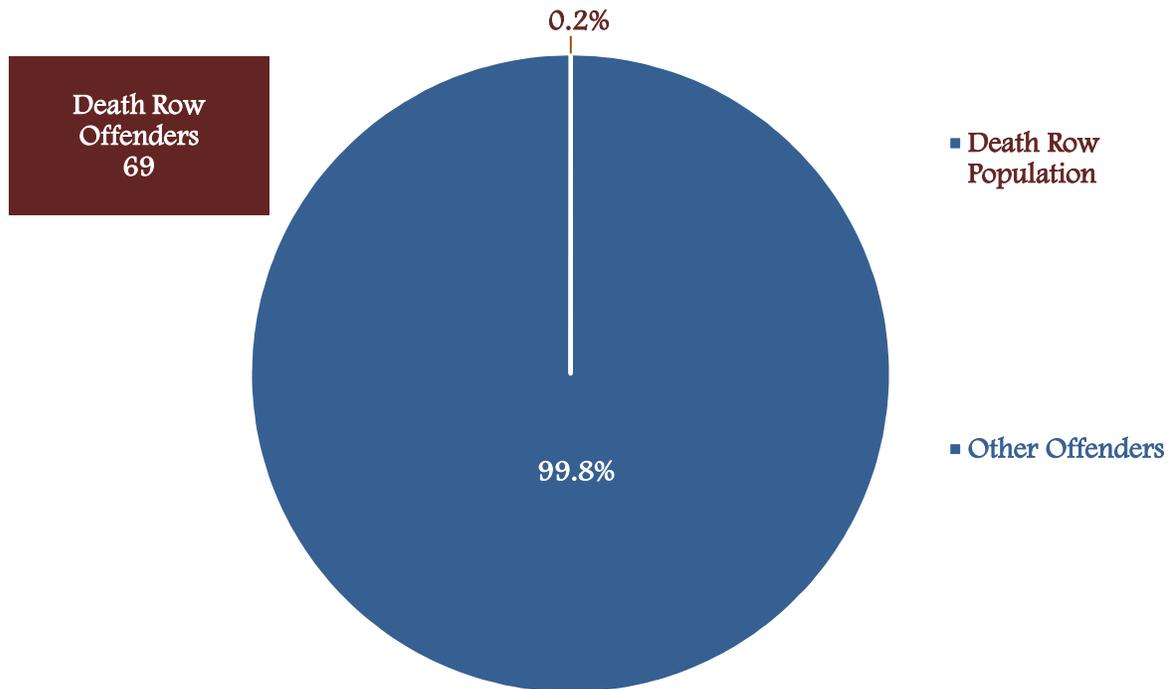


## 7. Demographic Profiles of Adult Offenders on Death Row

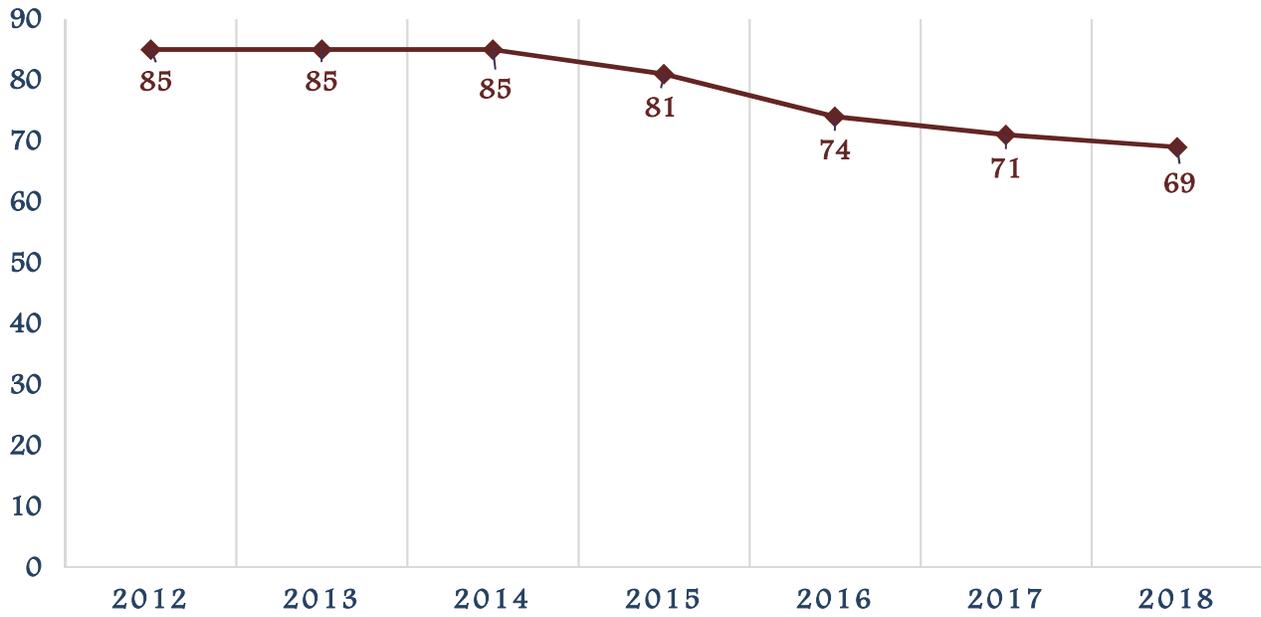
There was 68 adult male offenders and 1 adult female offender incarcerated in state prison facilities, who received death sentences for violent crimes.

Louisiana uses capital punishment (death penalty) as a sentence for some of the most serious crimes. Capital punishment is a government-sanctioned practice where a person is put to death by the state as a punishment for a crime. Crimes that are punishable by capital punishment are known as capital crimes or capital offenses.

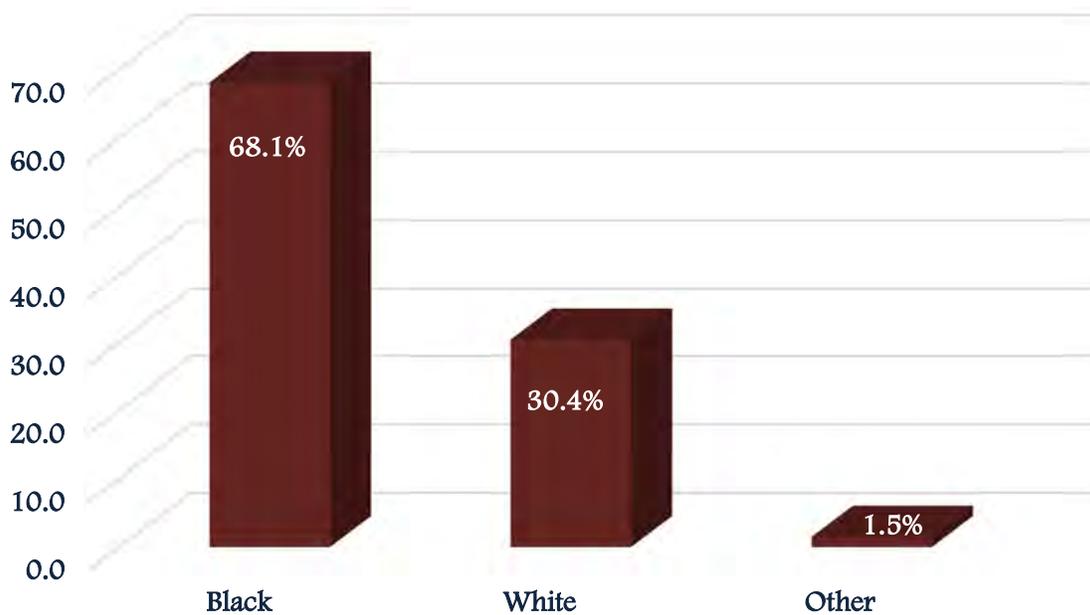
Figure 22: Number and Percentage of Adult Offenders on Death Row



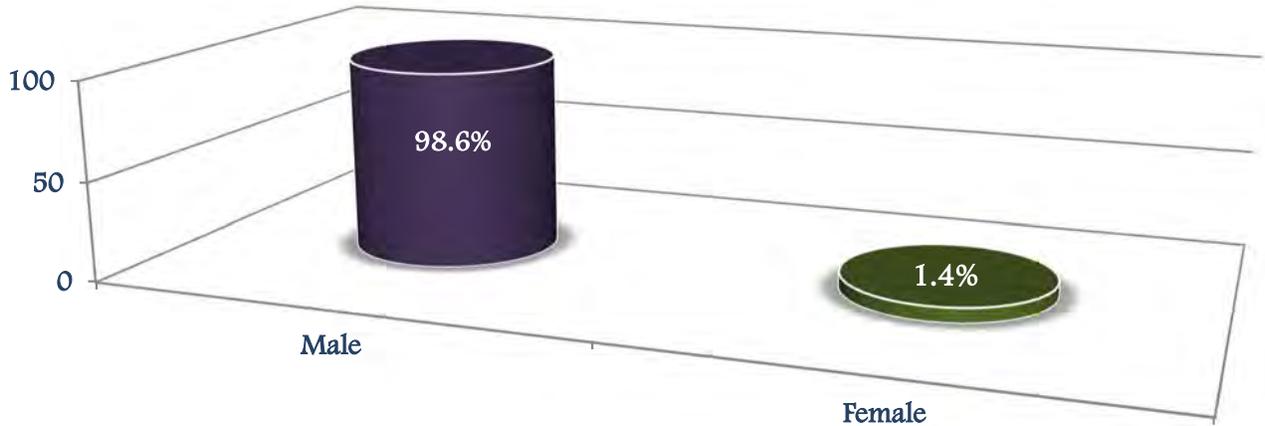
**Figure 23: Trend of Adult Offenders on Death Row for 2012 ~ 2018**



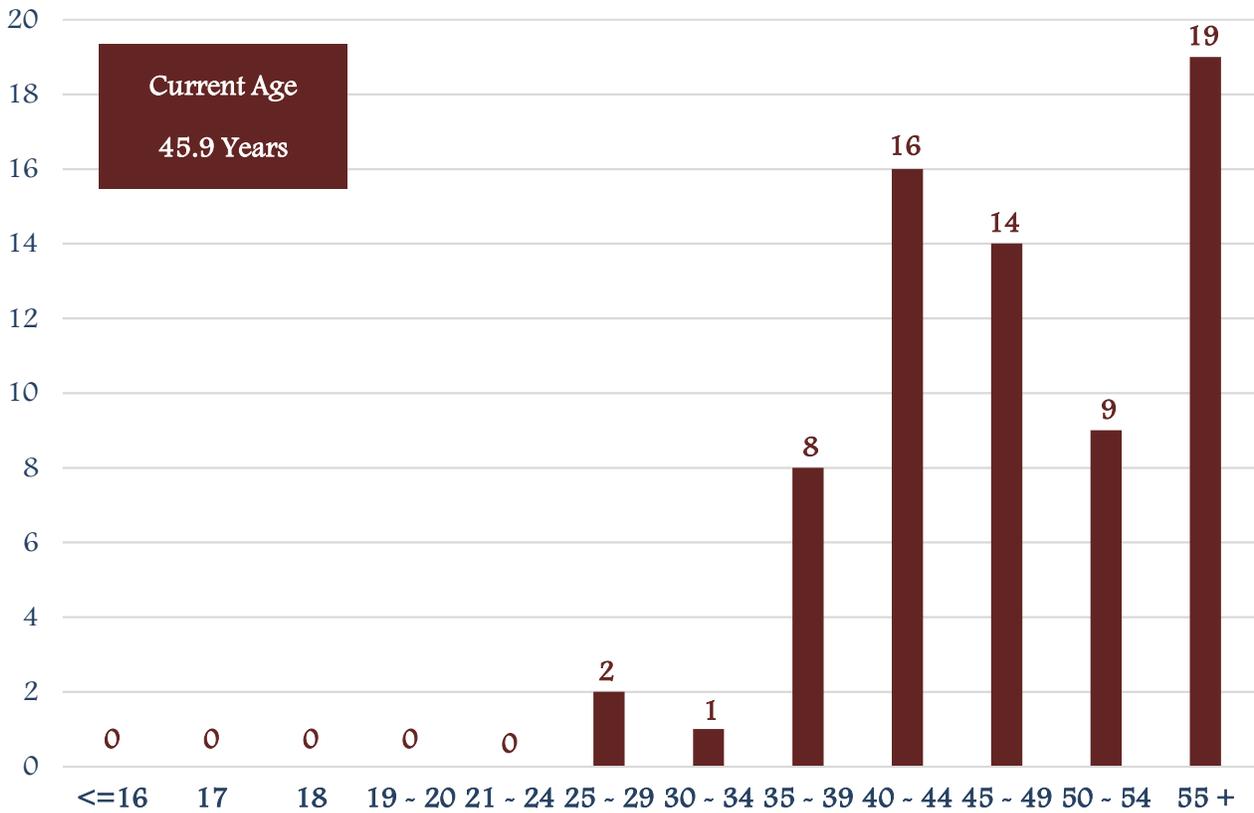
**Figure 24: Percentage of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Race**



**Figure 25: Percentage of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Sex**



**Figure 26: Number of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Current Age**

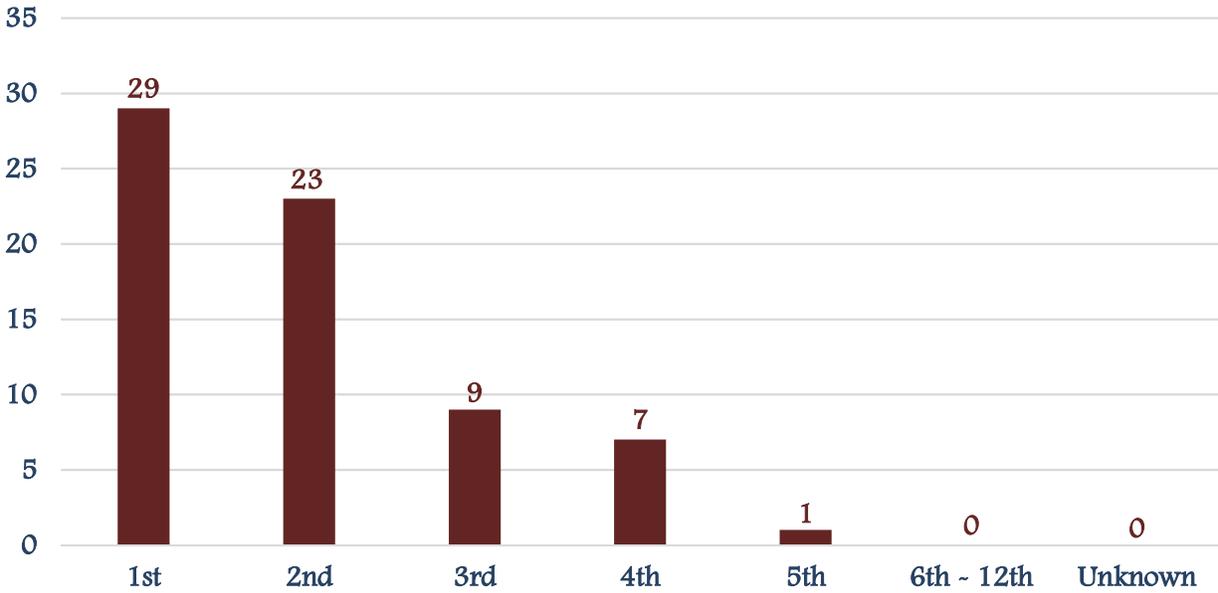


**Table 15: Percentage of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Death Row
0 – 5	4.3%
6 – 10	11.6%
11 – 15	10.1%
16 – 20	36.2%
21 – 30	31.9%
31 +	5.8%
Unknown	0.1%

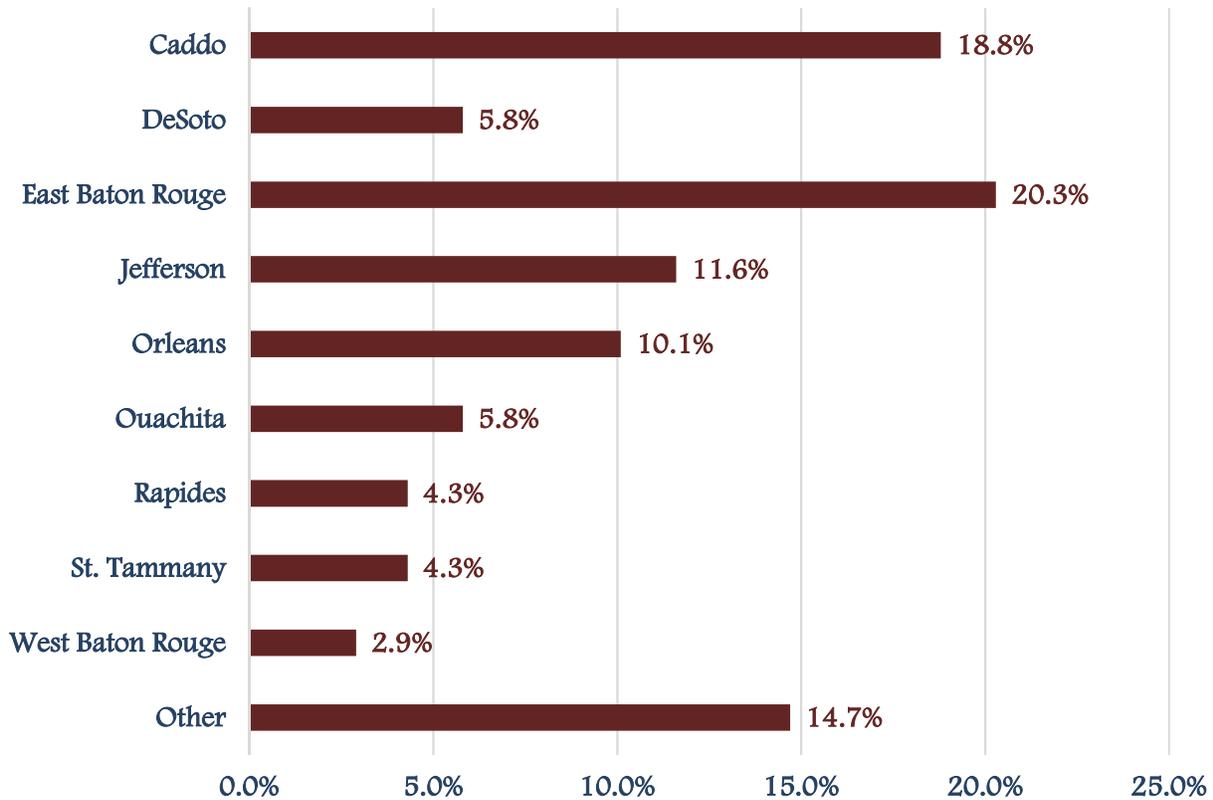
*Average Time Served:  
16.3 Years*

**Figure 27: Number of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Offender Class\***

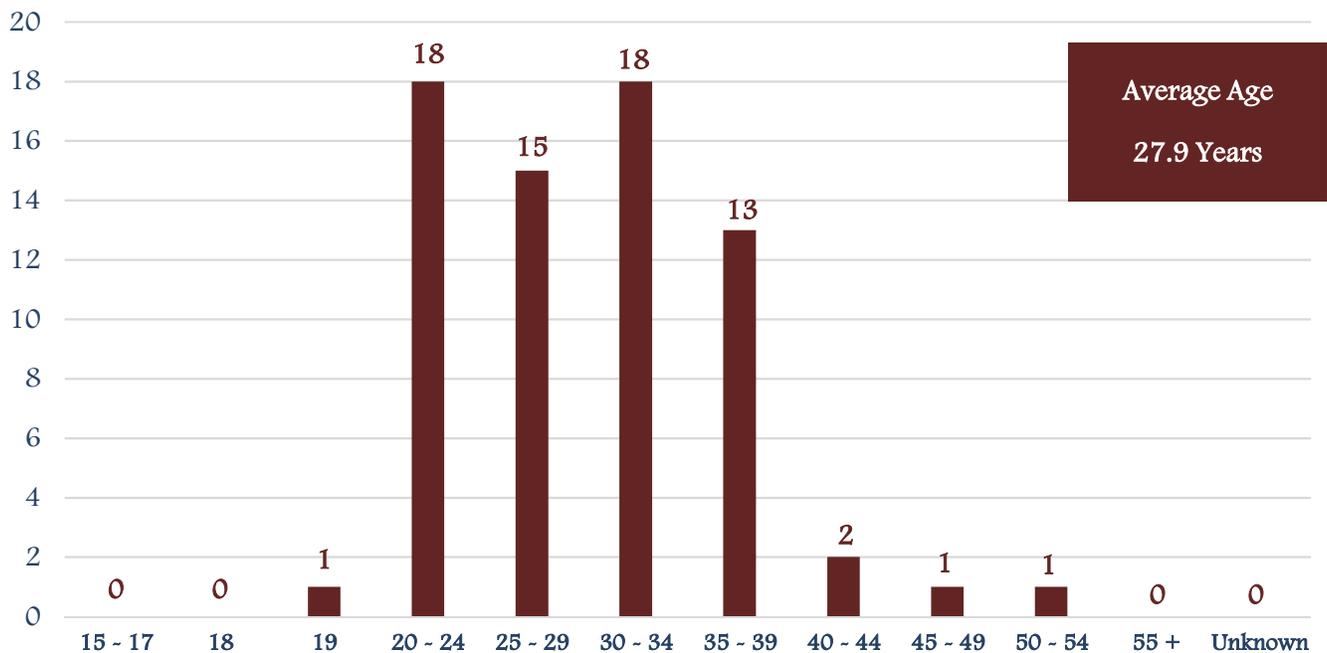


*\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.*

**Figure 28: Percentage of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Parish of Commitment**



**Figure 29: Number of Adult Offenders on Death Row by Conviction Age**

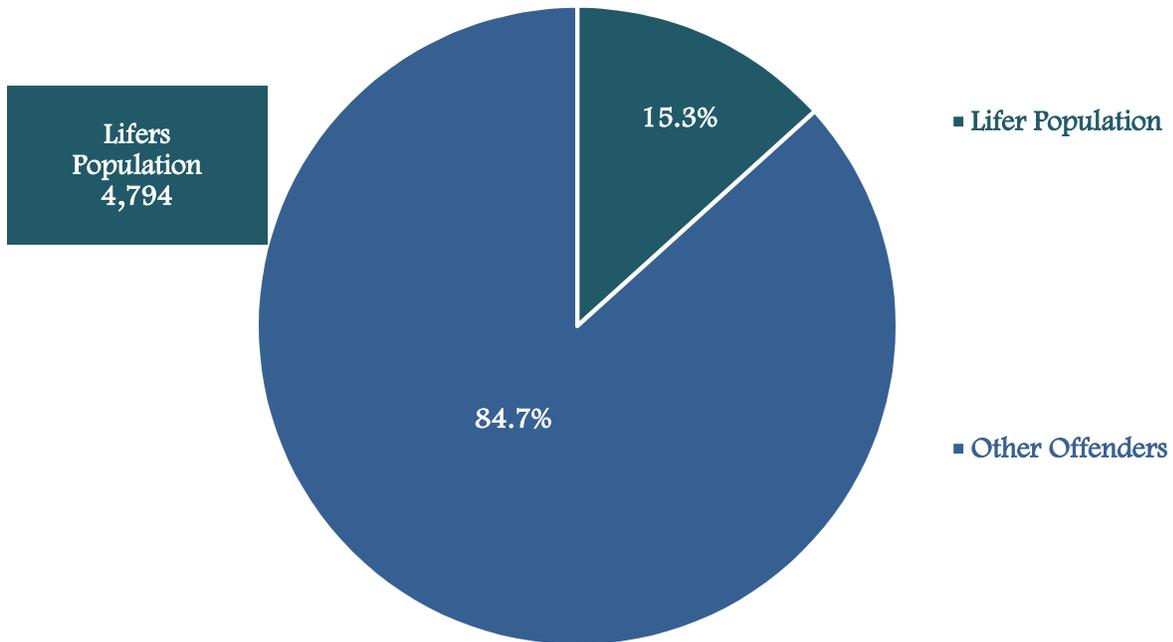


## 8. Demographic Profiles of the Adult Correctional Population of Lifers

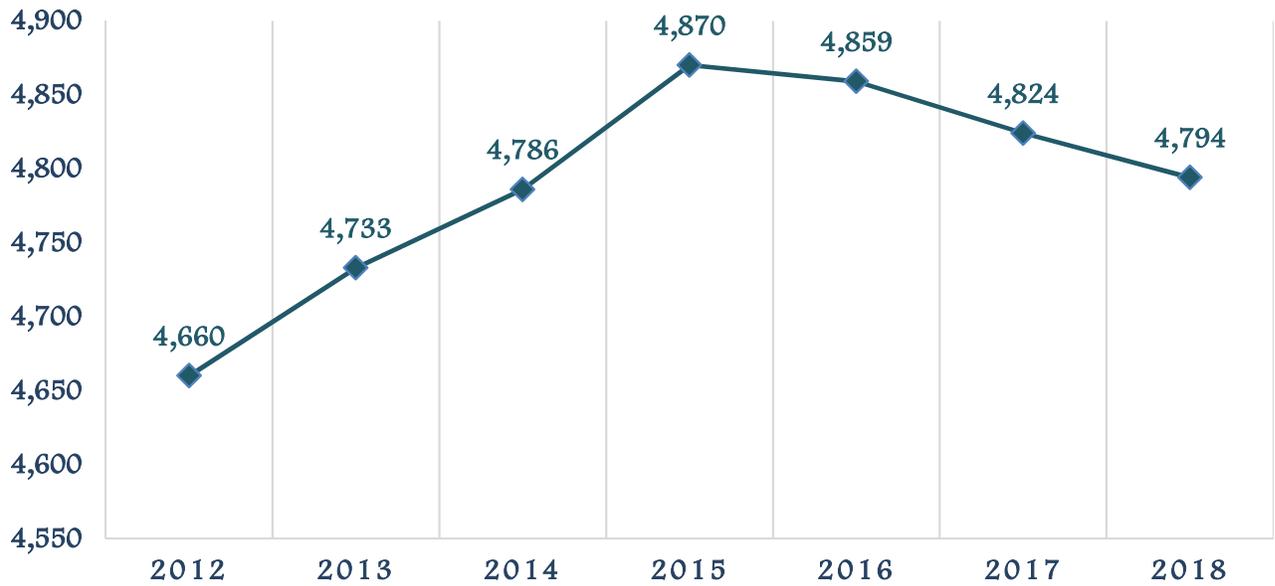
There were 4,794 adult offenders incarcerated in state prison facilities with life sentence.

Lifer Population also known as Life Imprisonment, Imprisonment for Life, Life in Prison, Life Sentence, Life Term, Lifelong Incarceration, or Life Incarceration; is a sentence of imprisonment for a crime under which convicted persons are to remain in prison either for the rest of their natural life or until parole.

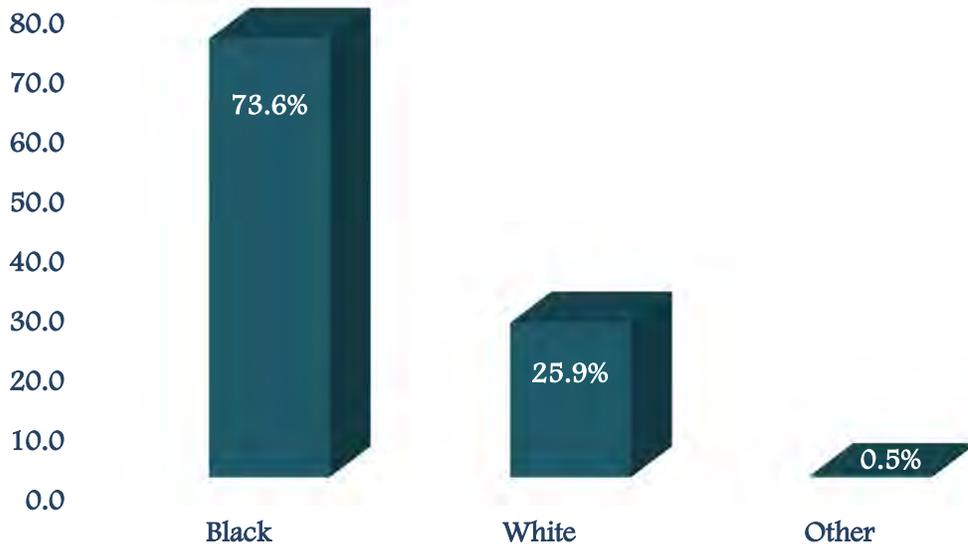
Figure 30: Number and Percentage of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers



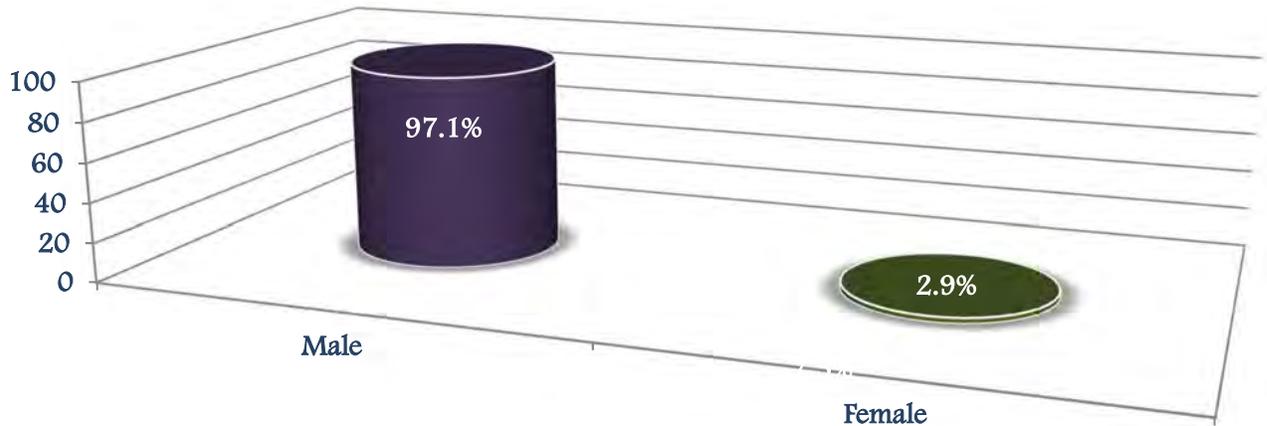
**Figure 31: Trend of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers for 2012 - 2018**



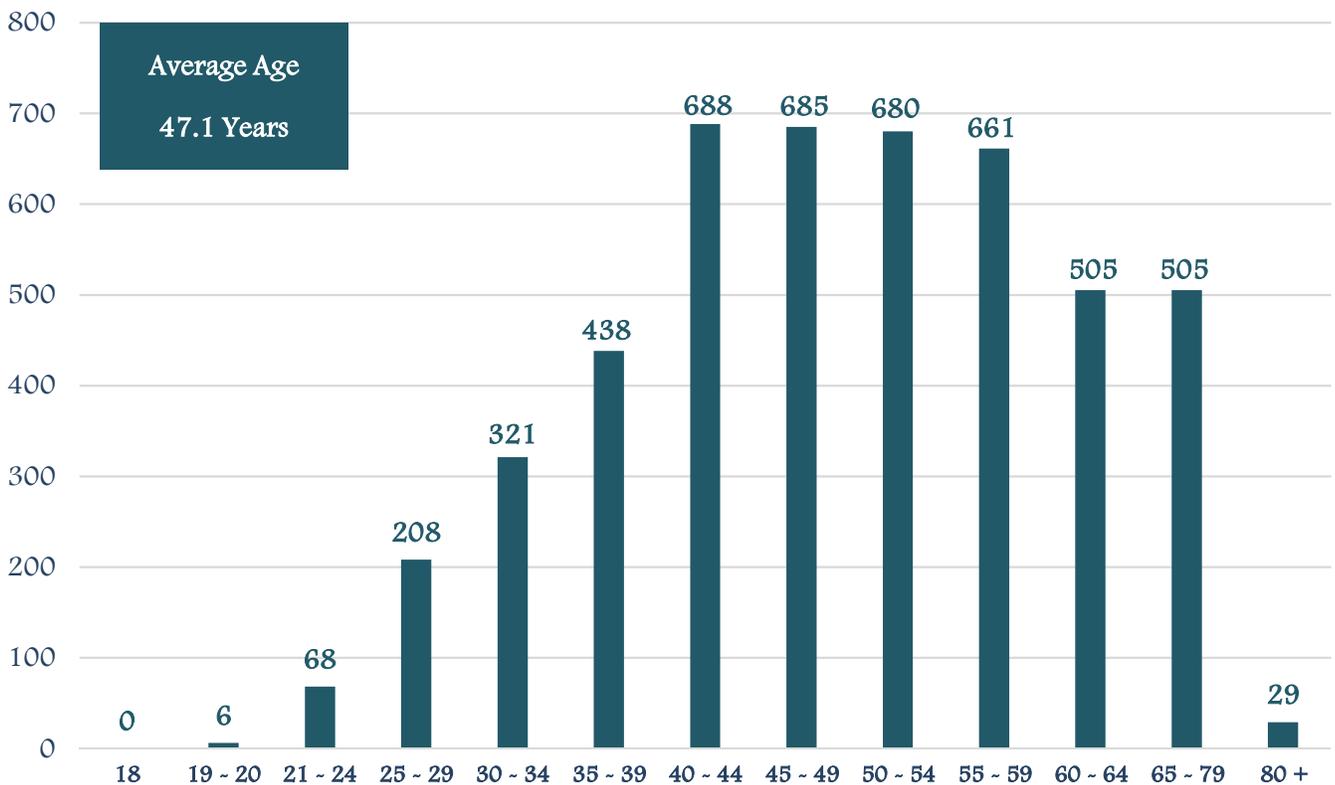
**Figure 32: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Race**



**Figure 33: Percentage of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Sex**



**Figure 34: Number of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Current Age**



**Table 16: Number of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Crimes**

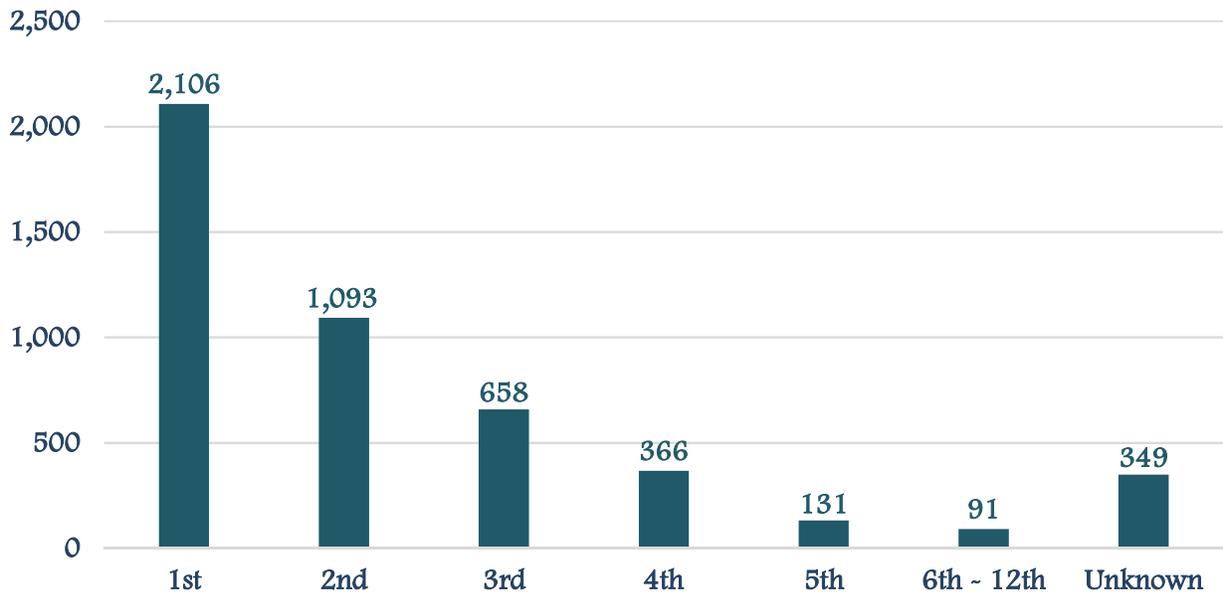
Most Serious Crime Committed	Percent
Violent Crimes	9.56%
Drug Crimes	2.2%
Property Crimes	1.2%
All Other Crimes	1.0%

**Table 17: Percent of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Population
0 – 5	15.6%
6 – 10	15.0%
11 – 15	11.6%
16 – 20	15.9%
21 – 30	23.5%
31 ~ 40	15.0%
41 +	3.3%
Unknown	0.1%

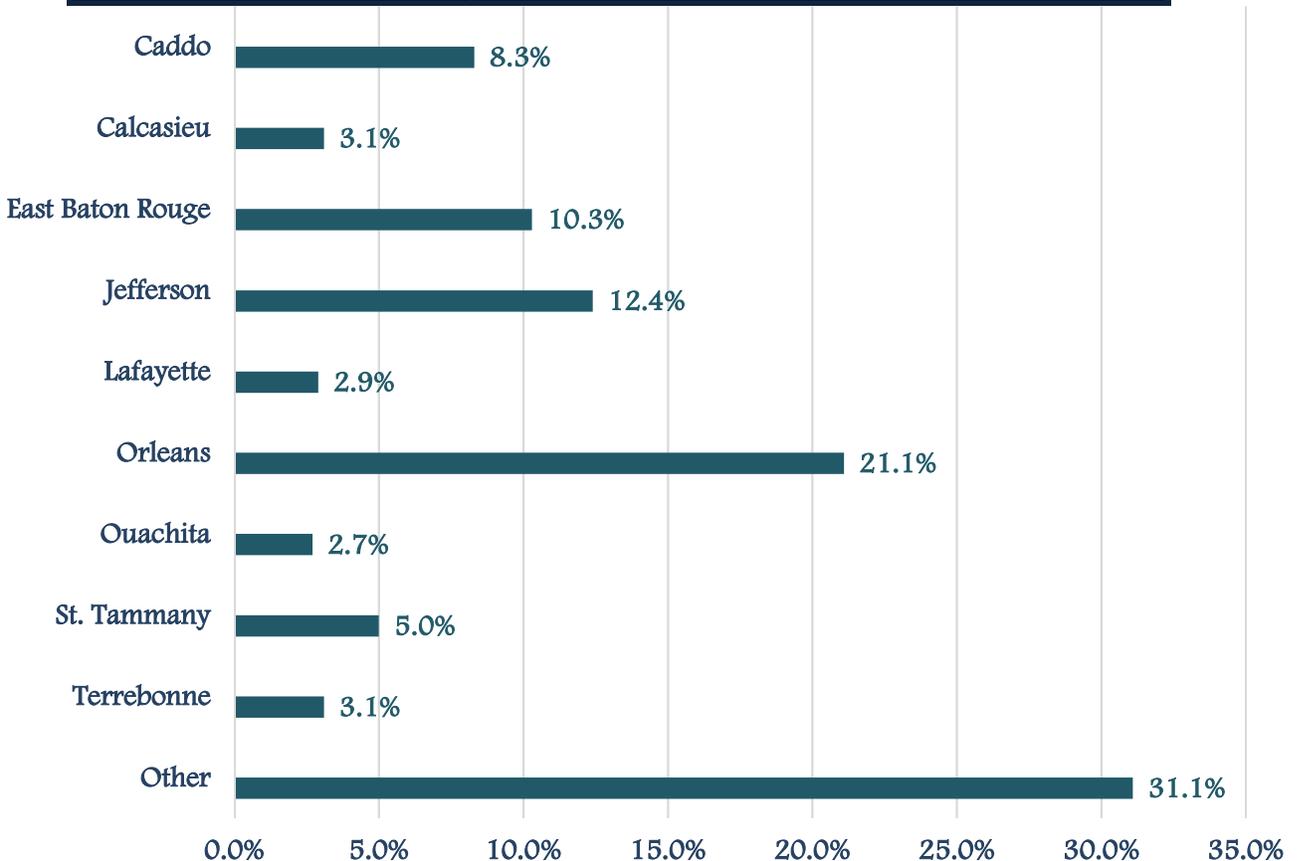
*Average Time Served:  
16.5 Years*

**Figure 35: Number of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Offender Class\***

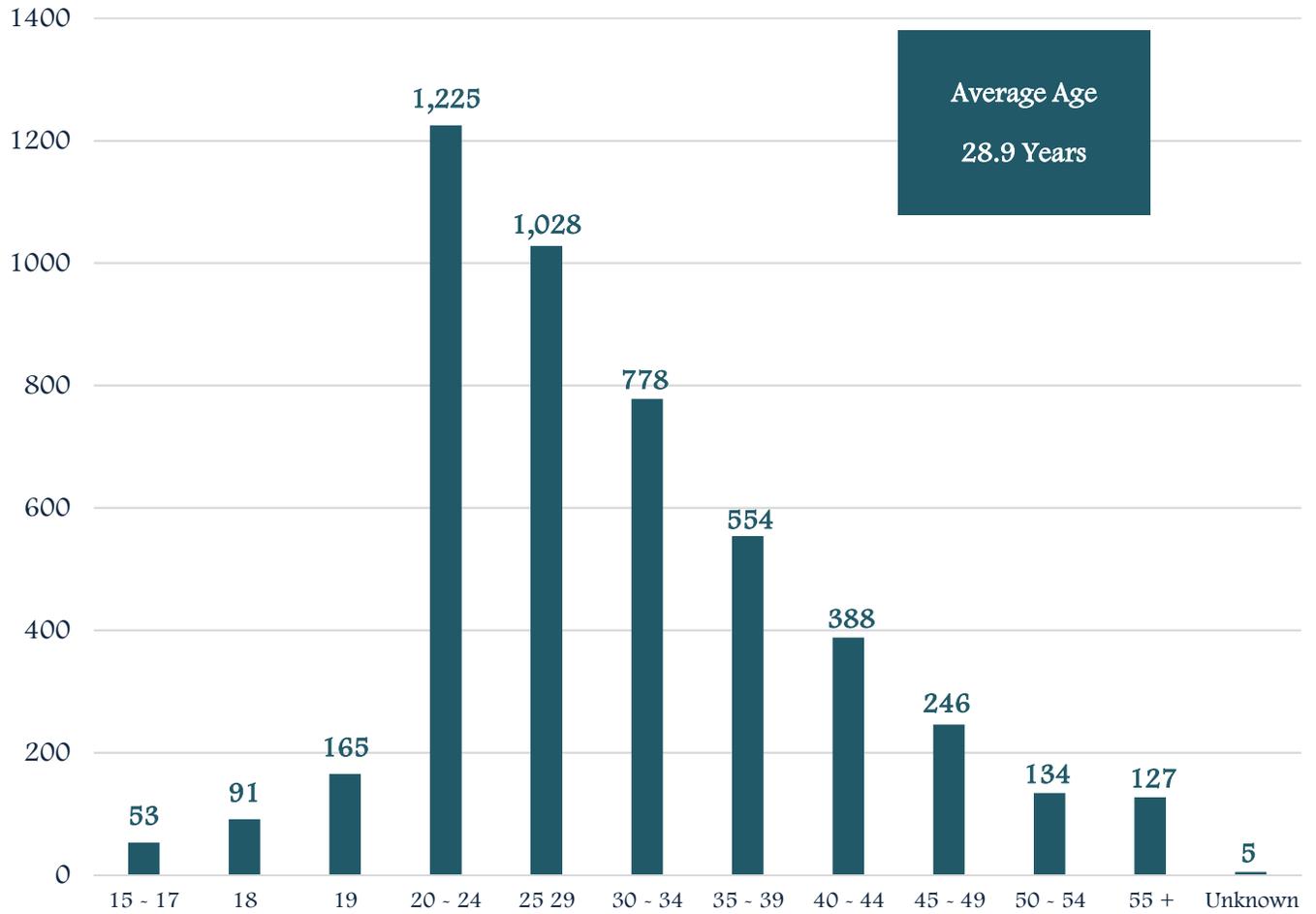


\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

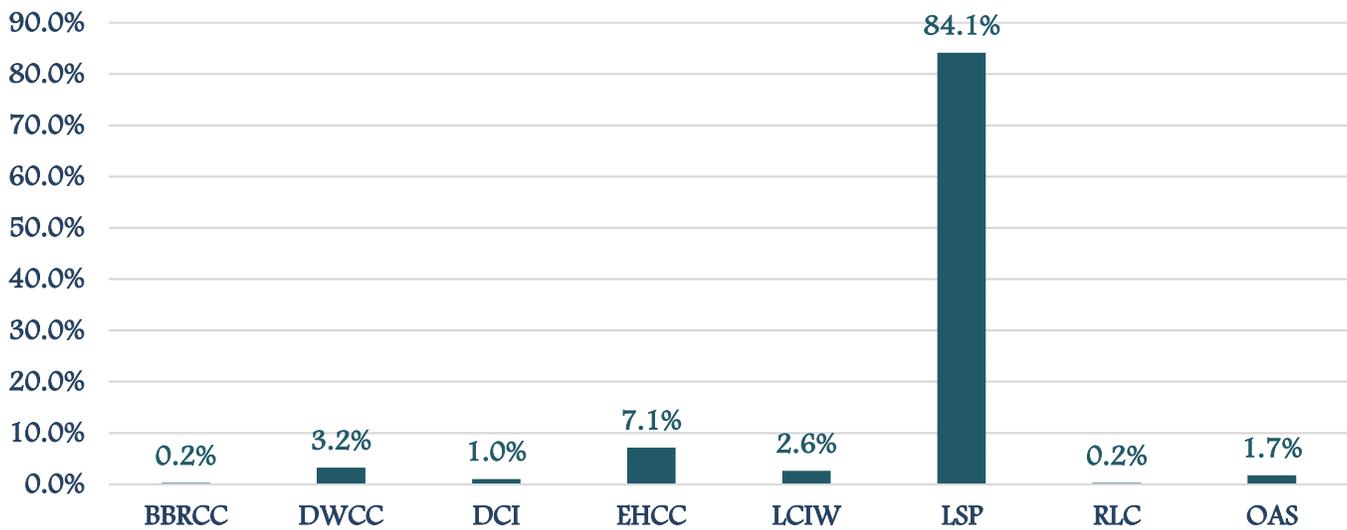
**Figure 36: Percent of Adult Correctional Population of Lifers by Parish of Commitment**



**Figure 37: Number of Adult Offenders of Lifers by Conviction Age**



**Figure 38: Percentage of Adult Offenders of Lifers by Facility Breakout**



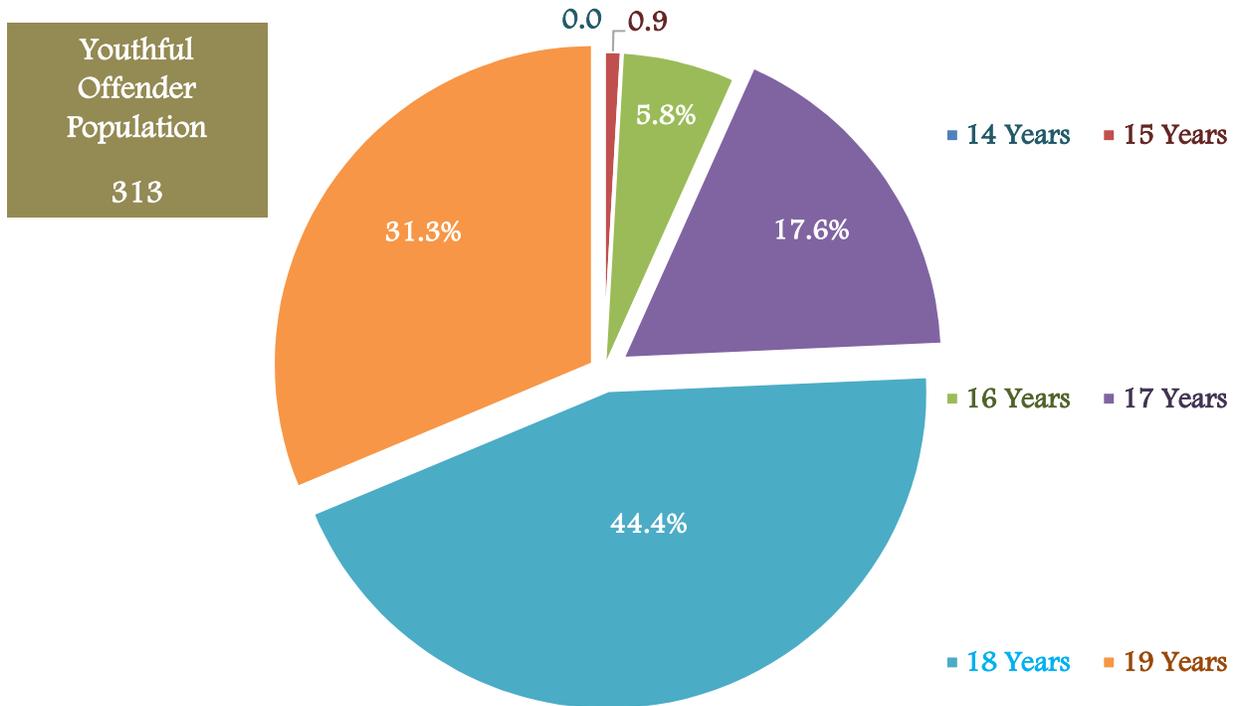
BBRCC	B. B. Rayburn Correctional Center
DWCC	David Wade Correctional Center
DCI	Dixon Correctional Institute
EHCC	Elayn Hunt Correctional Center
LCIW	Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women
LSP	Louisiana State Penitentiary
RLC	Raymond Laborde Correctional Center
OAS	Other Adult Services

## 9. Demographic Profiles of Youthful Offender Population

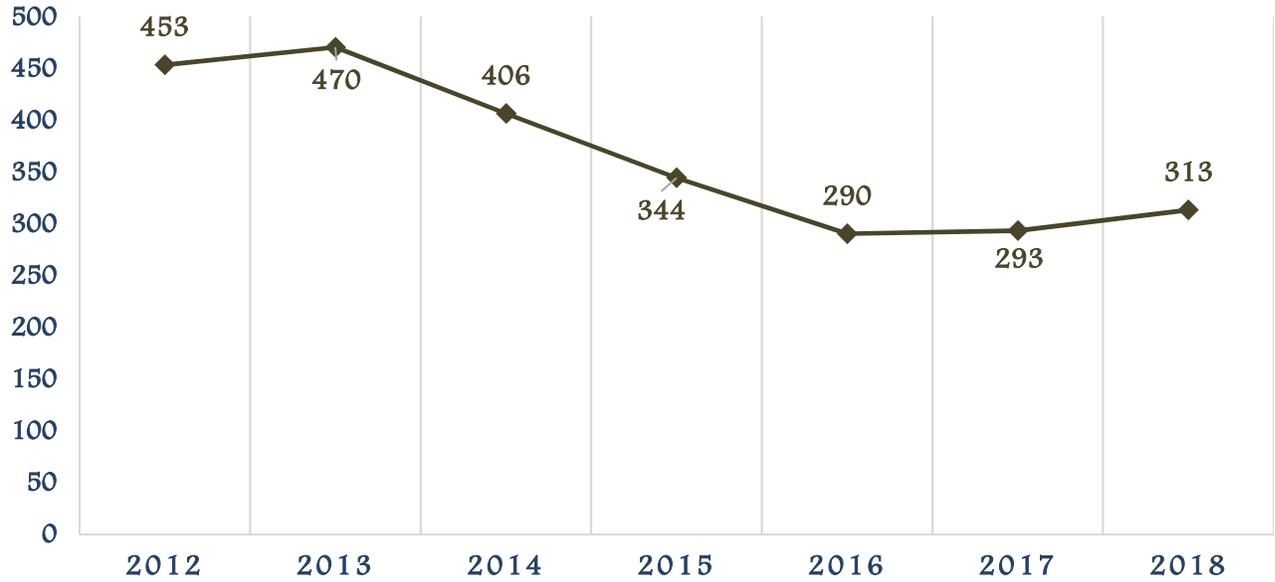
There were 313 offenders who are youthful offenders housed in state prisons. The youthful offender population is composed of offenders who are currently 16, 17, 18, and 19 years of age and who were convicted in criminal court and sentenced to the custody of the Department.

The Youthful Offender Program is designed to provide an environment where youthful offenders can develop self-esteem, self-discipline, and positive attitudes along with the cognitive skills necessary to re-enter society and be successful. The program provides tailored case management plans to meet the specific needs of each youthful offender as well as to create or repair family relationships. Youthful offenders must be 19 years of age or younger to participate in the program and must have five years or less to their earliest release date. Youthful offenders 16 years of age or younger will participate in the program regardless of sentence length. The program is based on voluntary enrollment and will last for a minimum of 12 months.

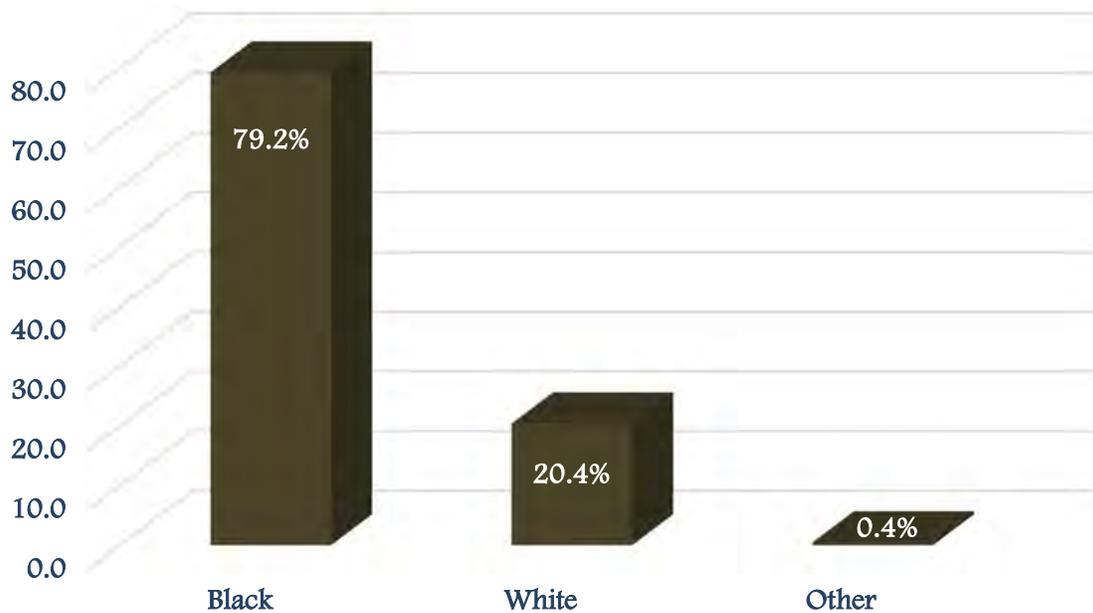
**Figure 39: Number and Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Age of Admission**



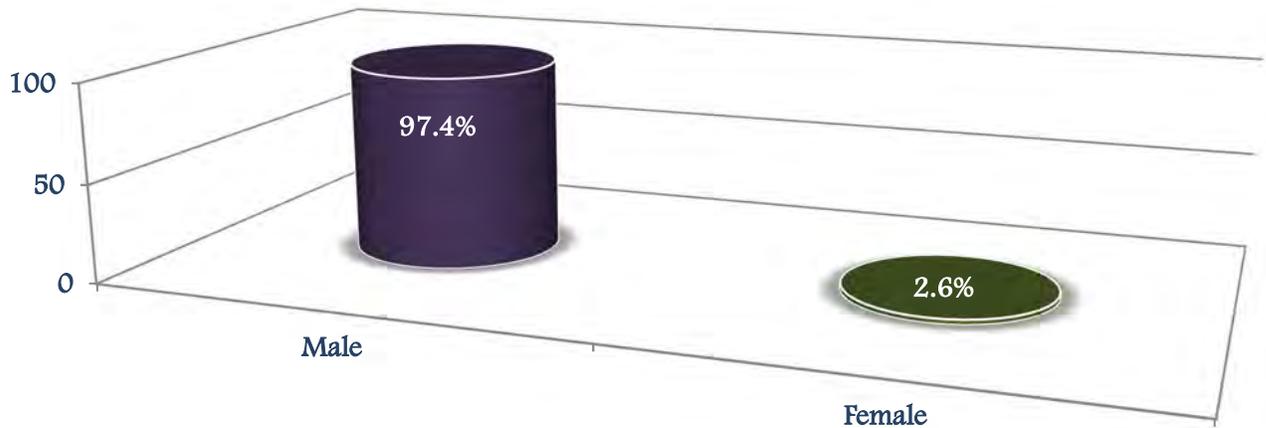
**Figure 40: Trend of Youthful Offender Population for 2012 - 2018**



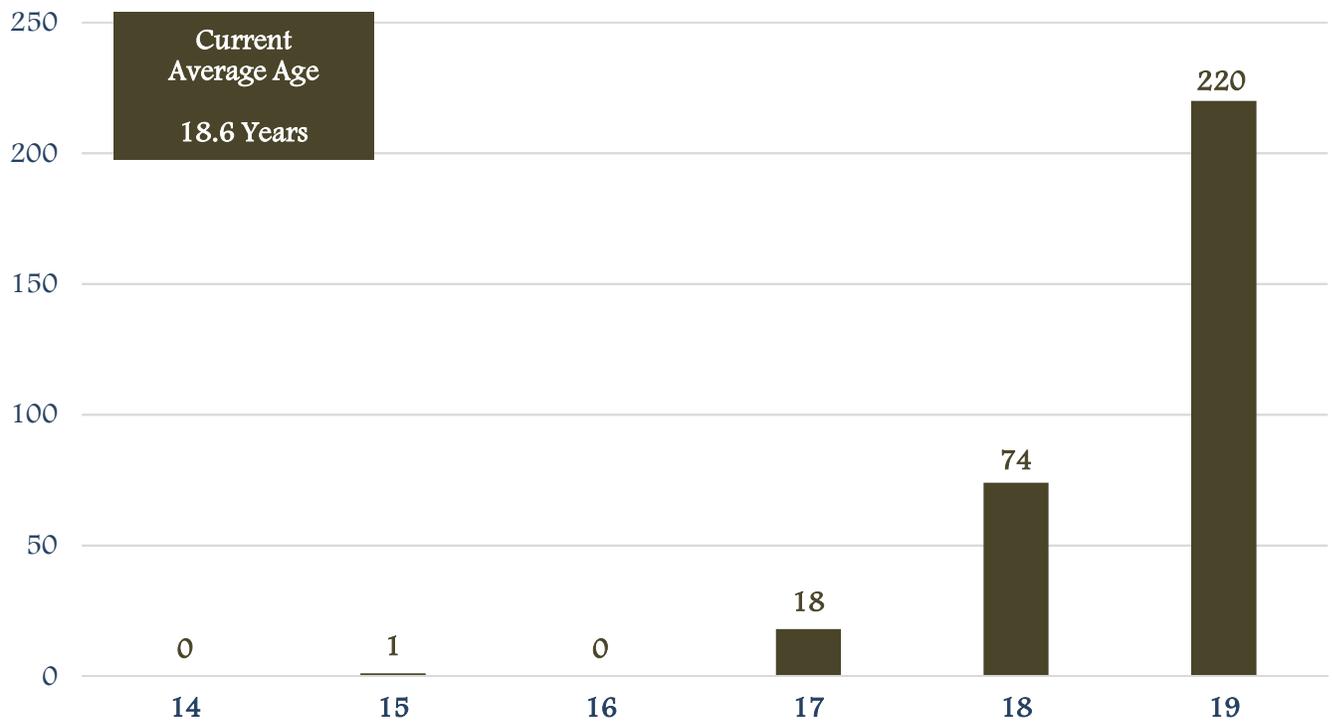
**Figure 41: Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Race**



**Figure 42: Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Sex**



**Figure 43: Number of Youthful Offender Population by Current Age**



**Table 18: Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Crimes**

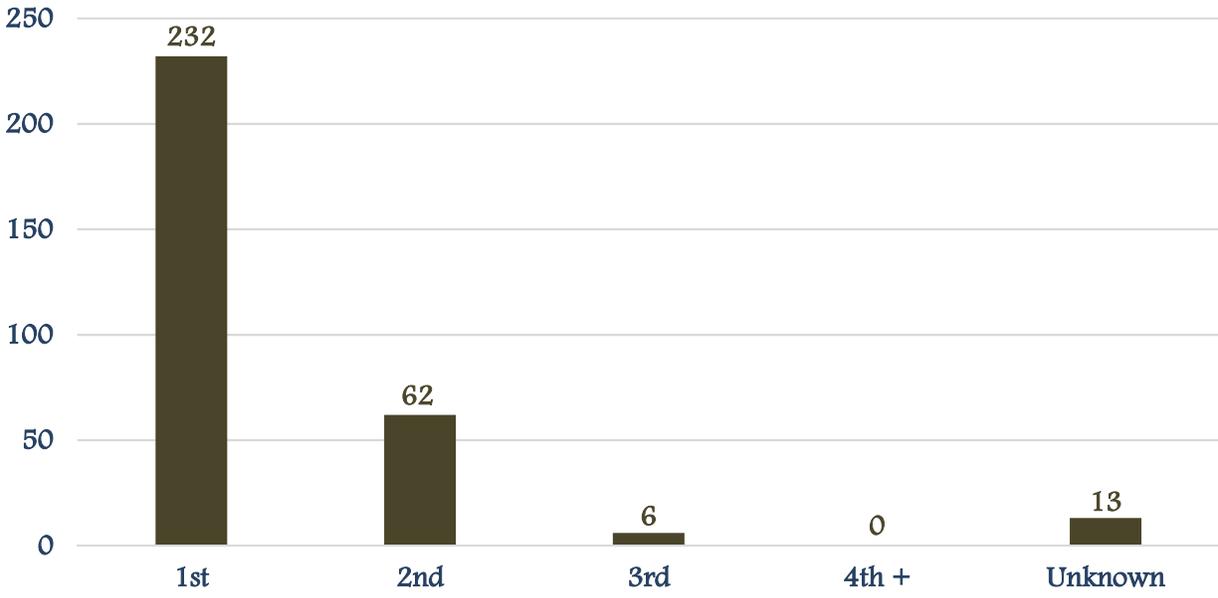
Most Serious Crime Committed	Percent
Violent Crimes	48.7%
Drug Crimes	4.3%
Property Crimes	32.9%
All Other Crimes	14.1%

**Table 19: Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Maximum Years to be Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Youthful Population
0 – 2	12.8%
3 – 4	21.4%
5 – 6	24.6%
7 – 10	20.4%
11 – 16	7.3%
17 – 20	4.4%
>20 (Fixed Term)	4.8%
Life	1.0%
Death	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	3.3%

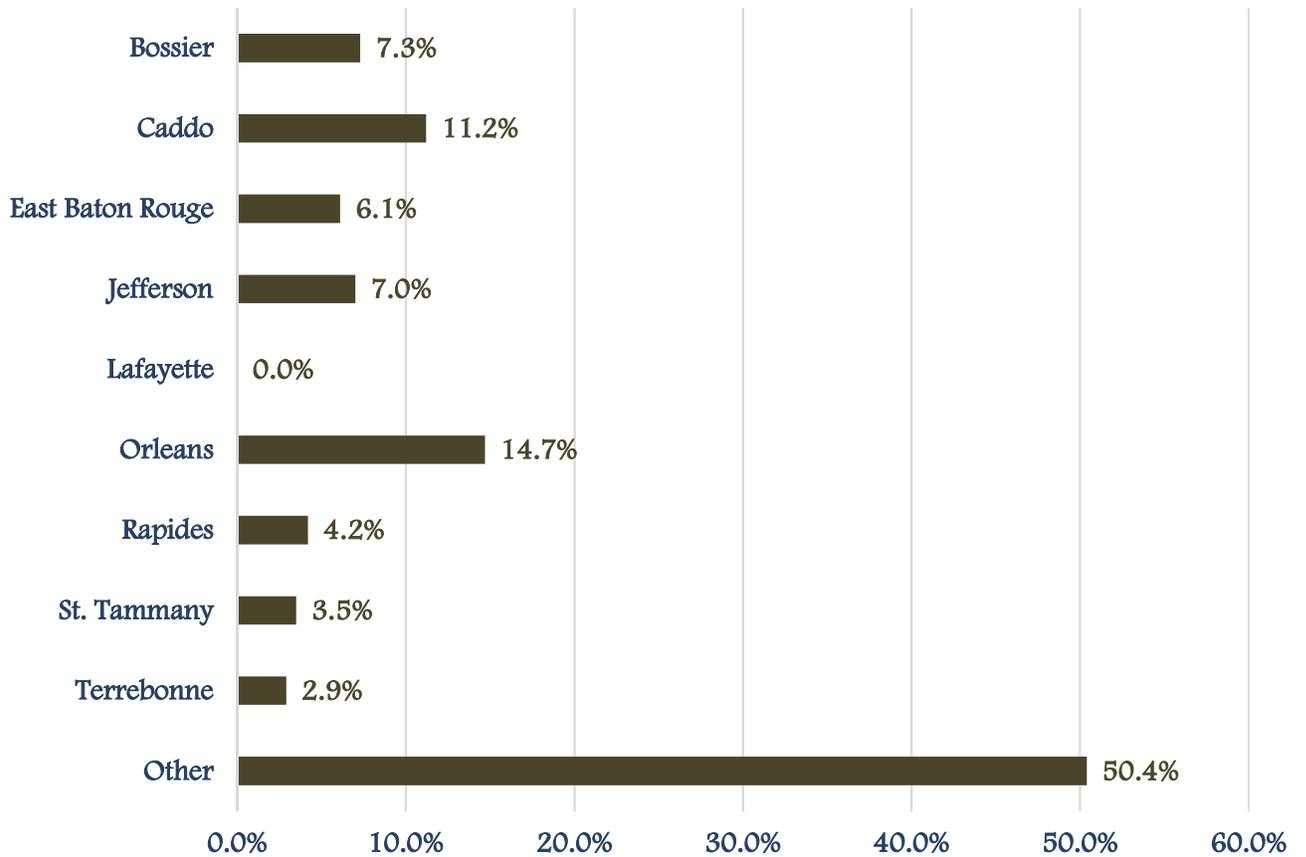
*Average Sentence:  
8.2 Years*

**Figure 44: Number of Youthful Offender Population by Offender Class\***

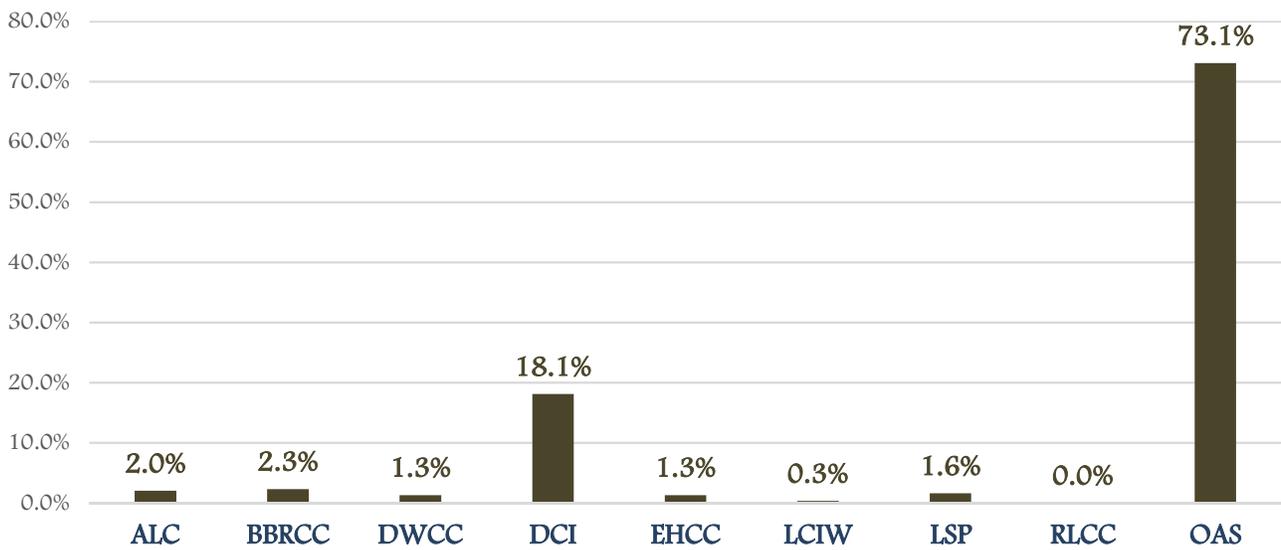


\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

**Figure 45: Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Parish of Commitment**



**Figure 46: Percentage of Youthful Offender Population by Facility Breakout**

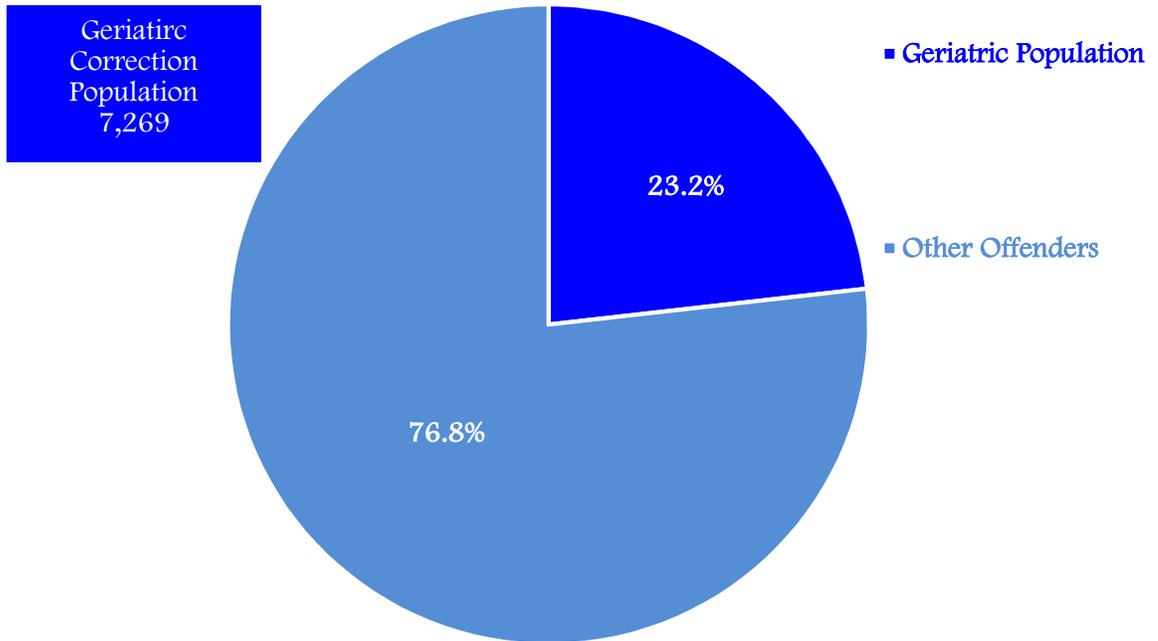


ALC	Allen Correctional Center
BBRCC	B. B. Rayburn Correctional Center
DWCC	David Wade Correctional Center
DCI	Dixon Correctional Institute
EHCC	Elayn Hunt Correctional Center
LCIW	Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women
LSP	Louisiana State Penitentiary
RLCC	Raymond Laborde Correctional Center
OAS	Other Adult Services

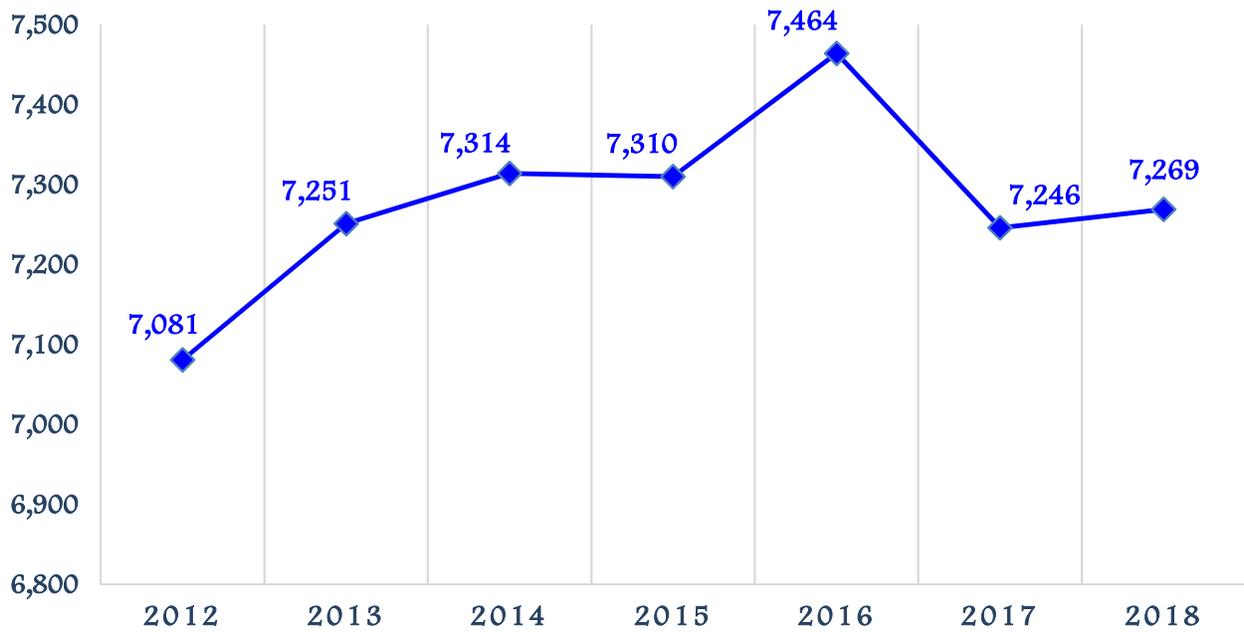
## 10. Demographic Profiles of Geriatric Correctional Population

There were 7,269 adult offenders in the custody of the stated correctional system who fall within the age range of 50+ years (inclusive).

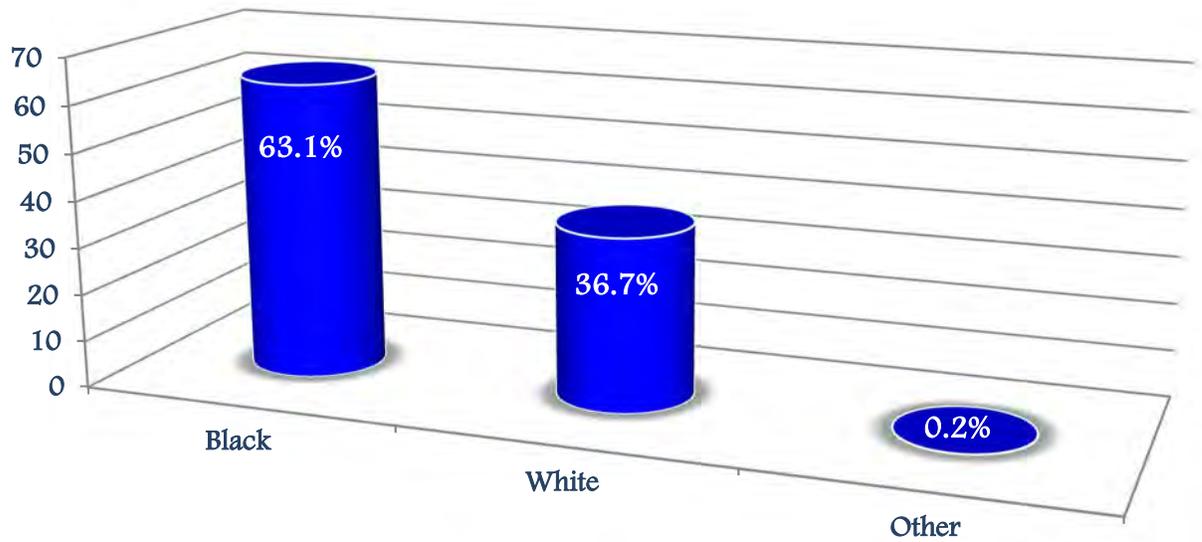
Figure 47: Number and Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population



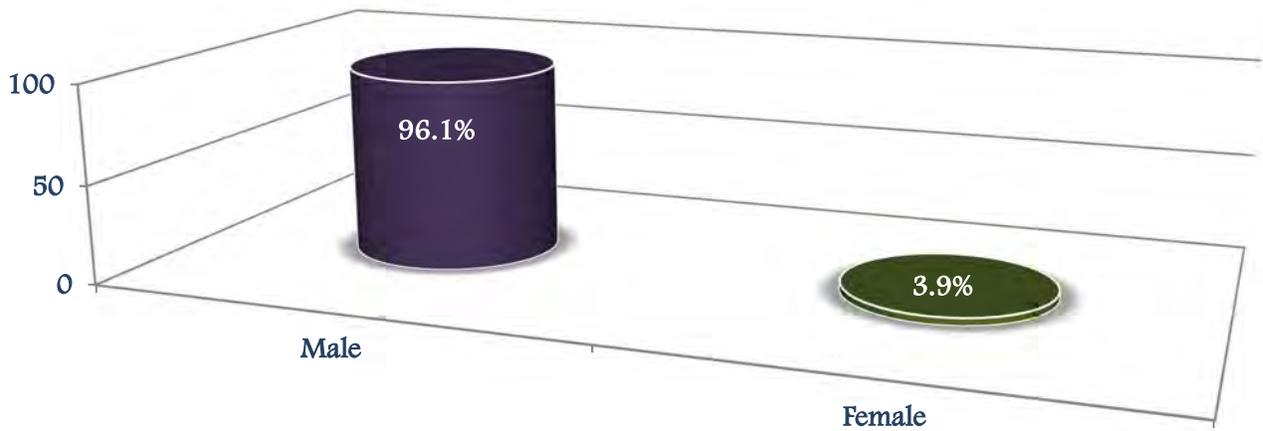
**Figure 48: Trend of Geriatric Correctional Population for 2012 - 2018**



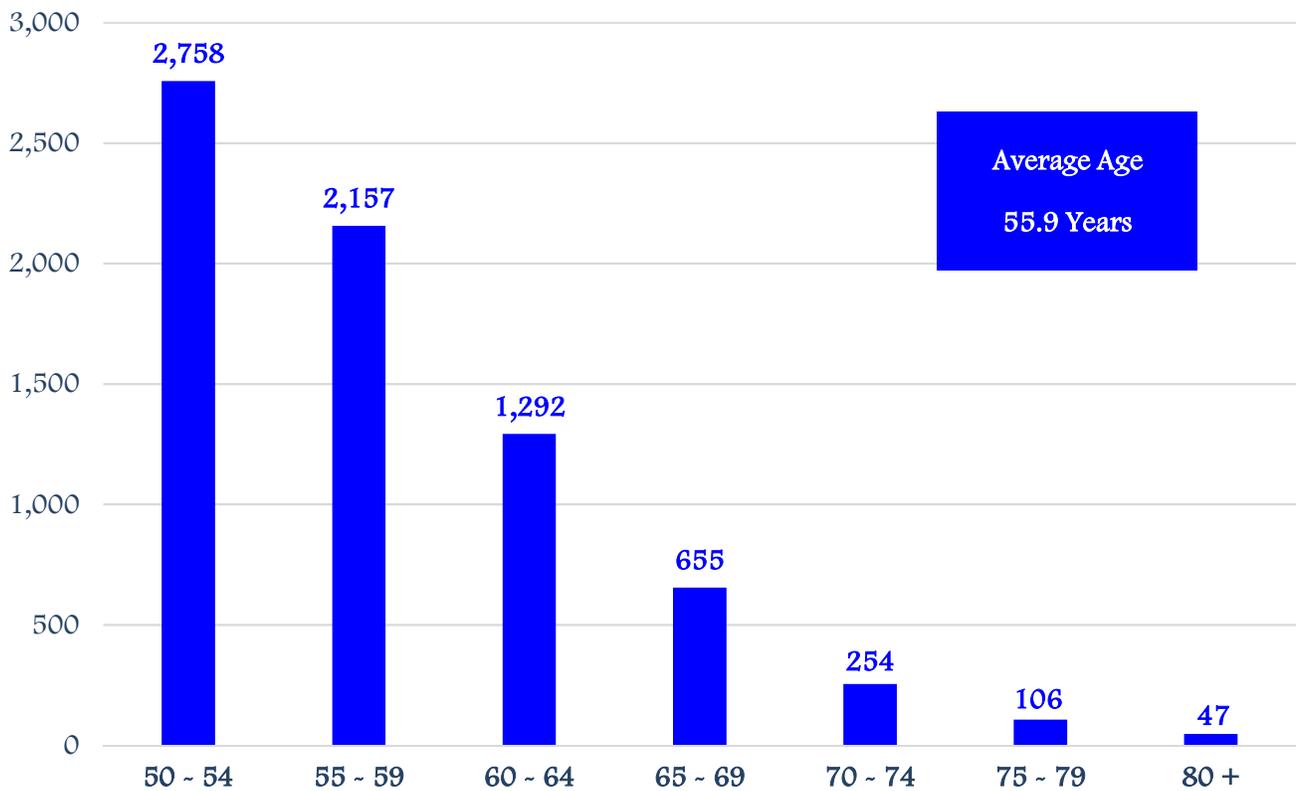
**Figure 49: Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population by Race**



**Figure 50: Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population by Sex**



**Figure 51: Number of Geriatric Correctional Population by Current Age**



**Table 20: Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population by Crimes**

Most Serious Crime Committed	Percent
Violent Crimes	56.2%
Drug Crimes	11.1%
Property Crimes	13.2%
All Other Crimes	19.5%

**Table 21: Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Geriatric Population
0 – 5	37.8%
6 – 10	14.6%
11 – 15	10.1%
16 – 20	10.3%
21 – 30	12.3%
31 - 40	11.0%
41 +	2.3%
Unknown	1.6%

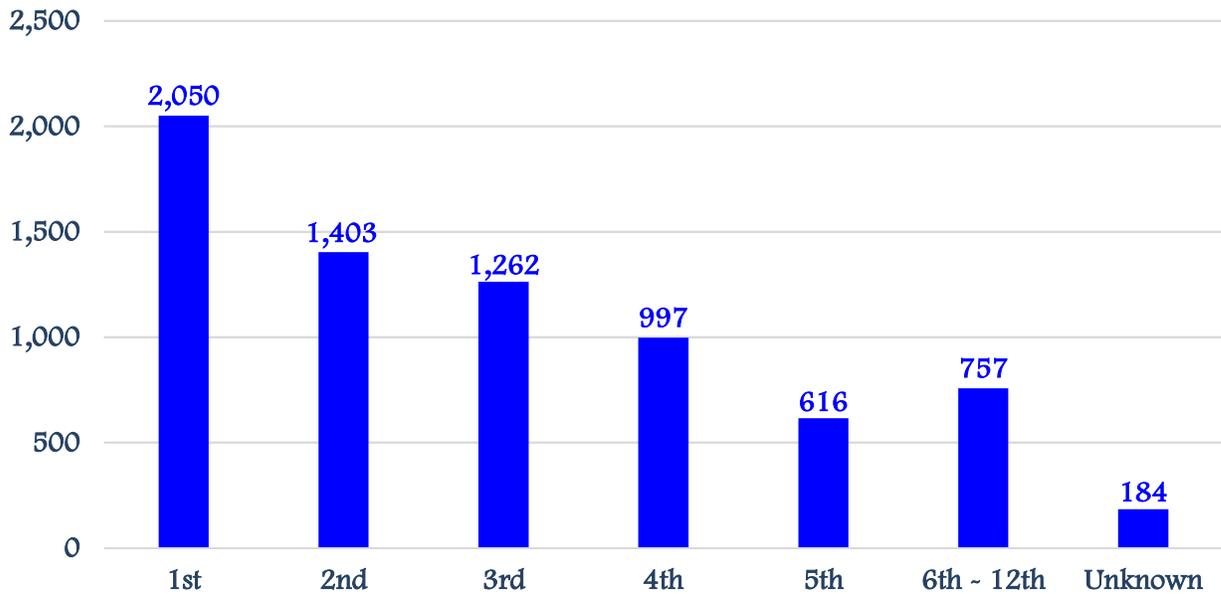
*Average Time Served:  
16.5 Years*

**Table 22: Percent of Geriatric Correctional Population by Maximum Years to be Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Geriatric Population
0 – 2	2.9%
3 – 4	4.0%
5 – 6	7.3%
7 – 10	12.2%
11 – 16	9.3%
17 – 20	8.0%
>20 (Fixed Term)	22.5%
Life	33.0%
Death	0.4%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0.4%

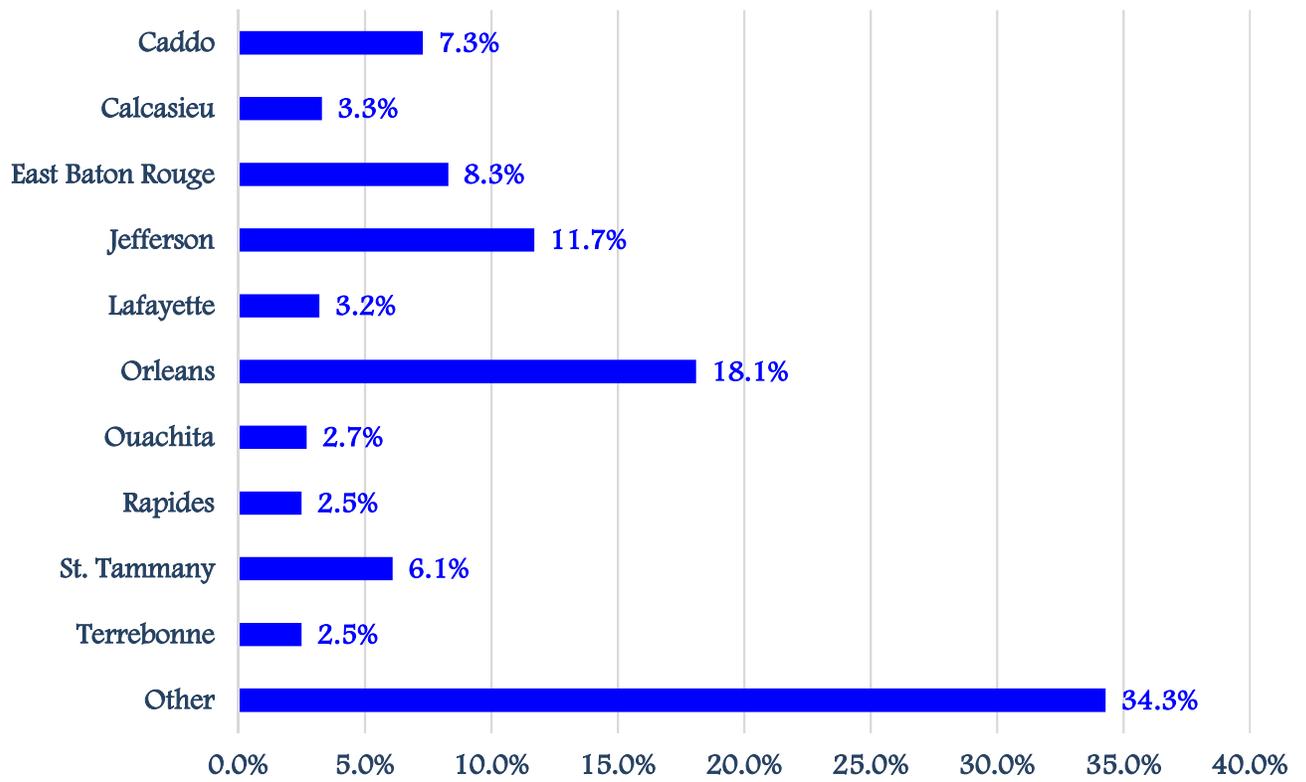
*Average Time Served:  
23.3 Years*

**Figure 52: Number of Geriatric Correctional Population by Offender Class\***

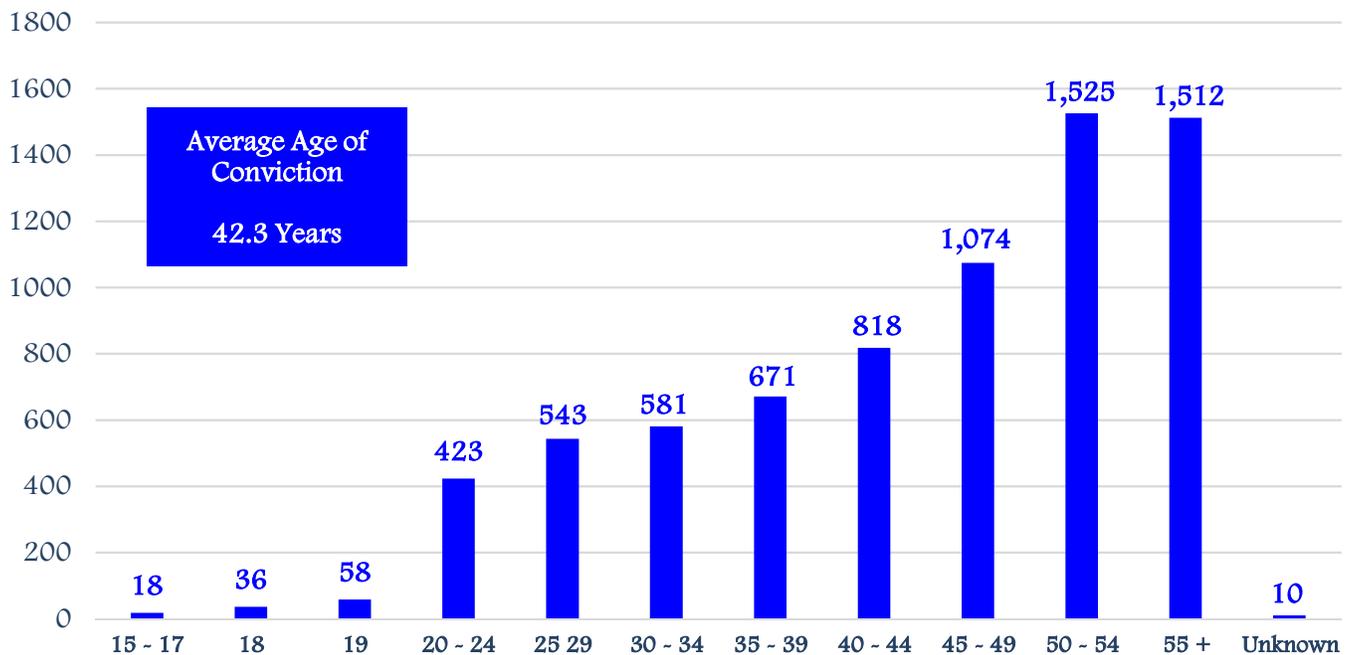


*\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.*

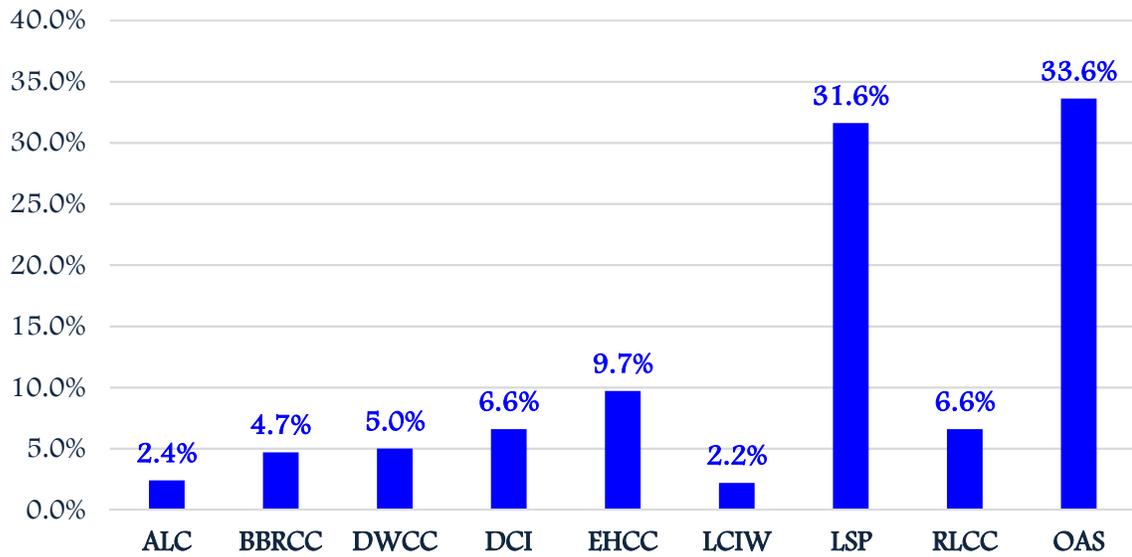
**Figure 53: Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population by Parish of Commitment**



**Figure 54: Number of Geriatric Correctional Population by Conviction Age**



**Figure 55: Percentage of Geriatric Correctional Population by Facility Breakout**

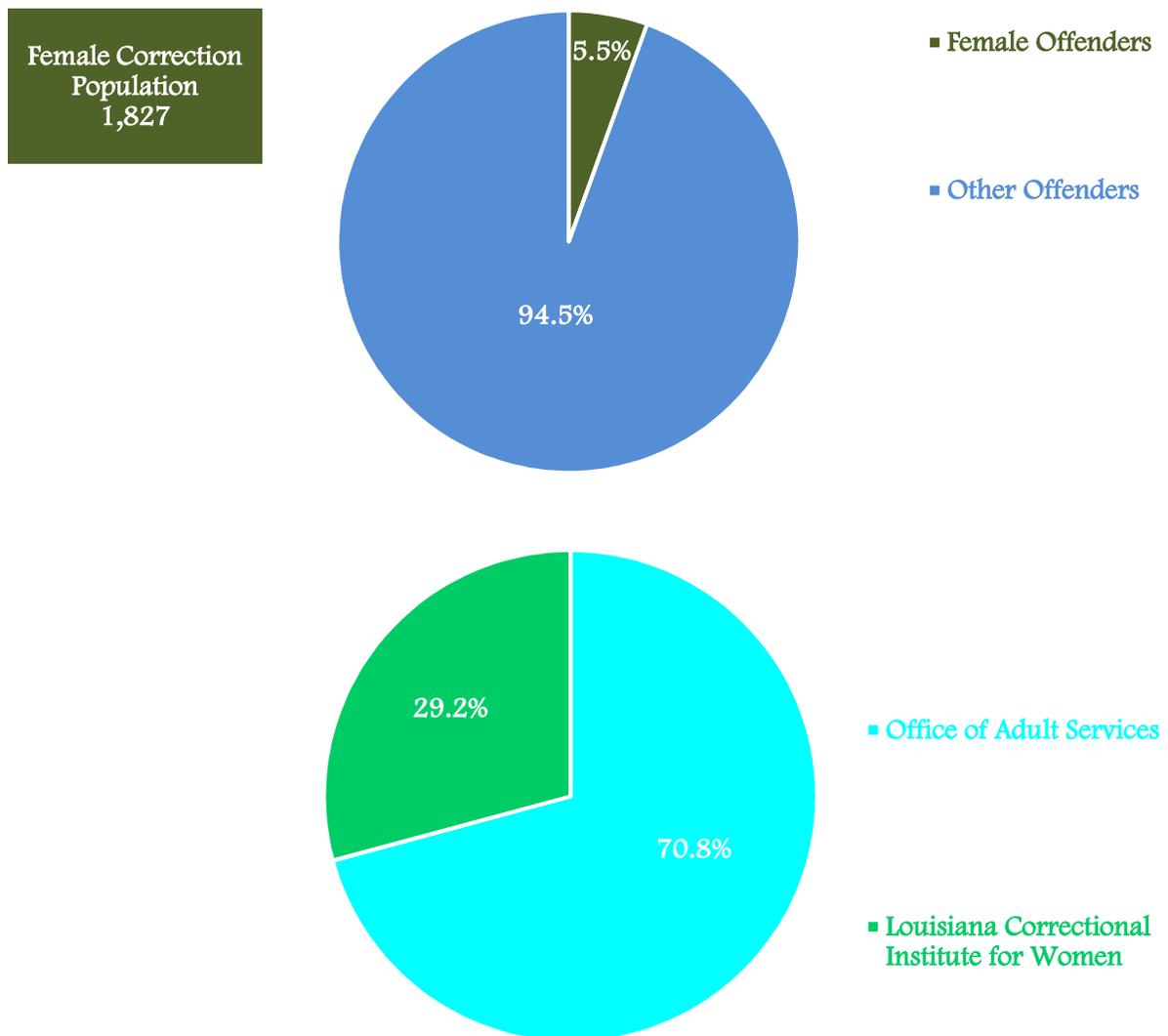


ALC	Allen Correctional Center
BBRCC	B. B. Rayburn Correctional Center
DWCC	David Wade Correctional Center
DCI	Dixon Correctional Institute
EHCC	Elayn Hunt Correctional Center
LCIW	Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women
LSP	Louisiana State Penitentiary
RLCC	Raymond Laborde Correctional Center
OAS	Other Adult Services

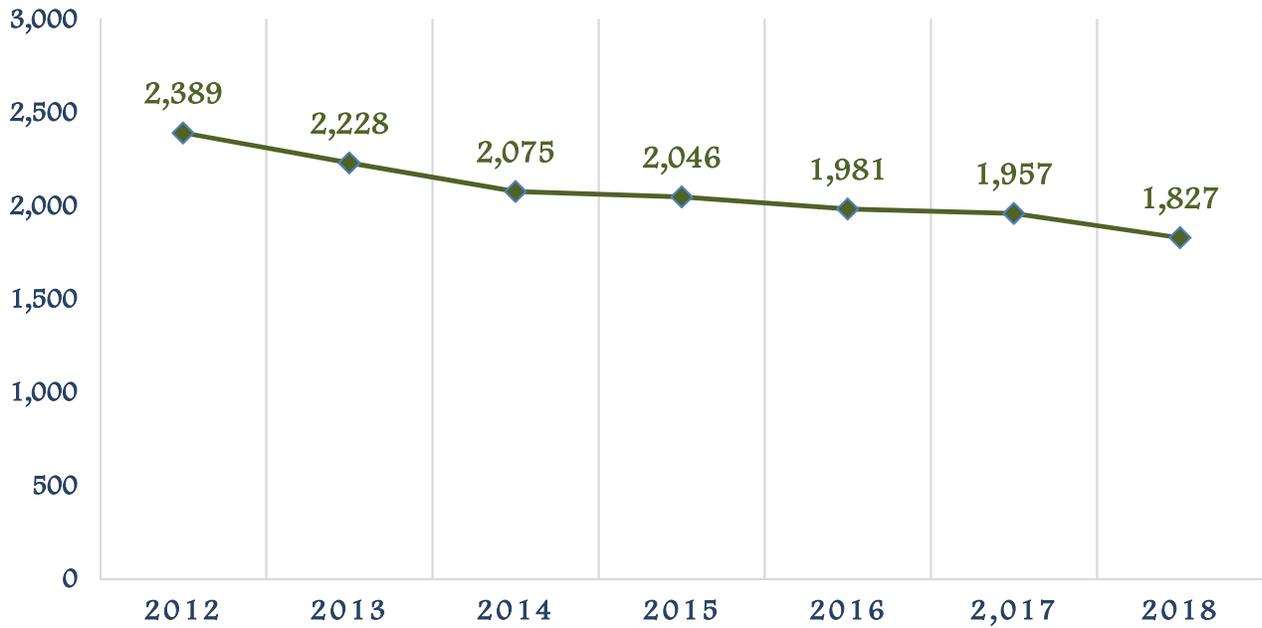
## 11. Demographic Profiles of Female Correctional Population

There were 1,827 female offenders in the custody of state correctional system.

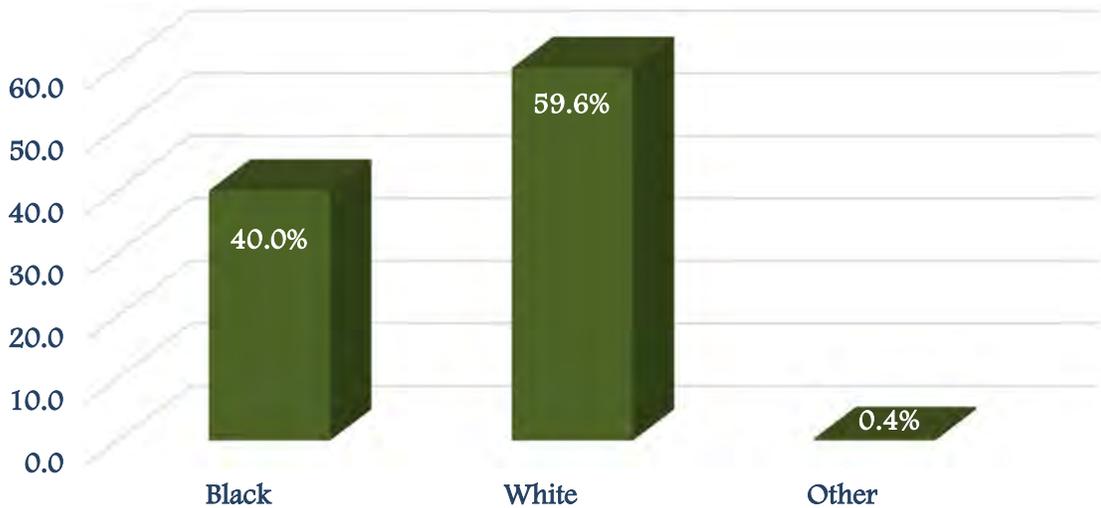
Figure 56: Number and Percentage of Female Correctional Population and Percentage of Female Correctional Population per Facility



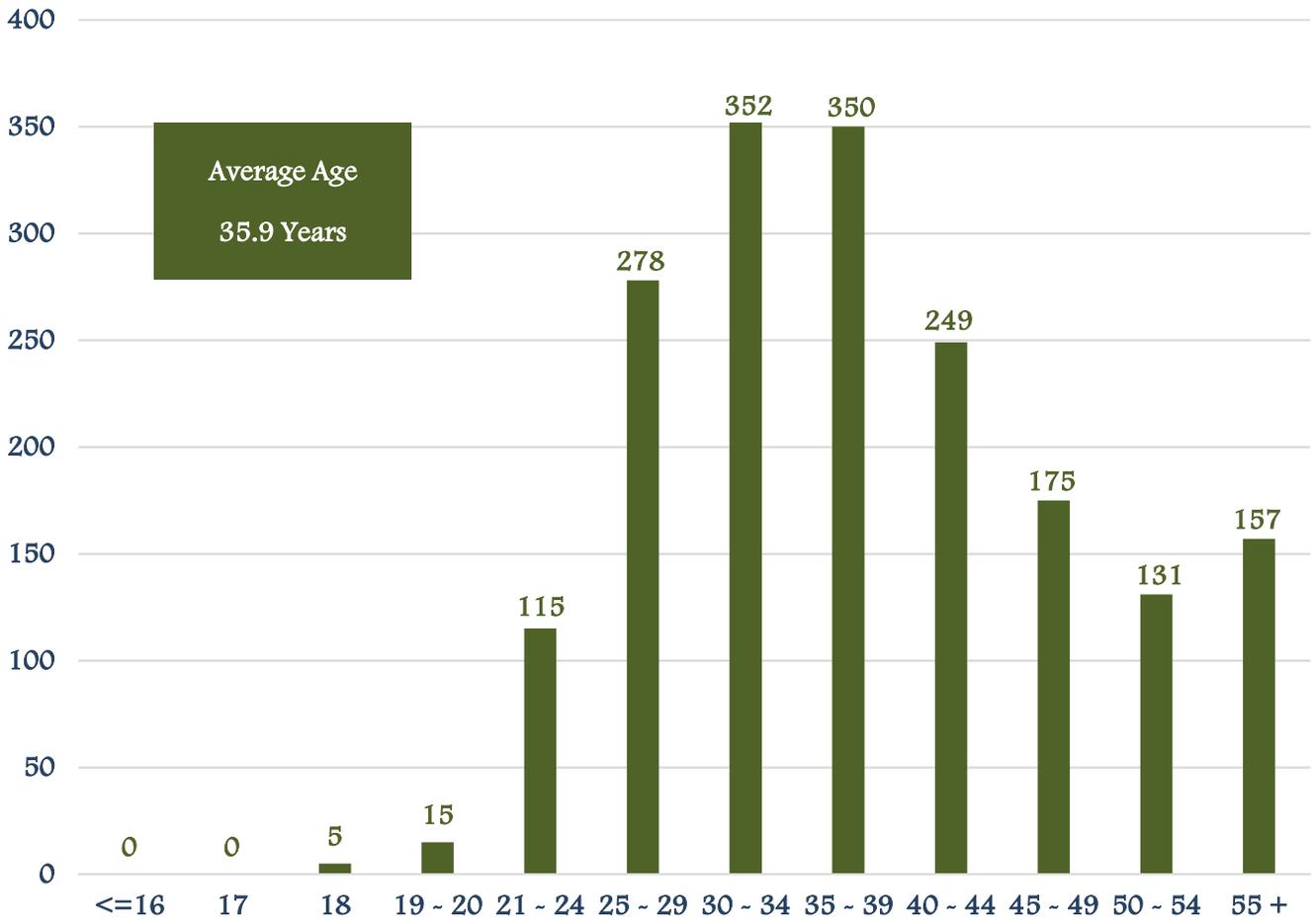
**Figure 57: Trend of Female Correctional Population for 2012 - 2018**



**Figure 58: Percentage of Female Correctional Population by Race**



**Figure 59: Number of Female Correctional Population by Current Age**



**Table 23: Percentage of Female Correctional Population by Crimes**

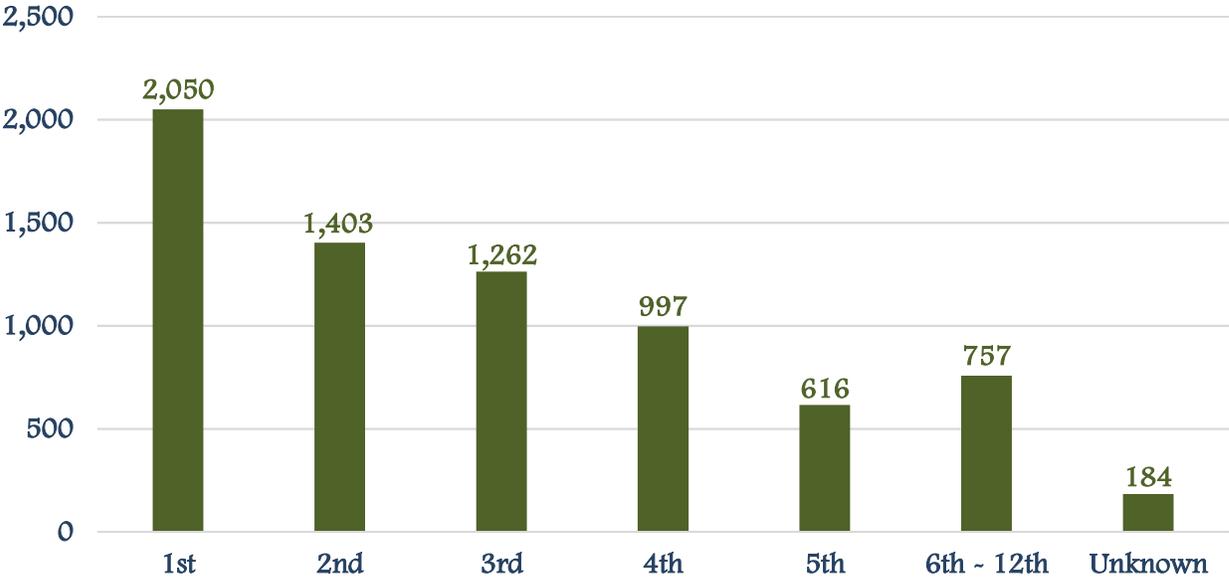
Crime Committed	Percent
Violent Crimes	39.9%
Drug Crimes	26.5%
Property Crimes	20.4%
All Other Crimes	13.2%

**Table 24: Percentage of Female Correctional Population by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Female Offenders
0 – 5	78.6%
6 – 10	8.4%
11 – 15	4.6%
16 – 20	3.2%
21 +	3.1%
Unknown	2.1%

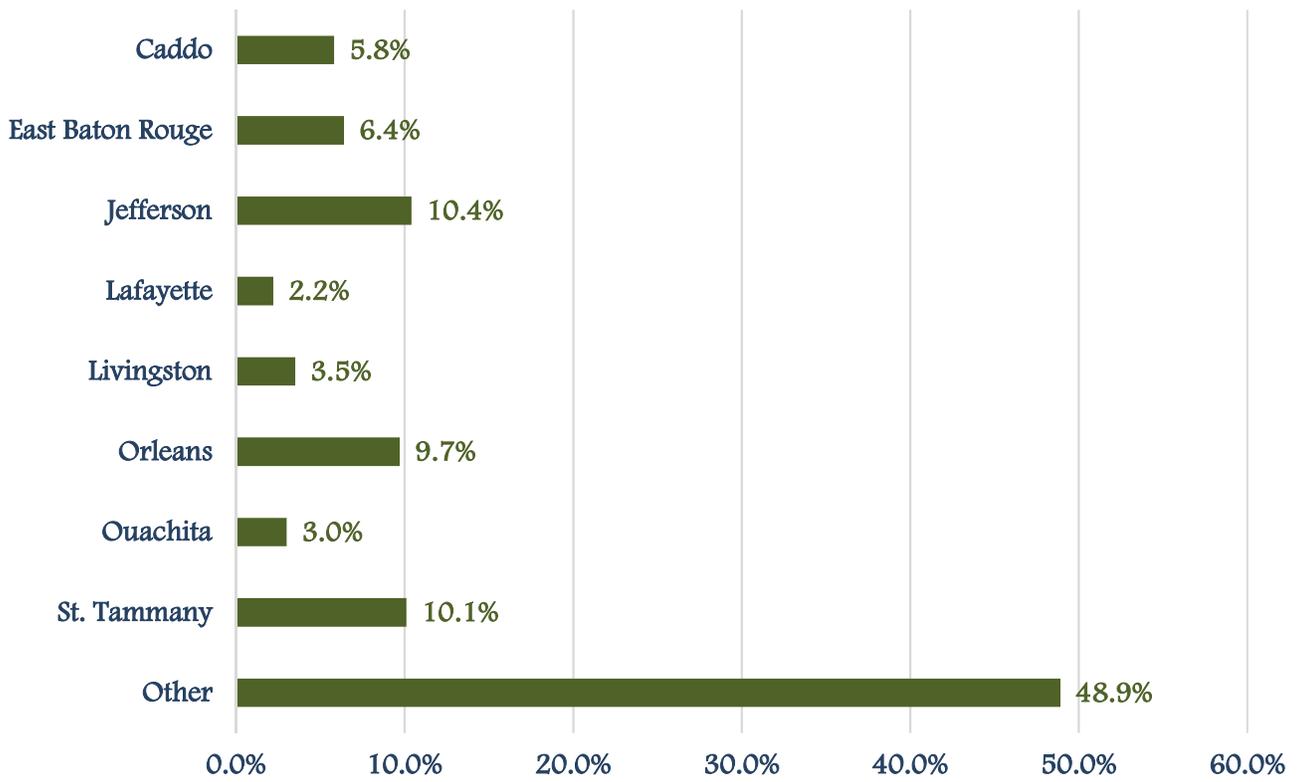
*Average Time Served:  
6.24 Years*

**Figure 60: Number of Female Correctional Population by Offender Class**

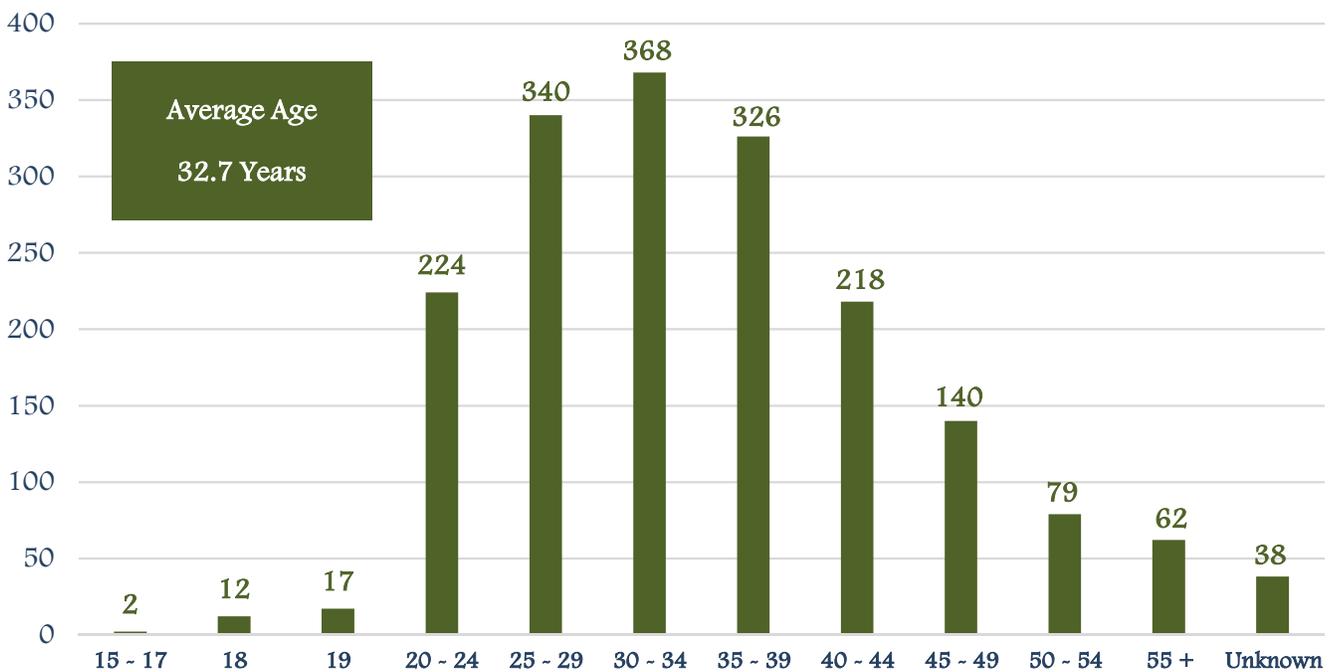


*\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.*

**Figure 61: Percentage of Female Correctional Population by Parish of Commitment**



**Figure 62: Number of Female Correctional Population by Conviction Age**



**Table 25: Number and Percentage of Female Correctional Population  
by Average Maximum Sentence**

Category	Number of Female Offenders in Total Population	Average Maximum Sentence in Total Population
Total Population	1,827	11.5%
Parole Eligible	802	8.5%
Dim. Sent. Eligible	651	13.8%

Category	Number of Offenders in State Facilities	Average Maximum Sentence in State Facilities	Number of Offenders in Local Facilities	Average Maximum Sentence in Local Facilities
Total Population	534	18.9%	1,293	8.4%
Parole Eligible	143	15.4%	659	7.0%
Dim. Sent. Eligible	2,014	20.8%	447	10.6%

**Table 26: Number and Percentage of Female Correctional Population  
by Maximum Years Sentence**

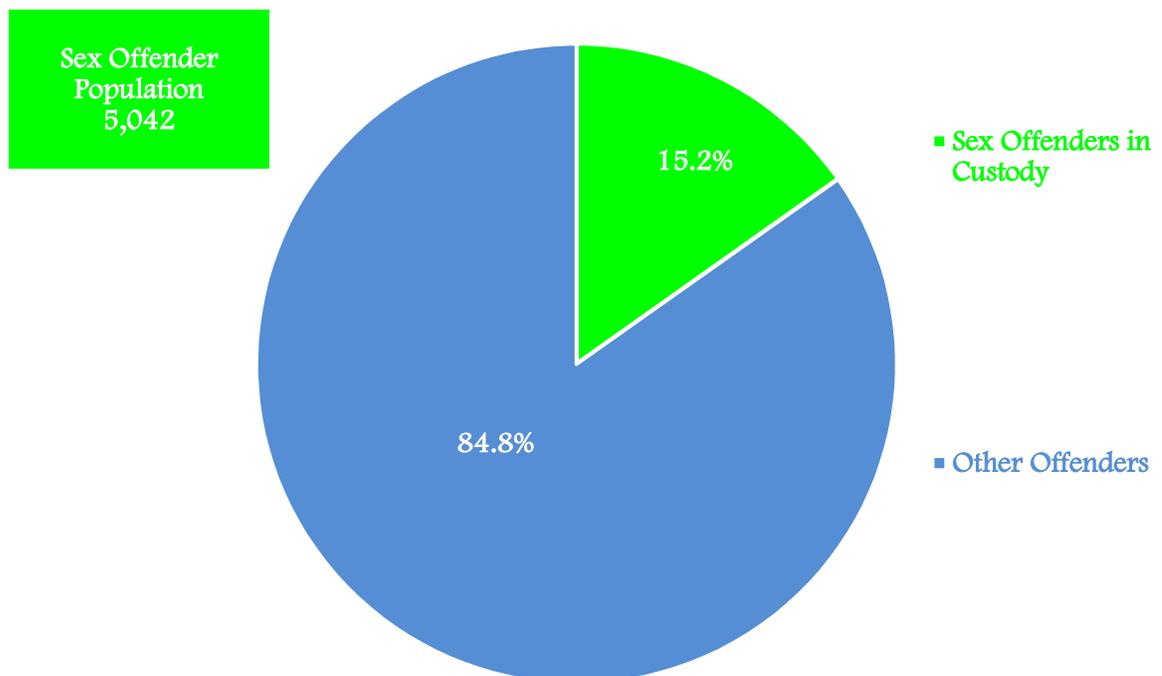
Maximum Years Sentenced	Number of Female Offenders in Total Population	Percentage of Females in Total Population
0 – 2	157	8.6%
3 – 4	294	16.1%
5 – 6	355	19.4%
7 – 10	361	19.8%
11 – 16	160	8.8%
17 – 20	103	5.6%
>20 (Fixed Term)	205	11.2%
Life	146	8.0%
Death	1	0.1%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	45	2.5%

Maximum Years Sentenced	Number of Female Offenders in State Facilities	Percentage of Female Offenders in State Facilities	Number of Female Offenders in Local Facilities	Percent of Female Offenders in Local Facilities
0 – 2	7	1.3%	150	11.6%
3 – 4	21	3.9%	273	21.1%
5 – 6	66	12.4%	289	22.4%
7 – 10	85	15.9%	276	21.3%
11 – 16	49	9.2%	111	8.6%
17 – 20	39	7.3%	64	4.9%
>20 (Fixed Term)	135	25.3%	70	5.4%
Life	131	24.5%	15	1.2%
Death	1	0.2%	0	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0	0.0	45	3.5%

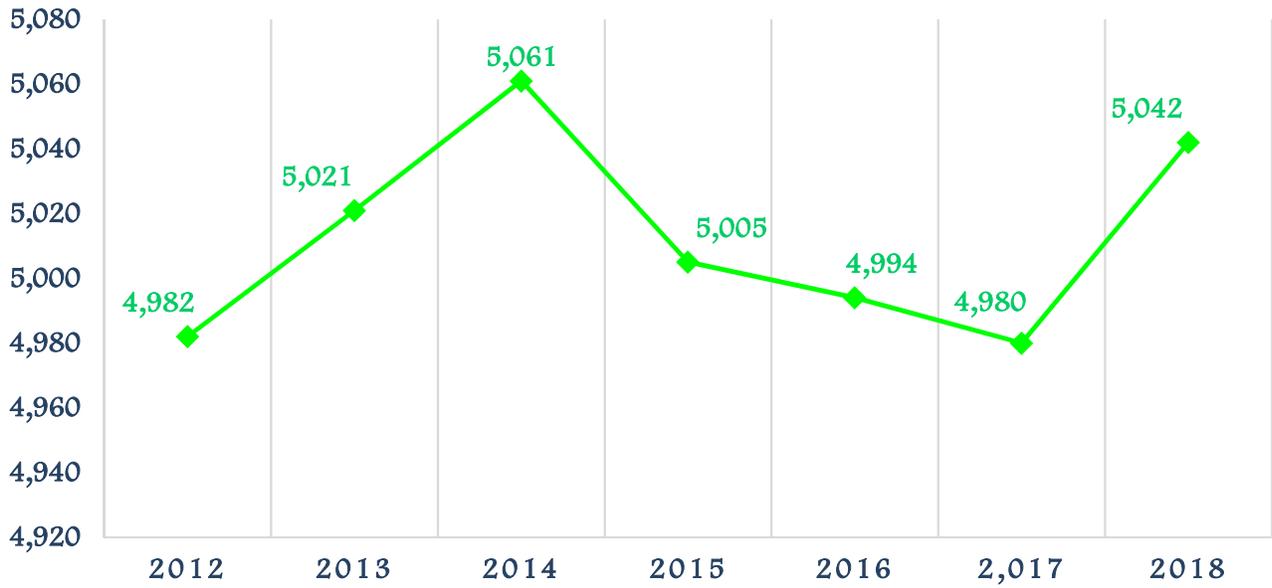
## 12. Demographic Profile of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population

There were 5,042 adult offenders incarcerated in the state prison facilities, who received sentences for sex crimes.

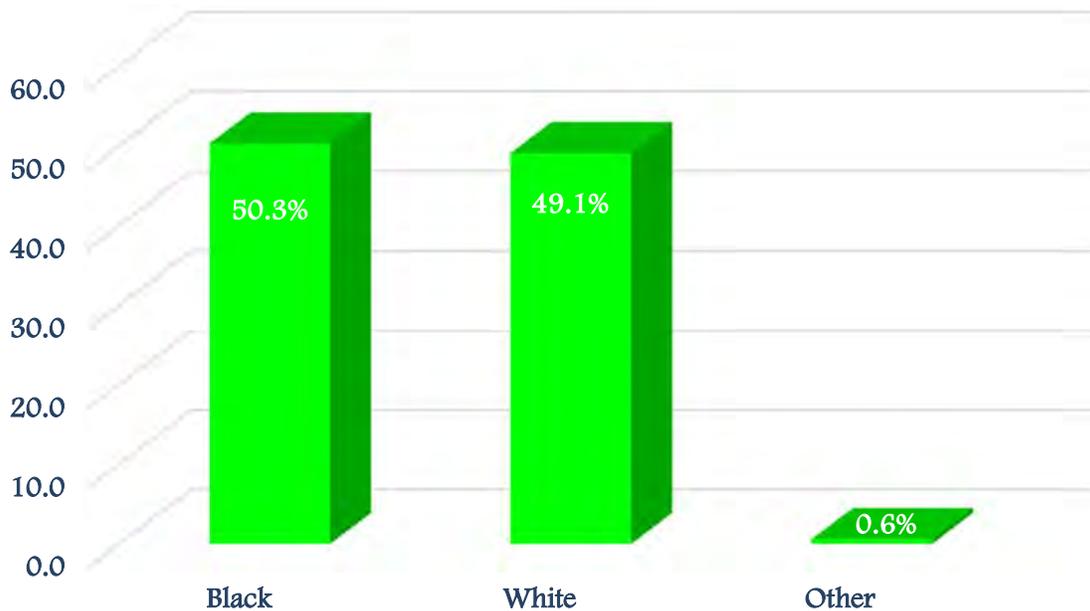
Figure 63: Number and Percentage of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population



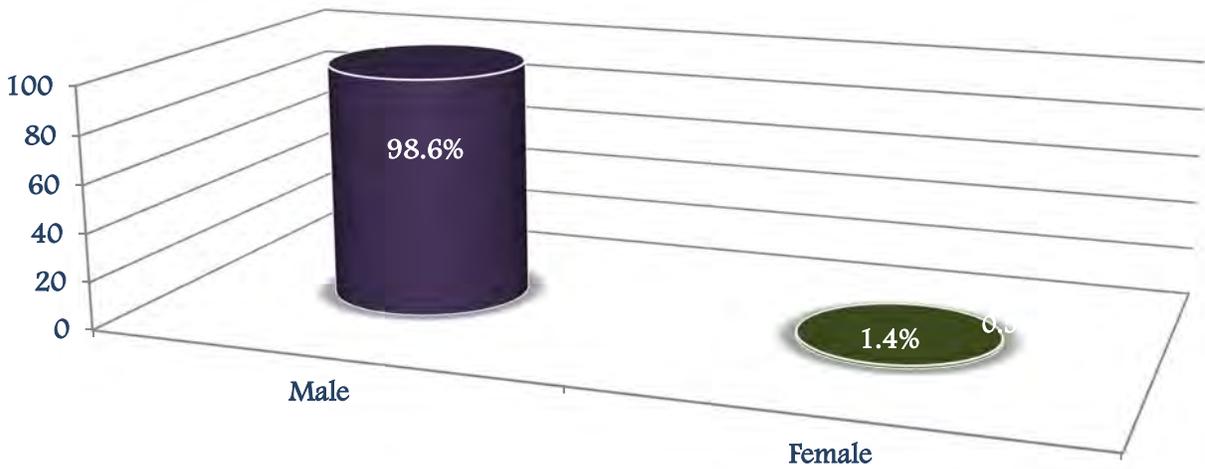
**Figure 64: Trend of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population for 2012 - 2018**



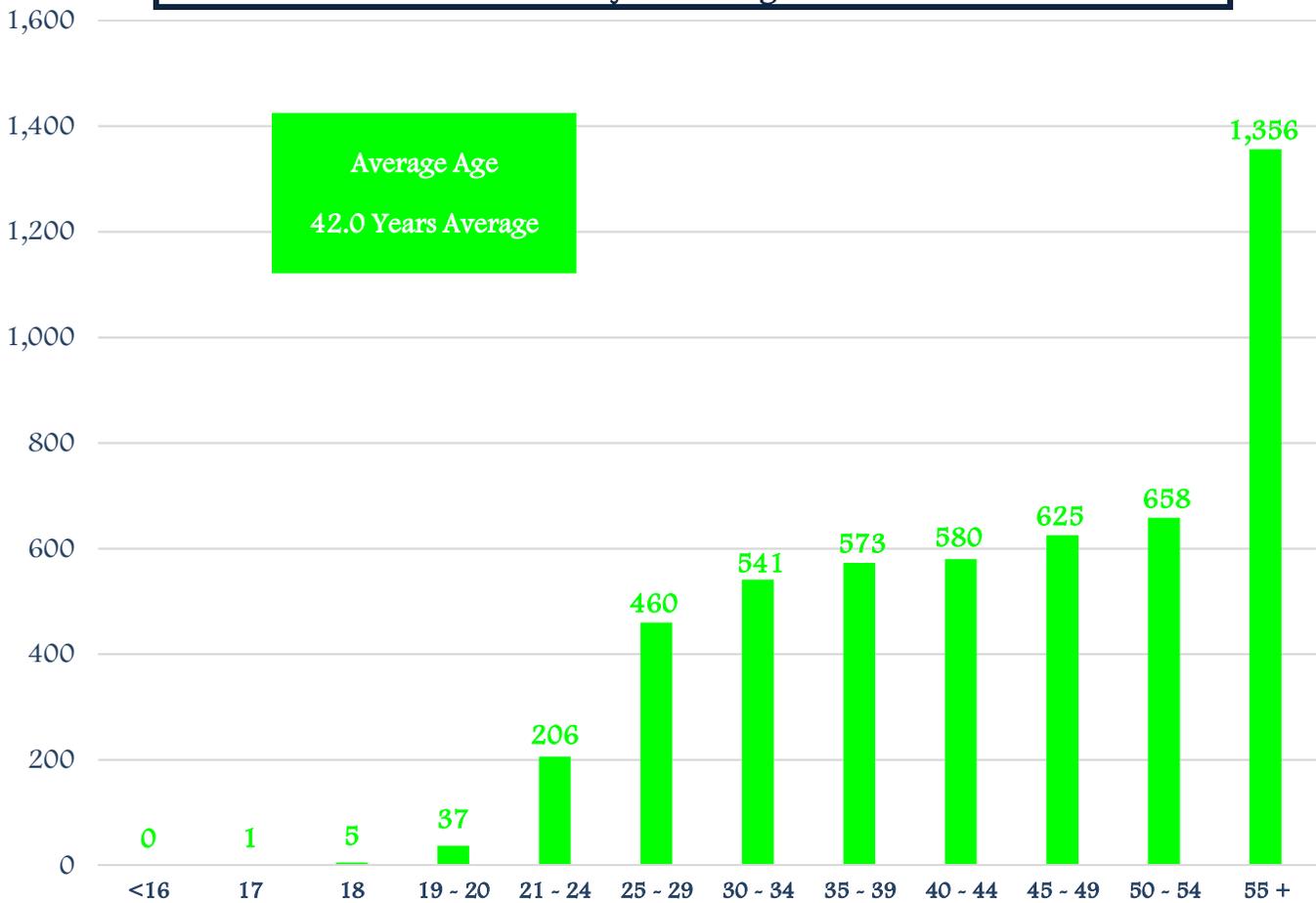
**Figure 65: Percentage of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Race**



**Figure 66: Percentage of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Sex**



**Figure 67: Number of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Current Age**



**Table 27: Percentage of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Crimes**

Most Serious Crime Committed	Percent
Violent Crimes	58.8%
Drug Crimes	1.1%
Property Crimes	1.3%
All Other Crimes	38.8%

**Table 28: Percentage of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Time Served**

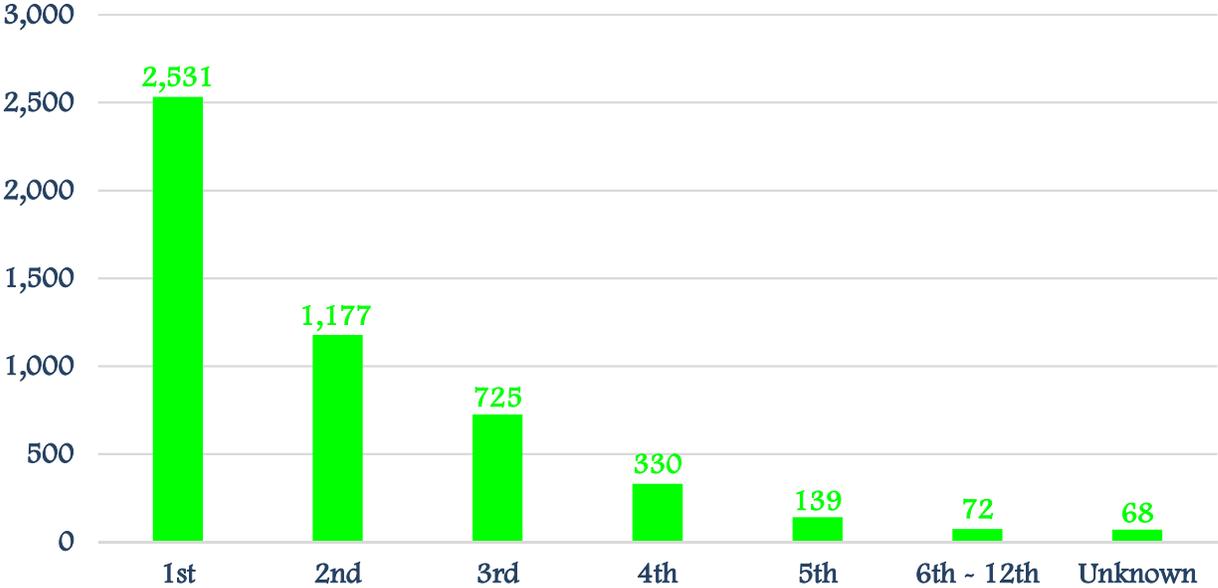
Time Served in Years	Percent of Sex Offenders
0 – 5	49.4%
6 – 10	21.1%
11 – 15	10.3%
16 – 20	7.1%
21 +	12.0%
Unknown	0.1%

*Average Time Served:  
8.53 Years*

**Table 29: Percentage of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Maximum Years to be Served**

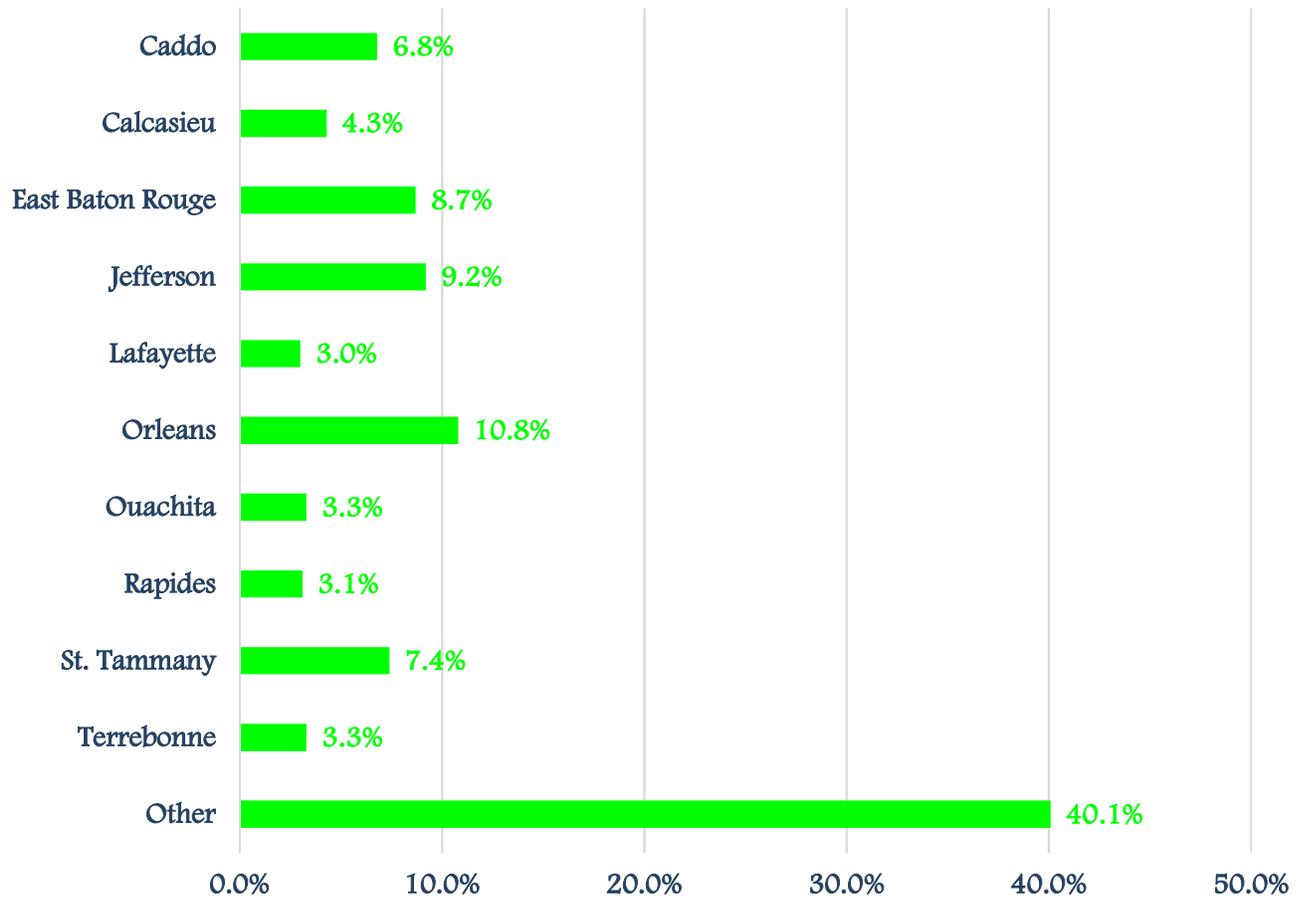
Maximum Years Sentenced	Percentage of Sex Offender Population
0 – 2	1.8%
3 – 4	3.8%
5 – 6	8.0%
7 – 10	14.5%
11 – 16	10.7%
17 – 20	11.0%
>20 (Fixed Term)	47.1%
Life	2.9%
Death	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0.2%

**Figure 68: Number of Sex Offender in Custody Correctional Population by Offender Class\***

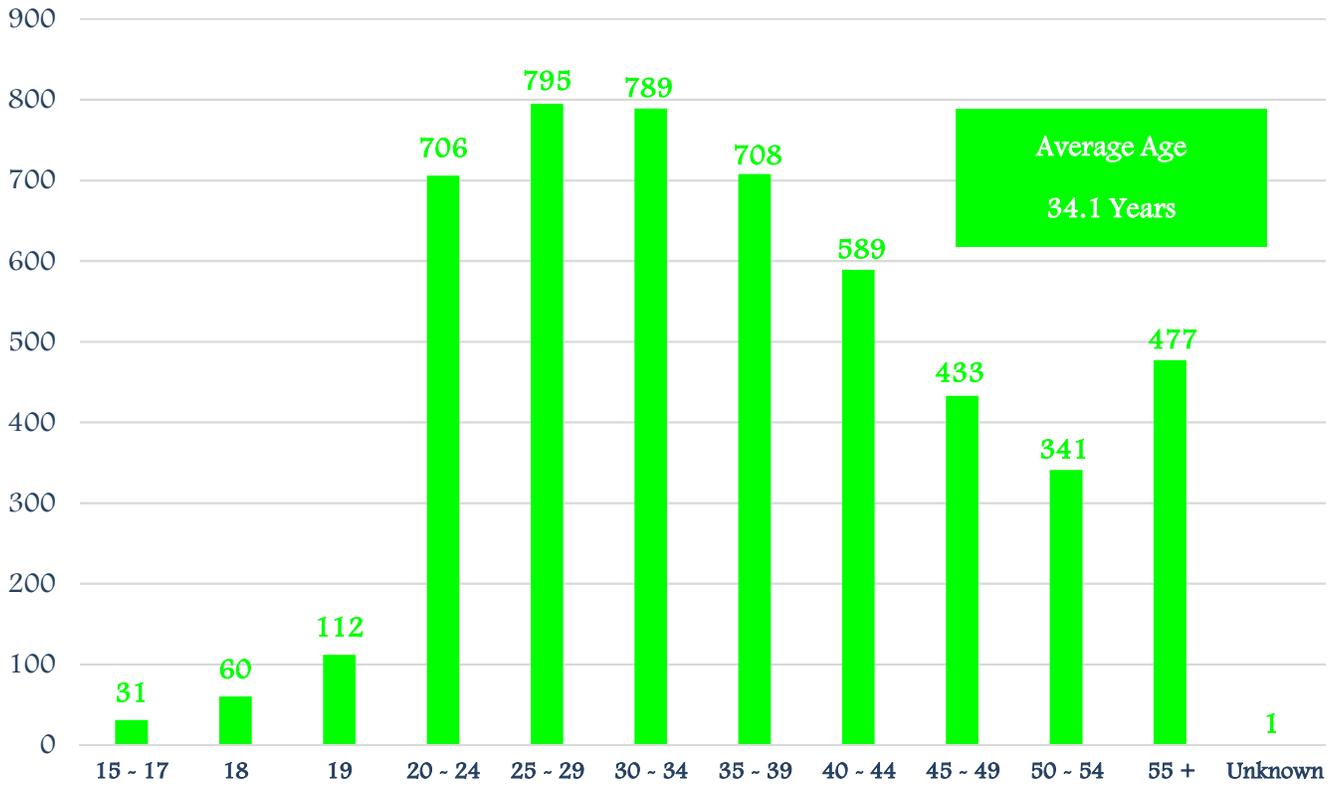


\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

**Figure 69: Percentage of Sex Offender in Custody Correctional Population by Parish of Commitment**



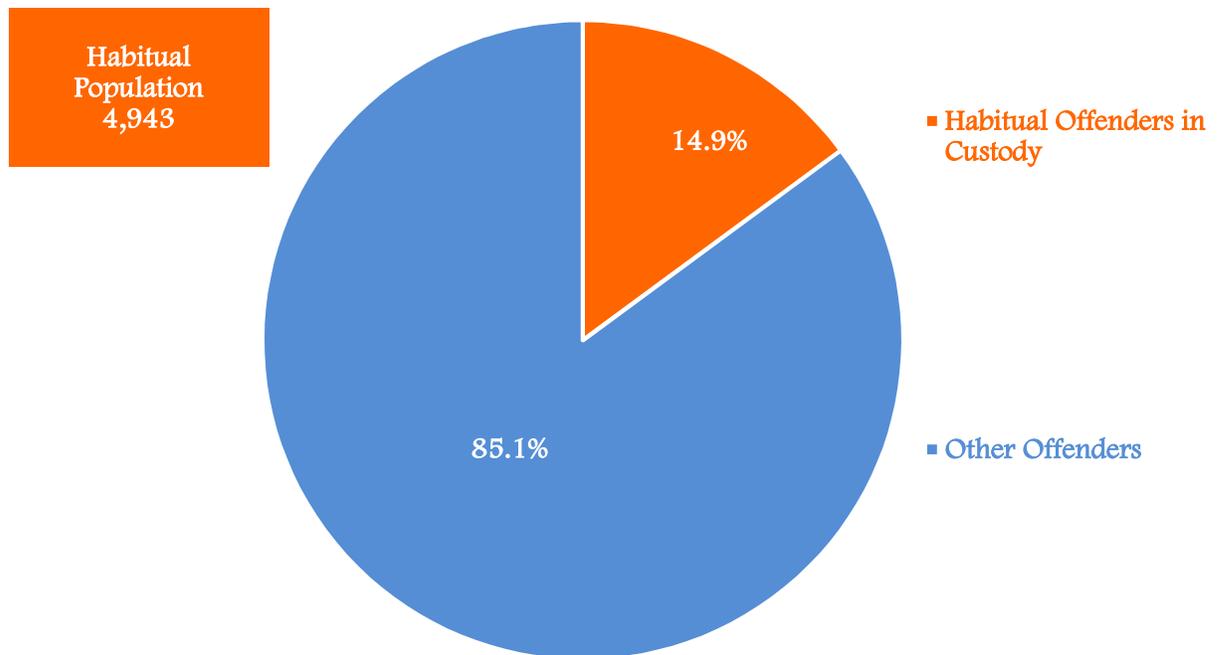
**Figure 70: Number of Sex Offenders in Custody Correctional Population by Conviction Age**



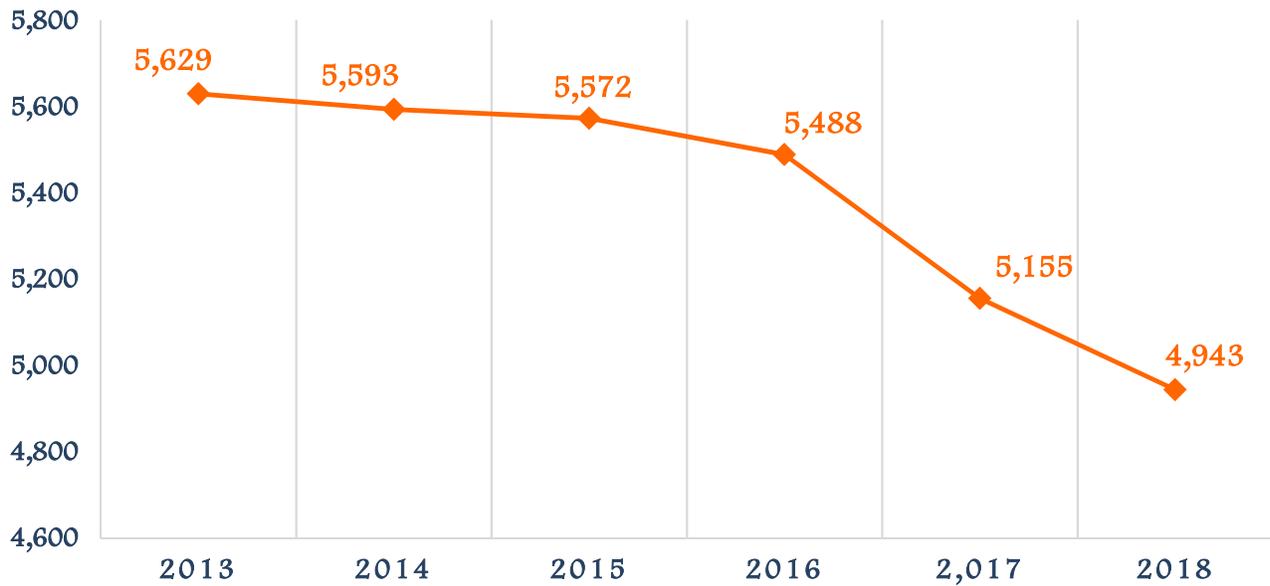
## 12. Demographic Profiles of Habitual Offender Population

There were 4,943 adult offenders in the state prison facilities, who received sentences for habitual crimes.

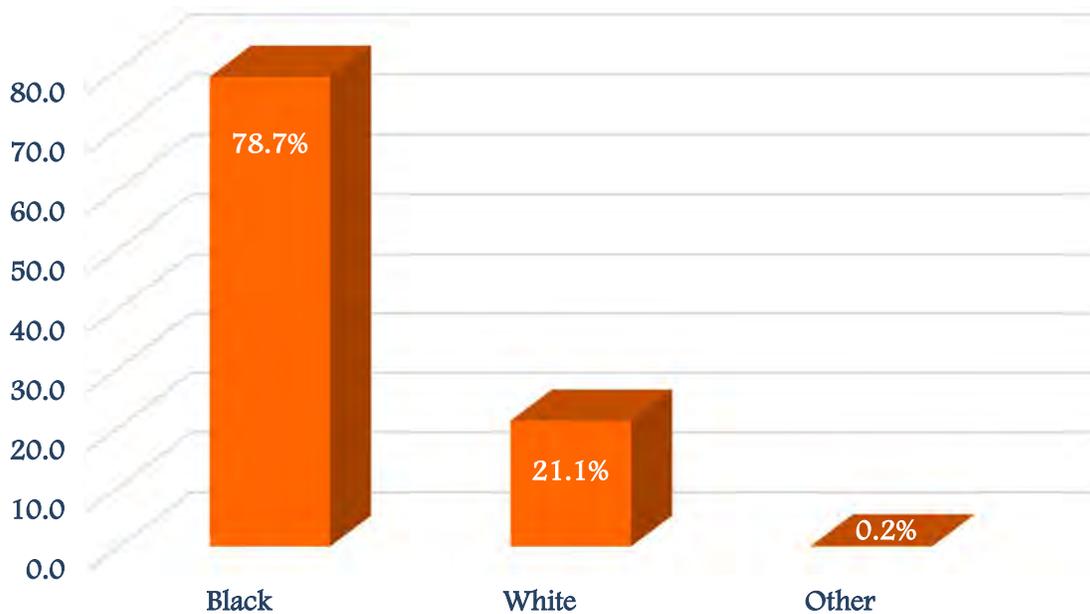
Figure 71: Number and Percentage of Habitual Offender Population



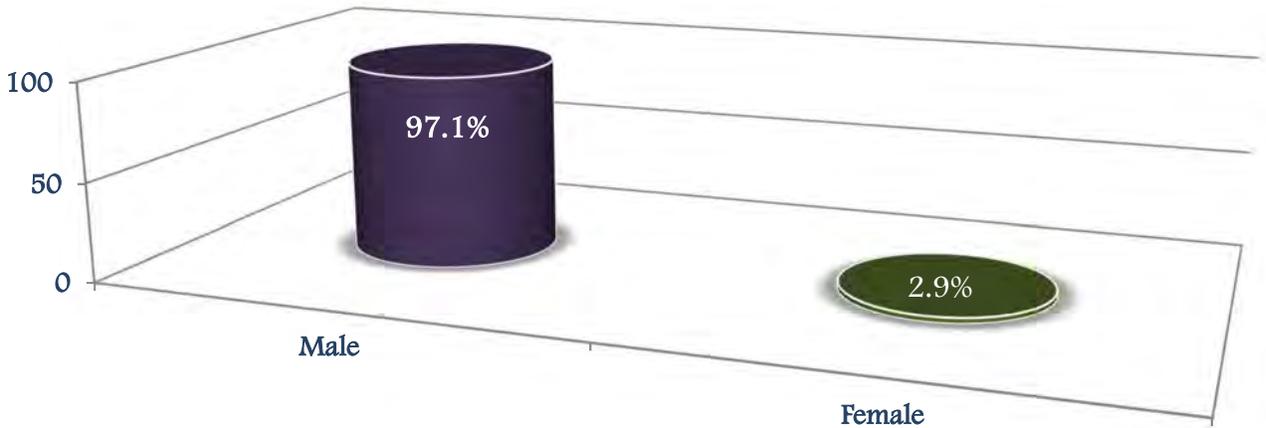
**Figure 72: Trend of Habitual Offender Population for 2012 - 2018**



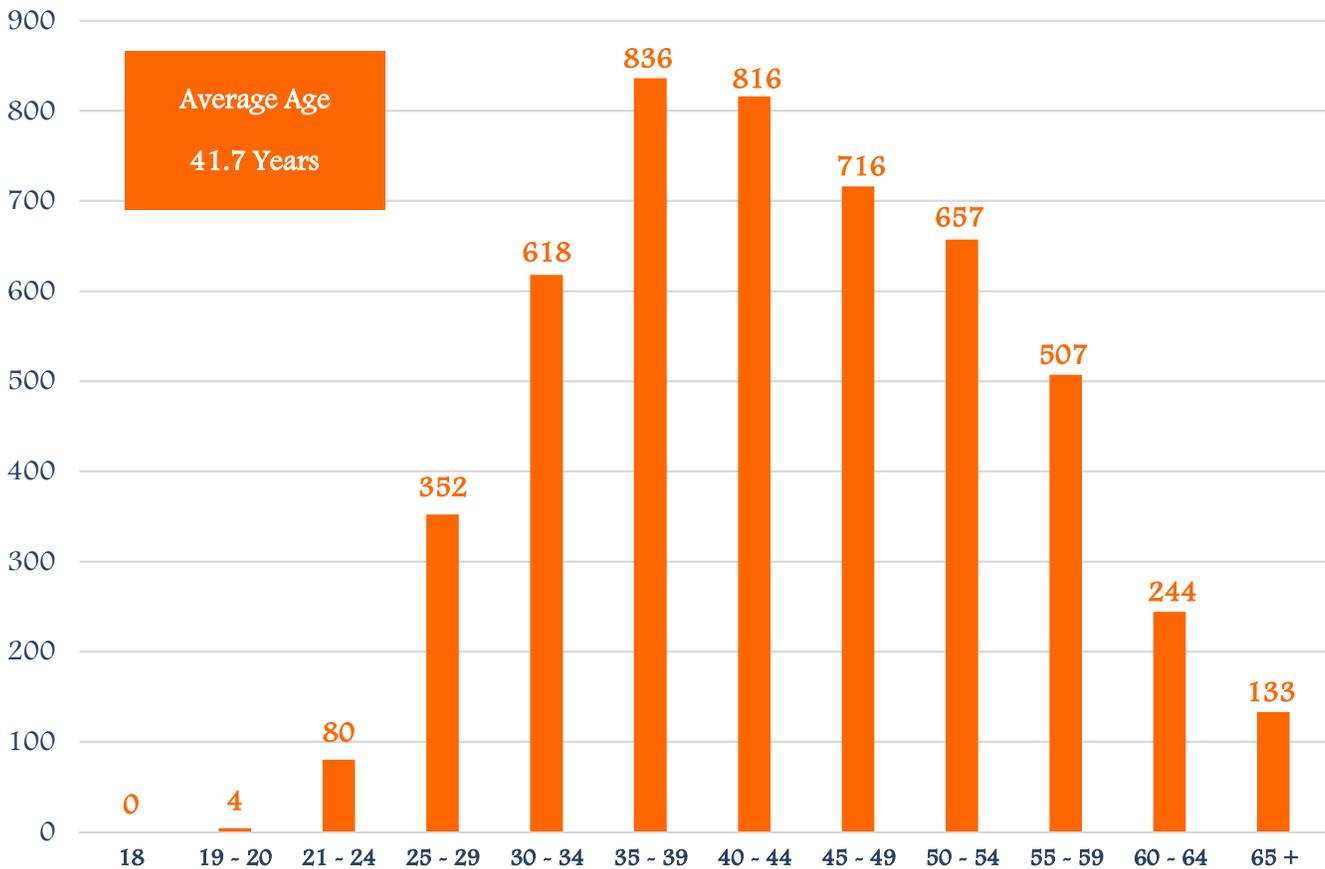
**Figure 73: Percentage of Habitual Offender Population by Race**



**Figure 74: Percentage of Habitual Offender Population by Sex**



**Figure 75: Number of Habitual Offender Population by Current Age**



**Table 30: Percentage of Habitual Offender Population by Crimes**

Most Serious Crime Committed	Percent
Violent Crimes	35.6%
Drug Crimes	31.0%
Property Crimes	19.8%
All Other Crimes	13.6%

**Table 31: Percentage of Habitual Offender Population by Time Served**

Time Served in Years	Percent of Habitual Offenders Population
0 – 5	47.5%
6 – 10	25.0%
11 – 15	9.9%
16 – 20	11.3%
21 +	6.2%
Unknown	0.1%

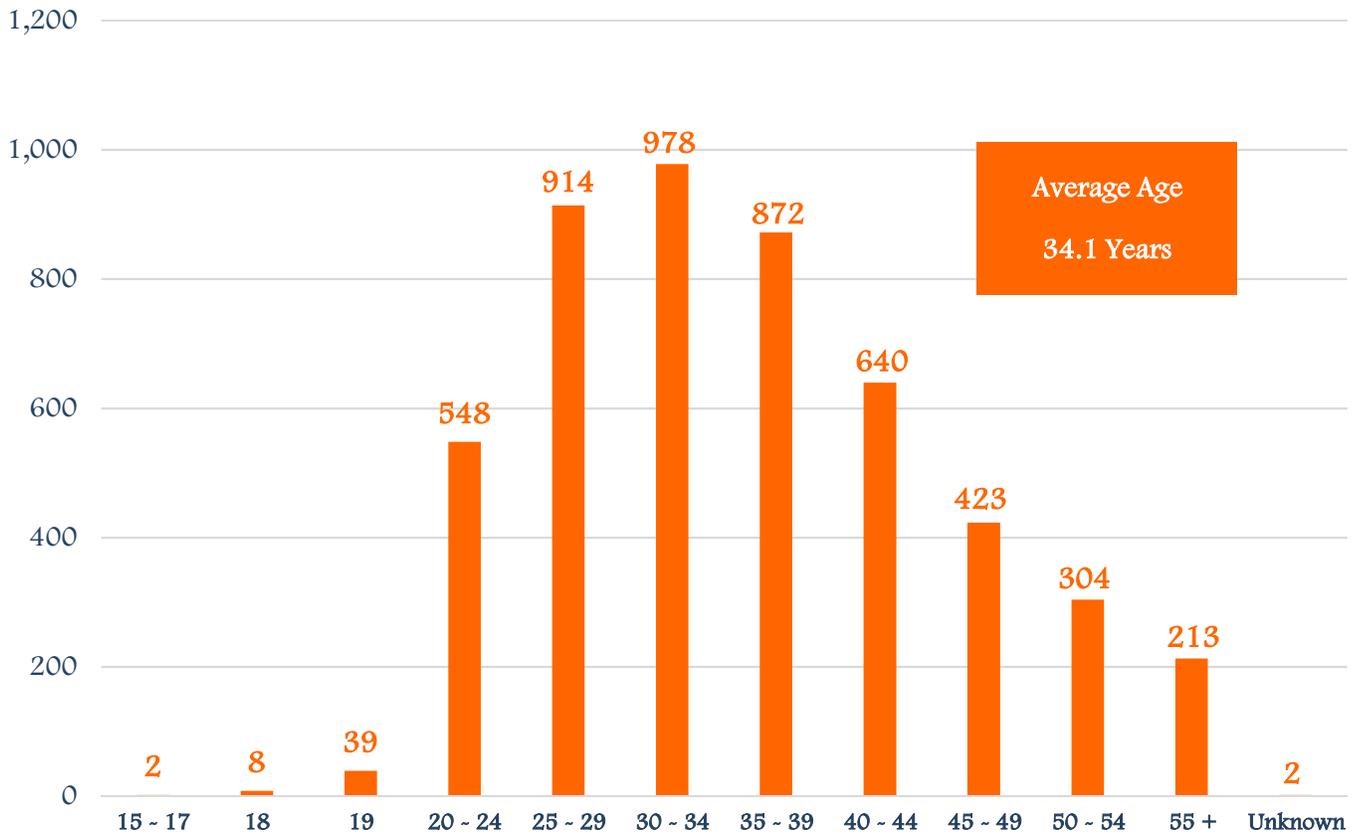
*Average Time Served:  
8.03 Years*

**Table 32: Number and Percentage of Habitual Offender Population by Maximum Years to be Served**

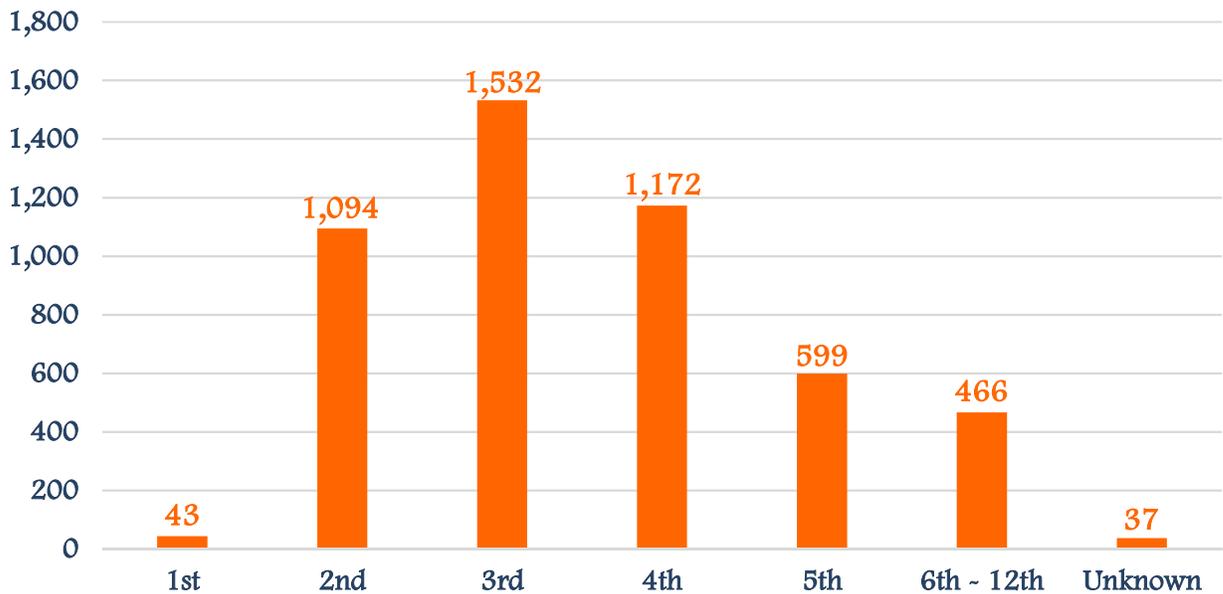
Maximum Years Sentenced	Number of Offenders	Percentage of Population
0 – 2	21	0.4%
3 – 4	115	2.2%
5 – 6	473	9.2%
7 – 10	937	18.2%
11 – 16	787	15.3%
17 – 20	529	10.3%
>20 (Fixed Term)	1,468	28.5%
Life	613	11.9%
Death	0	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	0	0.0%

Average Time Served:  
34.50 Years

**Figure 76: Number of Habitual Offender Population by Conviction Age**

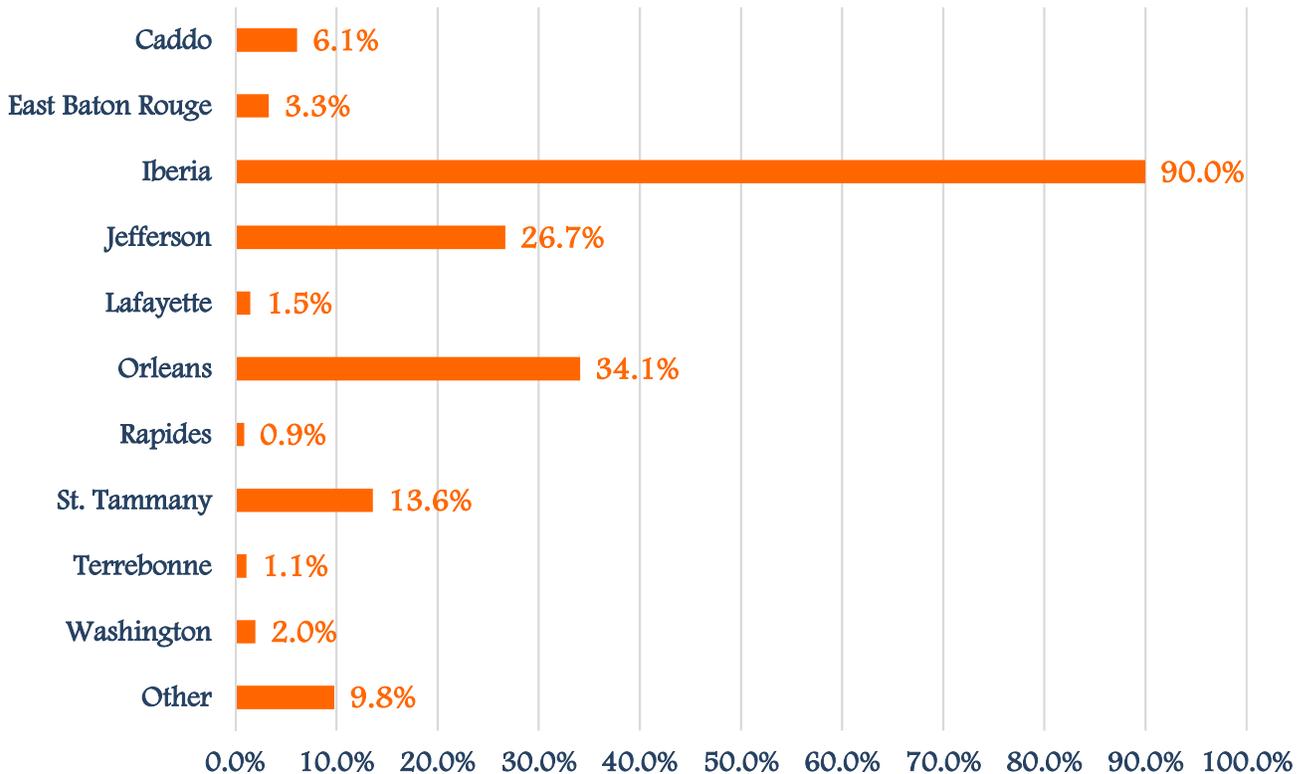


**Figure 77: Number of Habitual Offender Population by Offender Class\***

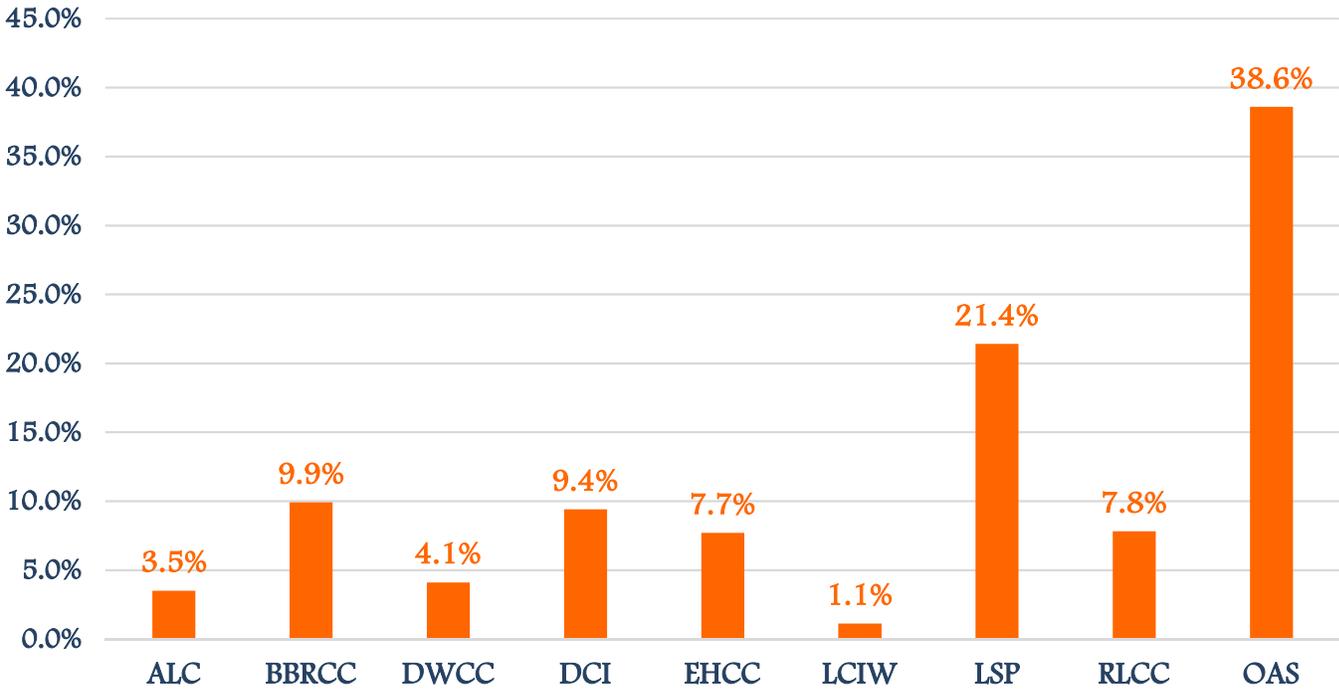


\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

**Figure 78: Percentage of Habitual Offender Population by Parish of Commitment**



**Figure 79: Percentnage of Habitual Offender Population by Facility Breakout**



ALC	Allen Correctional Center
BBRCC	B. B. Rayburn Correctional Center
DWCC	David Wade Correctional Center
DCI	Dixon Correctional Institute
EHCC	Elayn Hunt Correctional Center
LCIW	Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women
LSP	Louisiana State Penitentiary
RLCC	Raymond Laborde Correctional Center
OAS	Other Adult Services

## 14. Summary of Adult Incarceration Releases

This document represents a demographic snapshot of the adult inmates in the state correctional system on *June 30, 2018*.

The information below can be found in the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections "*Briefing Book*" in the *Recidivism, Admissions, and Release* section.

<https://www.doc.la.gov/media/1/Briefing%20Book/July%2018/3.recidivism.admissions.releases.pdf>

**Table 33A: Number and Percentage of Adult Incarceration Releases for 2015**

2015 Adult Incarceration Release Data				Release Types				
Crime	Total Releases	Average Length of Sentence (Years)*	Average Time Served (Years)*	GTPS**	GT***	Fullterm	Parole****	Other*****
Violent Crimes	3,181	9.6%	5.0%	76.7%	0.2%	13.0%	4.0%	6.3%
Property Crimes	6,168	4.8%	1.4%	94.3%	0.0%	2.6%	1.8%	1.3%
Drug Crimes	6,135	5.3%	1.6%	93.4%	0.0%	2.2%	2.9%	1.5%
All Others	2,366	4.7%	1.5%	76.4%	0.0%	15.8%	0.6%	7.1%

\*Offenders may have multiple convictions at the time of commitment; this data represents cumulative sentences at time for all convictions. Life and death sentences are computed as 99 years for sentence averages. This is average sentence length only of those released and does not include inmates remaining in prison.

\*\*Goodtime parole supervision (diminution of sentence).

\*\*\*Goodtime; inmates sentenced prior to 1972.

\*\*\*\*Represents Parole Board actions.

\*\*\*\*\*Includes conviction.

**Table 33B: Number and Percentage of Adult Incarceration Releases for 2016**

2016 Adult Incarceration Release Data				Release Types				
Crime	Total Releases	Average Length of Sentence (Years)*	Average Time Served (Years)*	GTPS**	GT***	Fullterm	Parole****	Other*****
Violent Crimes	3,002	9.0%	4.8%	75.3%	0.2%	14.5%	3.3%	6.7%
Property Crimes	5,598	4.8%	1.3%	94.9%	0.0%	2.4%	1.6%	1.1%
Drug Crimes	5,577	5.3%	1.5%	94.4%	0.0%	2.4%	2.0%	1.2%
Sex Non-Violent Crimes	353	5.4%	3.9%	16.7%	0.0%	49.9%	2.0%	31.4%
All Others	1,981	4.5%	1.1%	86.2%	0.0%	10.3%	0.8%	2.7%

\*Offenders may have multiple convictions at the time of commitment; this data represents cumulative sentences at time for all convictions. Life and death sentences are computed as 99 years for sentence averages. This is average sentence length only of those released and does not include inmates remaining in prison.

\*\*Goodtime parole supervision (diminution of sentence).

\*\*\*Goodtime; inmates sentenced prior to 1972.

\*\*\*\*Represents Parole Board actions.

\*\*\*\*\*Includes conviction.

**Table 33C: Number and Percentage of Adult Incarceration Releases for 2017**

2017 Adult Incarceration Release Data				Release Types				
Crime	Total Releases	Average Length of Sentence (Years)*	Average Time Served (Years)*	GTPS**	GT***	Fullterm	Parole****	Other*****
Violent Crimes	3,218	9.0%	4.7%	76.8%	0.1%	13.9%	3.2%	6.0%
Property Crimes	6,251	5.0%	1.4%	95.8%	0.0%	2.2%	0.9%	1.1%
Drug Crimes	6,165	5.8%	1.6%	94.5%	0.0%	2.2%	1.9%	1.3%
Sex Non-Violent Crimes	369	5.8%	4.2%	15.4%	0.0%	51.8%	1.6%	31.2%
All Others	2,077	5.0%	1.3%	88.5%	0.0%	8.7%	0.4%	2.3%

\*Offenders may have multiple convictions at the time of commitment; this data represents cumulative sentences at time for all convictions. Life and death sentences are computed as 99 years for sentence averages. This is average sentence length only of those released and does not include inmates remaining in prison.

\*\*Goodtime parole supervision (diminution of sentence).

\*\*\*Goodtime; inmates sentenced prior to 1972.

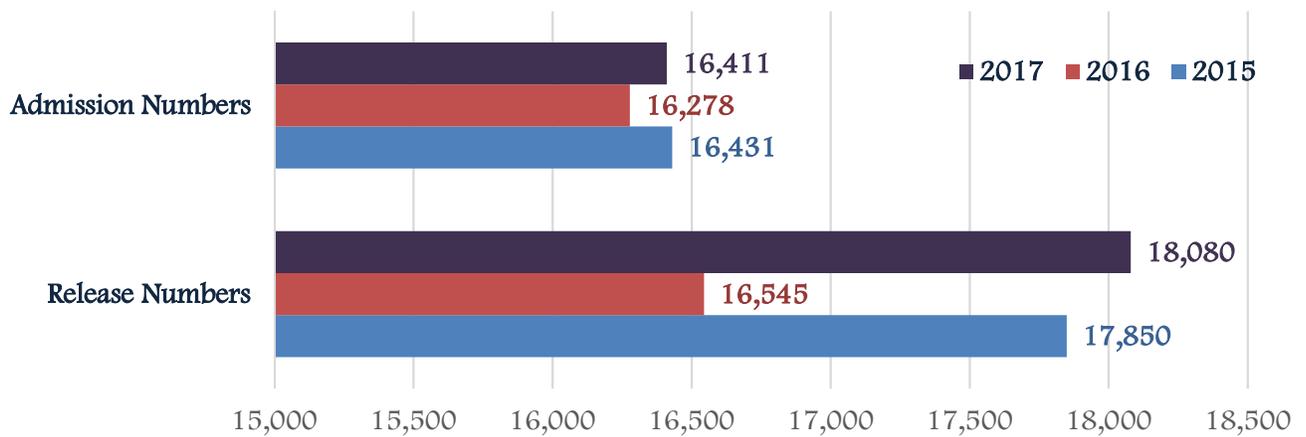
\*\*\*\*Represents Parole Board actions.

\*\*\*\*\*Includes conviction.

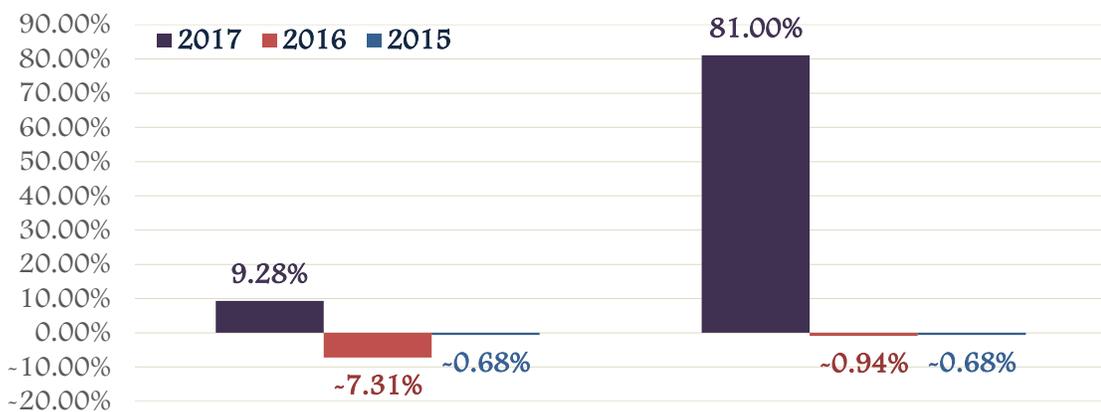
**Table 34A: Number and Percentages of Admission and Release by Comparison for 2015 - 2017**

Year	Admission Numbers	Change Percentage	Release Numbers	Change Percentage	Net Change (Difference)
2015	16,431	-0.68%	17,850	-0.68%	-1,419
2016	16,278	-0.94%	16,545	-7.31%	-267
2017	16,411	0.81%	18,080	9.28%	-1,669

**Figure 34B: Number of Admissions and Release by Comparison for 2015 - 2017**



**Figure 34C: Percentage of Admission and Release by Comparison for 2015 - 2017**



**Recidivism:**

Return to custody following conviction for a new felony or technical revocation of supervision after having been released from incarceration through completed sentence, released on parole, conditional release, or split probation sentence. Offenders released to a detainer, released in error, deceased, or transferred to another jurisdiction are not included. An offender may be released multiple times but is only counted once per release year.

**Table 35: Percentage of Return of Recidivism in Adult Corrections**

	Release Year				
	1 <sup>st</sup> Year 2016 12 months Returns	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year 2015 24 months Returns	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year 2014 36 months Returns	4 <sup>th</sup> Year 2013 48 months Returns	5 <sup>th</sup> Year 2012 60 months Returns
<b>Total Population</b>	15.3%	28.3%	34.1%	39.7%	43.7%
<b>State Facilities</b>	12.4%	25.3%	32.0%	38.1%	43.4%
<b>Local Facilities</b>	17.4%	31.4%	36.6%	42.8%	46.3%
<b>Transitional Work Programs</b>	11.1%	23.0%	30.6%	33.1%	37.7%
<b>Impact*</b>	12.8%	26.8%	38.9%	47.0%	46.4%
<b>Blue Waters**</b>	12.3%	30.7%	39.2%	43.9%	48.9%
<b>Parole Board Releases</b>	4.2%	15.5%	24.4%	30.2%	38.5%
<b>Sex Offenders</b>	8.5%	17.3%	20.9%	29.4%	33.3%
<b>Education</b>	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Female</b>	10.9%	20.4%	22.8%	26.5%	31.3%

\*Impact: Intensive Motivational Program Alternative Correctional Treatment

\*\*Blue Waters Substance Use Treatment Program

**Table 36 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections of Total Population**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 2016 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 2015 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 2014 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 2013 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 2012 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	14,477	2,343	16.2%	4,254	29.4%	5,249	36.3%	5,877	40.6%	6,322	43.7%
2013	15,232	2,453	16.1%	4,393	28.8%	5,346	35.1%	6,040	39.7%	--	--
2014	15,009	2,317	15.4%	4,058	27.0%	5,125	34.1%	--	--	--	--
2015	14,812	2,194	14.8%	4,193	28.3%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	13,317	2,043	15.3%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 37: Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections of Total Population by Crimes**

	Release Year				
	1 <sup>st</sup> Year 2016	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year 2015	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year 2014	4 <sup>th</sup> Year 2013	5 <sup>th</sup> Year 2012
Violent Crimes	1.4%	2.5%	3.1%	3.9%	4.3%
Drug Crimes	5.0%	9.4%	12.0%	14.4%	16.2%
Property Crimes	6.3%	11.2%	12.8%	14.5%	15.7%
All Other Crimes	2.7%	5.2%	6.2%	6.9%	7.4%

**Table 38 : Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections of Total Population by Offender Class**

	Release Year				
	1 <sup>st</sup> Year 2016	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year 2015	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year 2014	4 <sup>th</sup> Year 2013	5 <sup>th</sup> Year 2012
1 <sup>st</sup> Offender	9.3%	8.5%	7.9%	7.7%	7.2%
2 <sup>nd</sup> Offender	23.6%	22.7%	21.4%	22.2%	21.7%
3 <sup>rd</sup> Offender	24.5%	27.5%	28.7%	28.0%	28.3%
4 <sup>th</sup> Offender	42.5%	41.1%	41.8%	41.8%	42.7%
Unknown	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%

**Table 39 : Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections of Total Population  
by Age of Release**

	Release Year				
	1 <sup>st</sup> Year 2016	2 <sup>nd</sup> Year 2015	3 <sup>rd</sup> Year 2014	4 <sup>th</sup> Year 2013	5 <sup>th</sup> Year 2012
<=16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
17	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
18	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
19 – 20	0.5%	0.8%	1.1%	1.5%	1.8%
21 – 24	2.4%	4.5%	5.4%	6.7%	7.1%
25 – 29	3.1%	6.1%	7.6%	8.5%	9.7%
30 – 34	3.0%	5.6%	6.8%	8.0%	9.1%
35 – 39	2.6%	4.3%	4.8%	4.9%	5.1%
40 – 44	1.5%	2.7%	3.0%	3.5%	4.2%
45 – 49	1.0%	2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	3.2%
50 – 54	0.7%	1.4%	1.8%	2.1%	2.2%
55 +	0.5%	0.9%	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%

**Table 40: Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
of Total Population by State Facilities**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Return 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
2012	3,080	441	14.3%	873	28.3%	1,105	35.9%	1,240	40.3%	1,337	43.4%
2013	3,271	444	13.6%	849	26.0%	1,108	33.9%	1,246	38.1%	--	--
2014	3,097	407	13.1%	776	25.1%	991	32.0%	--	--	--	--
2015	3,030	363	12.0%	766	25.3%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	2,411	300	12.4%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 41 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
of Total Population by Local Facilities**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	8,431	1,546	18.3%	2,618	31.1%	3,246	38.5%	3,629	43.0%	3,902	46.3%
2013	9,034	1,634	18.1%	2,795	30.9%	3,425	37.9%	3,866	42.8%	--	--
2014	9,172	1,605	17.5%	2,697	29.4%	3,356	36.6%	--	--	--	--
2015	9,154	1,595	17.4%	2,870	31.4%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	8,795	1,534	17.4%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 42 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
of Total Population by Transitional Work Program**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	2,742	304	11.1%	635	23.2%	862	31.4%	965	35.2%	1,034	37.7%
2013	2,860	325	11.4%	641	22.4%	826	28.9%	947	33.1%	--	--
2014	2,847	332	11.7%	654	23.0%	870	30.6%	--	--	--	--
2015	2,741	273	10.0%	631	23.0%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	2,274	253	11.1%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 43 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections of Total Population by Blue Waters Substance Use Treatment Program**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2011	360	56	15.6%	110	30.6%	146	40.6%	163	45.3%	176	48.9%
2012	431	65	15.1%	123	28.5%	168	39.0%	193	44.8%	--	--
2013	551	92	16.7%	178	32.3%	215	39.0%	242	43.9%	--	--
2014	446	68	15.2%	137	30.7%	175	39.2%	--	--	--	--
2015	539	73	13.5%	167	31.0%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	536	66	12.3%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 44 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections of Total Population by Parole Board Releases\***

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	825	73	8.8%	176	21.3%	260	31.5%	291	35.3%	318	38.5%
2013	600	50	8.3%	115	19.2%	147	24.5%	181	30.2%	--	--
2014	513	44	8.6%	86	16.8%	125	24.4%	--	--	--	--
2015	425	28	6.6%	66	15.5%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	308	13	4.2%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

\*Excludes: Inact Graduates

**Table 45 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
of Total Population by Sex Offenders**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	603	56	9.3%	121	20.1%	164	27.2%	183	30.3%	201	33.3%
2013	683	74	10.8%	139	20.4%	181	26.5%	201	29.4%	--	--
2014	622	56	9.0%	101	16.2%	130	20.9%	--	--	--	--
2015	624	61	9.8%	108	17.3%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	576	49	8.5%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 46: Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
Of Total Populatin by Education**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	1,345	159	11.8%	340	25.3%	483	35.9%	562	41.8%	601	44.7%
2013	1,322	107	8.1%	254	19.2%	348	26.3%	415	31.4%	--	--
2014	1,158	109	9.4%	228	19.7%	312	26.9%	--	--	--	--
2015	1,071	75	7.0%	181	16.9%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	878	69	7.9%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 47: Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
of Total Population by Female Recidivism**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns 12 months		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns 24 months		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns 36 months		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 48 months		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns 60 months	
		Number	Percent								
2012	1,551	181	11.7%	308	19.9%	390	25.1%	445	28.7%	485	31.3%
2013	1,662	174	10.5%	301	18.1%	379	22.8%	441	26.5%	--	--
2014	1,661	161	9.7%	291	17.5%	379	22.8%	--	--	--	--
2015	1,618	165	10.2%	330	20.4%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	1,529	166	10.9%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Table 48 : Number and Percentage of Recidivism in Adult Corrections  
of Total Populatin by Probation and Parole Completions**

Year	Total Releases	1 <sup>st</sup> Year Returns		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Returns		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Returns		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns		5 <sup>th</sup> Year Returns	
		Number	Percent								
2012	19,017	866	4.6%	1,880	9.9%	2,688	14.1%	2,454	12.9%	2,848	15.0%
2013	19,546	858	4.4%	1,837	9.4%	2,738	14.0%	2,422	12.4%	--	--
2014	18,357	897	4.9%	1,293	7.0%	1,913	10.4%	--	--	--	--
2015	17,939	548	3.1%	1,212	6.8%	--	--	--	--	--	--
2016	18,255	619	3.4%	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

## 15. Demographic Profiles of Adult Probation, Parole, and Good Time Parole Supervision (GTPS) Population

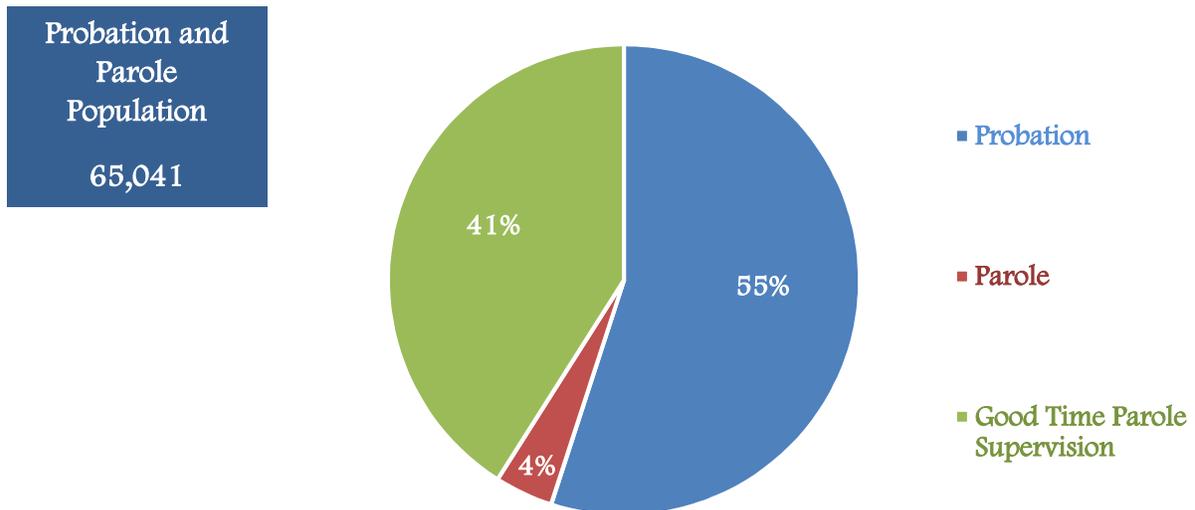
There was 35,834 probationers and 29,207 parolees being supervised. The parole population includes those offenders released pursuant to diminution of sentence / parole supervision for a total of 65,041.

This document represents a demographic snapshot of the inmates in the state correctional system on *June 30, 2018*.

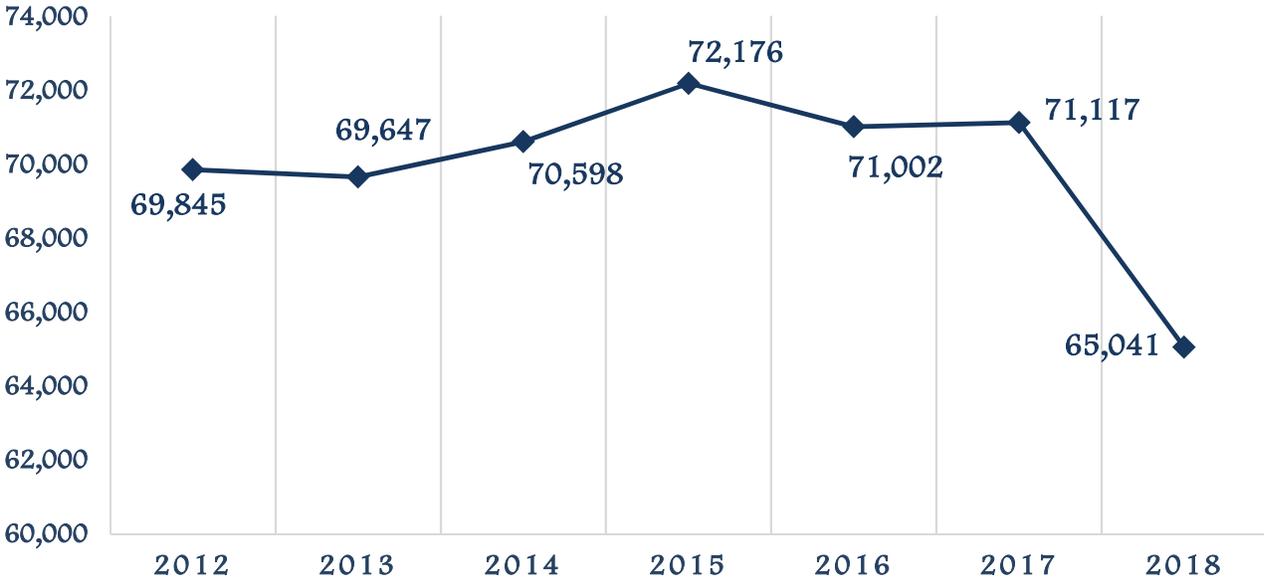
The information below can be found in the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections "Briefing Book" in the *Probation and Parole* section.

<https://www.doc.la.gov/media/1/Briefing%20Book/July%2018/3.recidivism.admissions.releases.pdf>

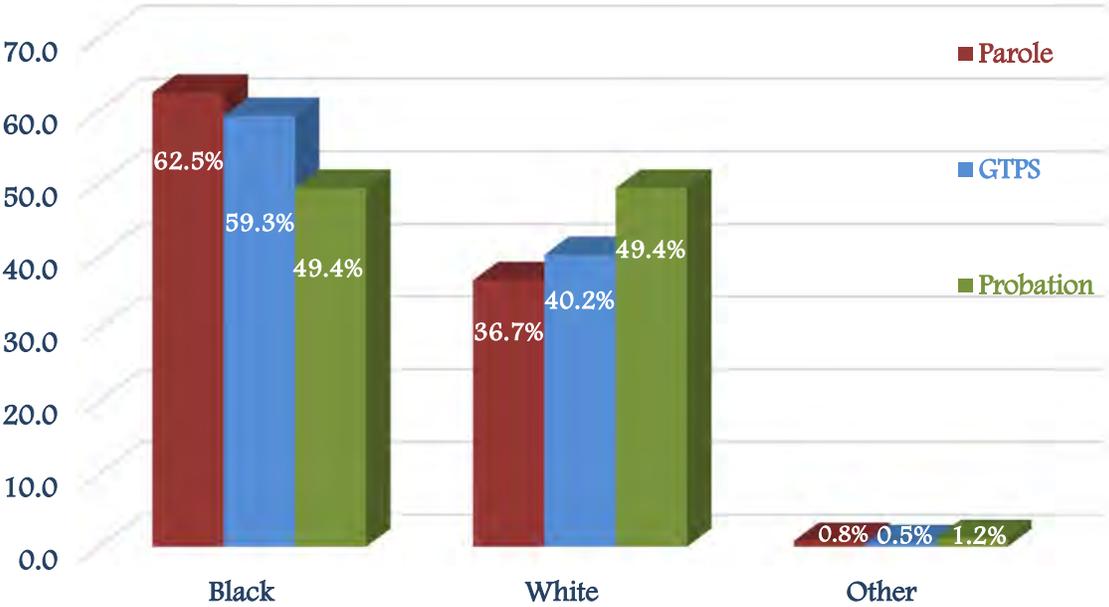
Figure 80: Number and Percentage of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population



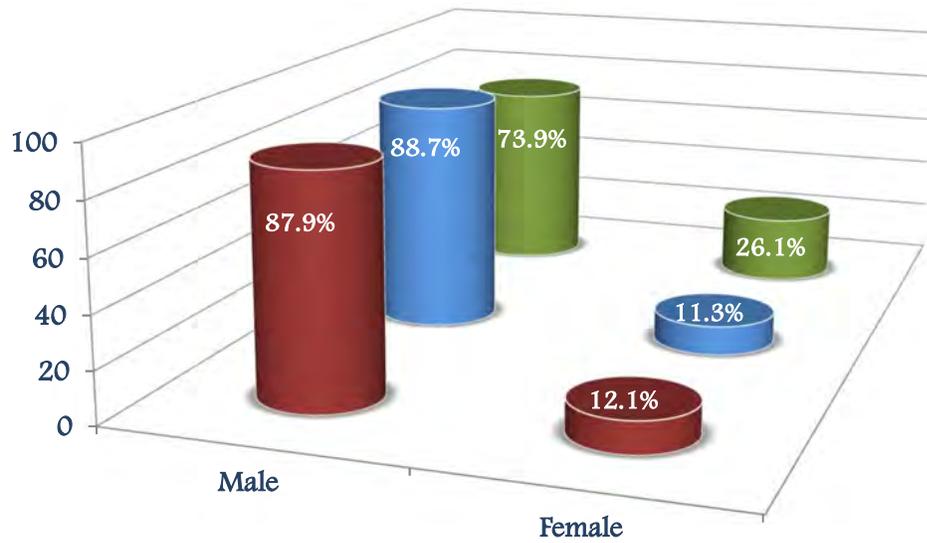
**Figure 81: Trend of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population for 2012 - 2018**



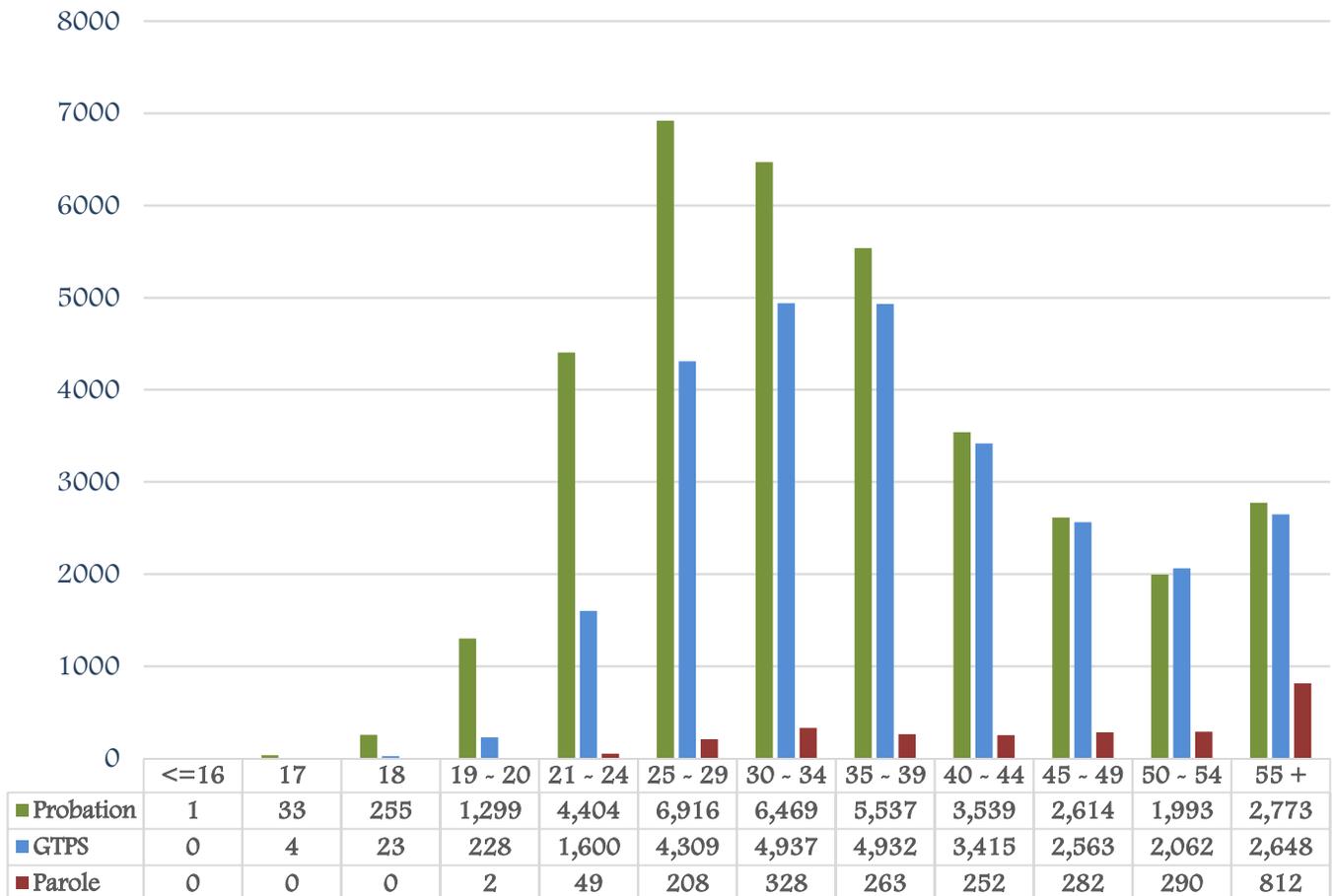
**Figure 82: Percentage of Probation, Parole and GTPS Population by Race**



**Figure 83: Percentage of Probation, Parole, and GTPS by Sex**



**Figure 84: Number of Probation, Parole, and GTPS by Current Age**



**Table 49: Percentage of Probation, Parole, and GTPS by Crimes**

Most Serious Commitment Crime	Probation	GTPS	Parole
Violent Crimes	10.7%	10.4%	34.6%
Drug Crimes	42.1%	40.3%	34.3%
Property Crimes	29.3%	27.8%	16.2%
Sex Non-Violent Crimes	2.3%	0.3%	1.6%
All Other Crimes	15.6%	21.2%	13.3%

**Table 50: Percentage of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Maximum Years to be Served**

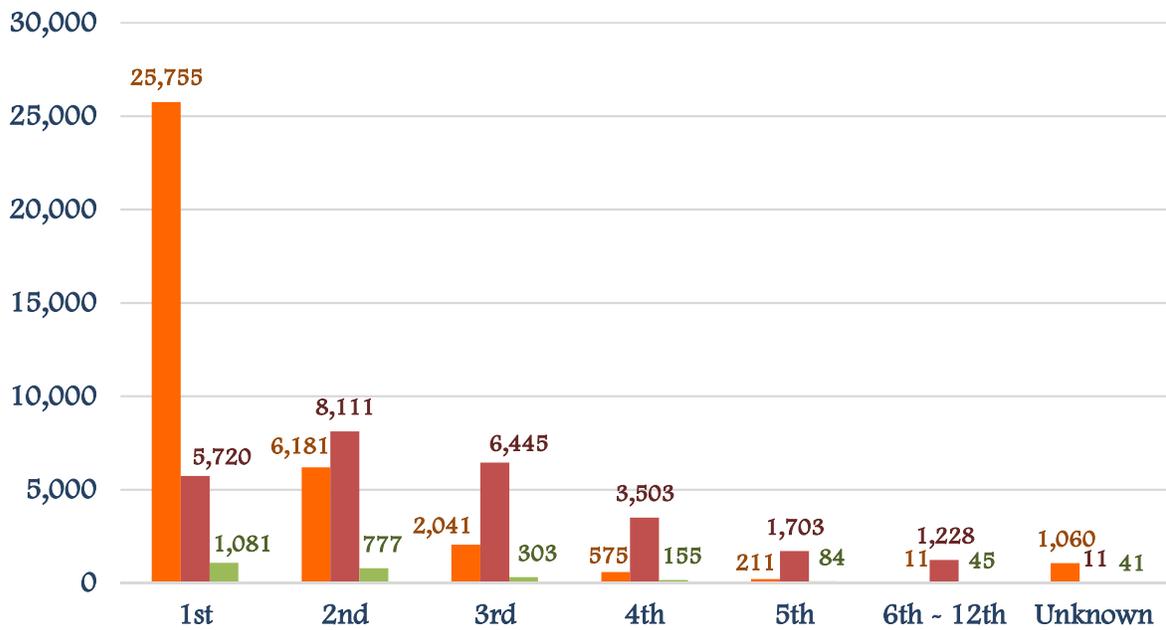
Maximum Years Sentenced	Probation	GTPS	Parole
0 – 2	21.3%	11.2%	1.8%
3 – 4	38.2%	19.6%	2.4%
5 – 6	36.0%	18.7%	6.1%
6 – 10	2.9%	31.4%	19.3%
11 – 16	0.2%	10.8%	5.9%
17 – 20	0.1%	3.2%	3.2%
>20 (Fixed Term)	0.1%	4.9%	27.1%
Life	0.0%	0.0%	6.5%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	1.2%	0.2%	27.7%

*Average Maximum Sentence:  
3.8%*

*Average Maximum Sentence:  
8.1%*

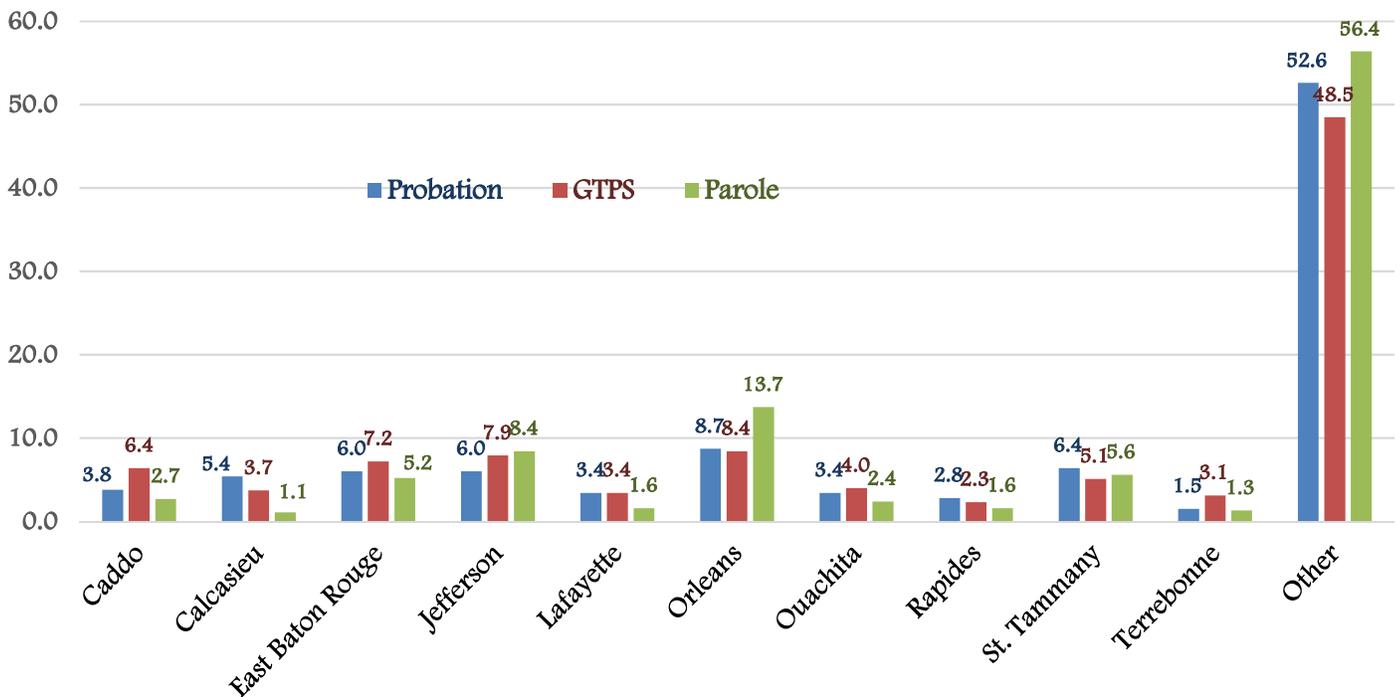
*Average Maximum Sentence:  
30.0%*

**Figure 85: Number of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Offender Class\***



\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

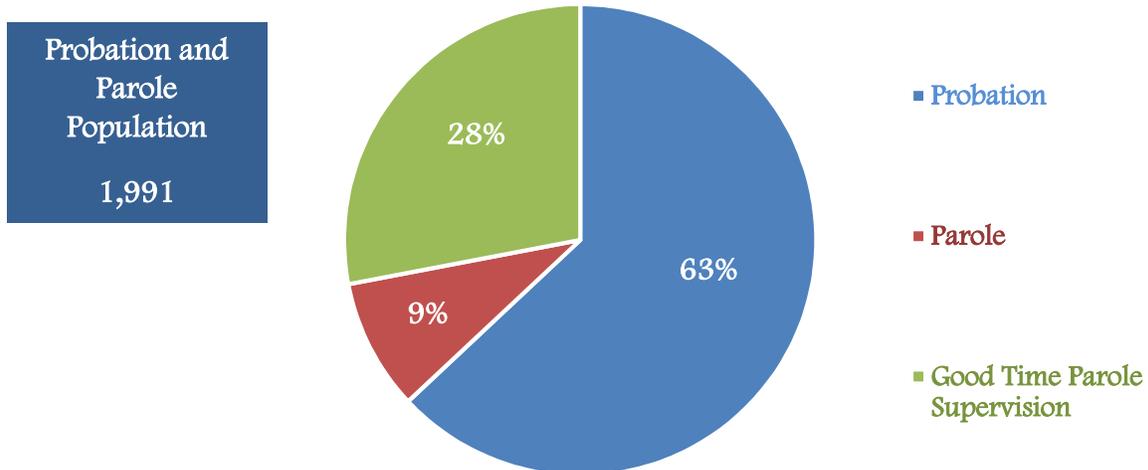
**Figure 86: Percentage of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Parish of Commitment**



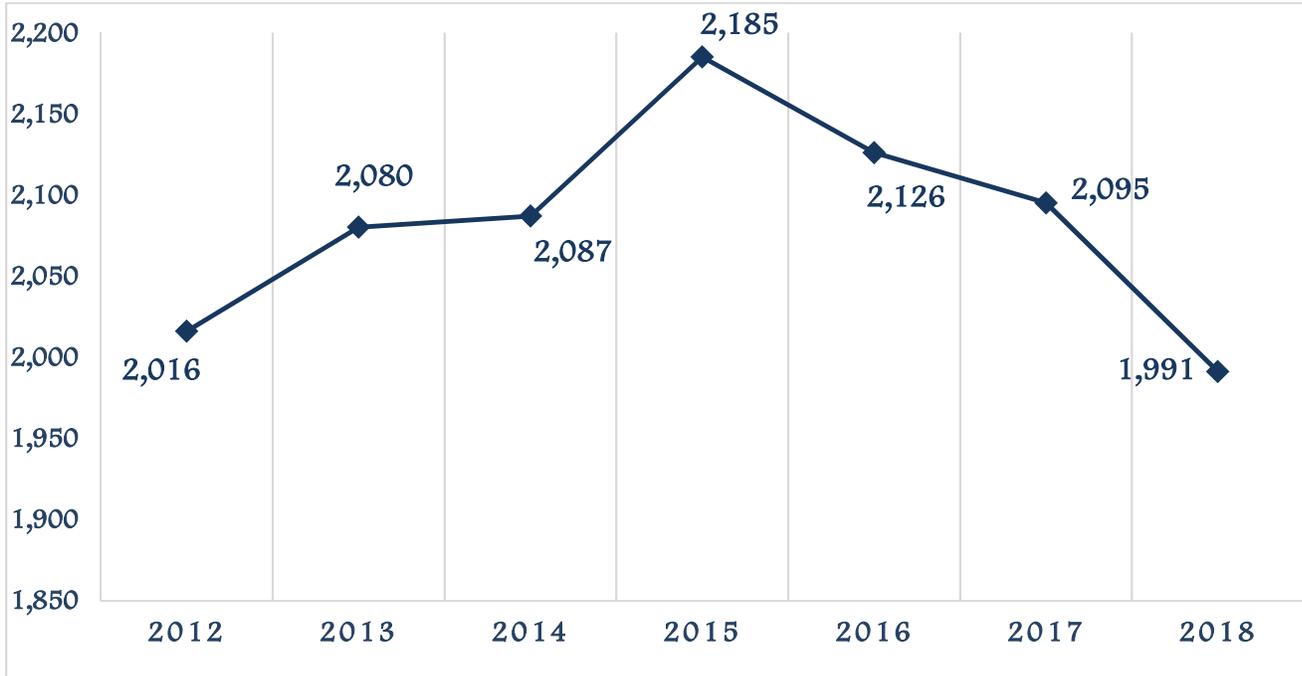
**16. Demographic Profiles of Adult Sex Offenders Probation, Parole, and Good Time Parole Supervision (GTPS) Population**

There were 1,253 probationers, 175 parolees, and 563 offenders released pursuant to diminution of sentence for a total of 1,991 being supervised.

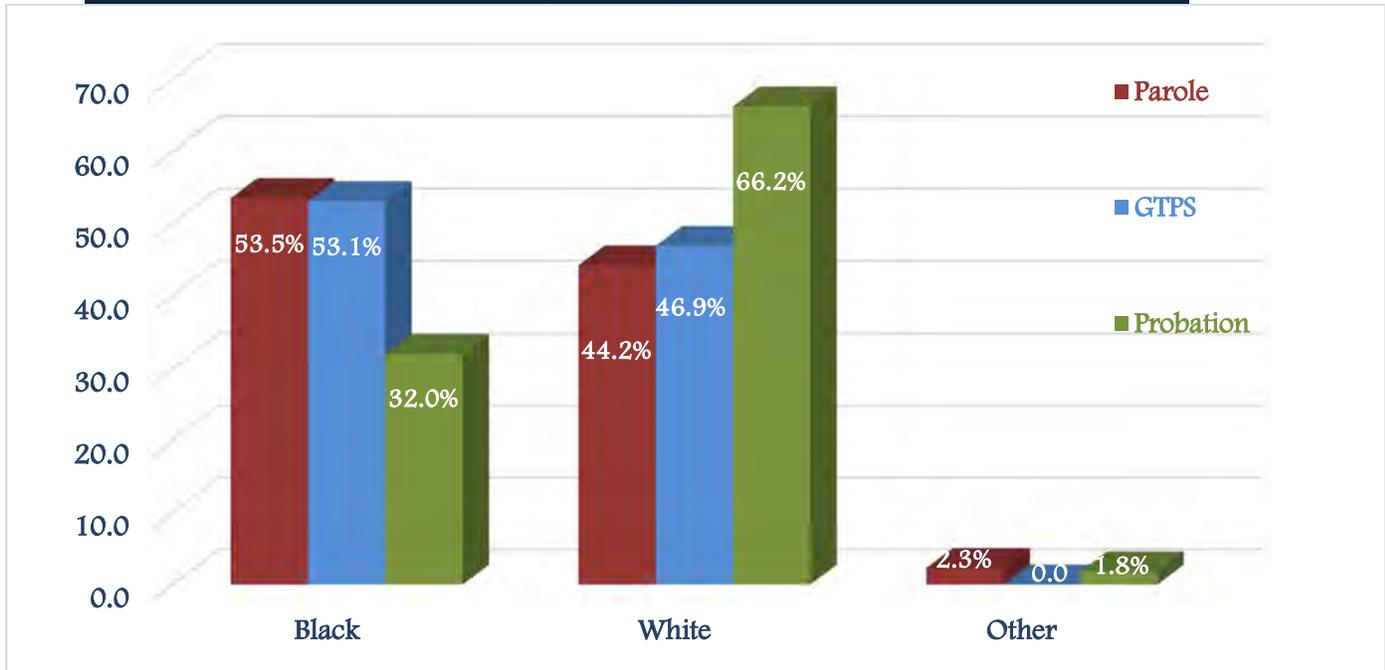
**Figure 87: Number and Percentage of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population**



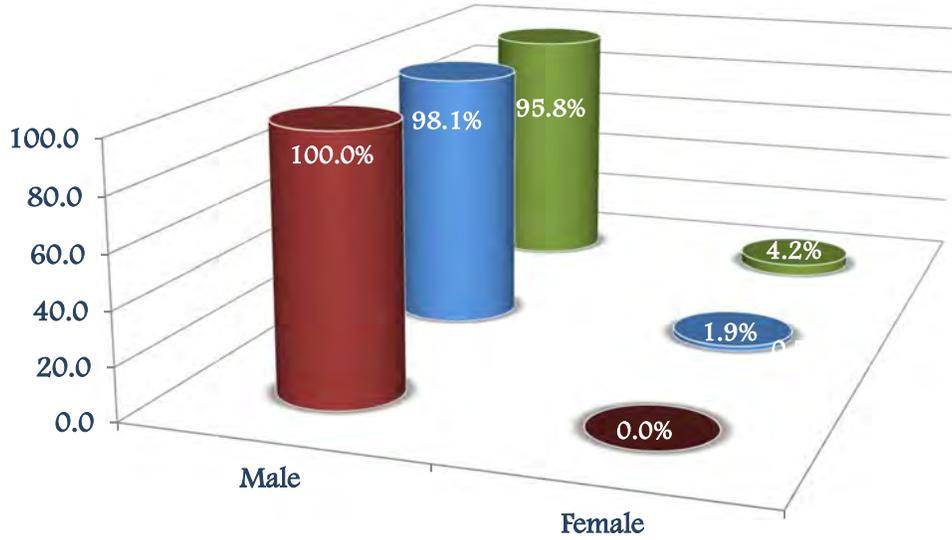
**Figure 88: Trend of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population for 2012 - 2018**



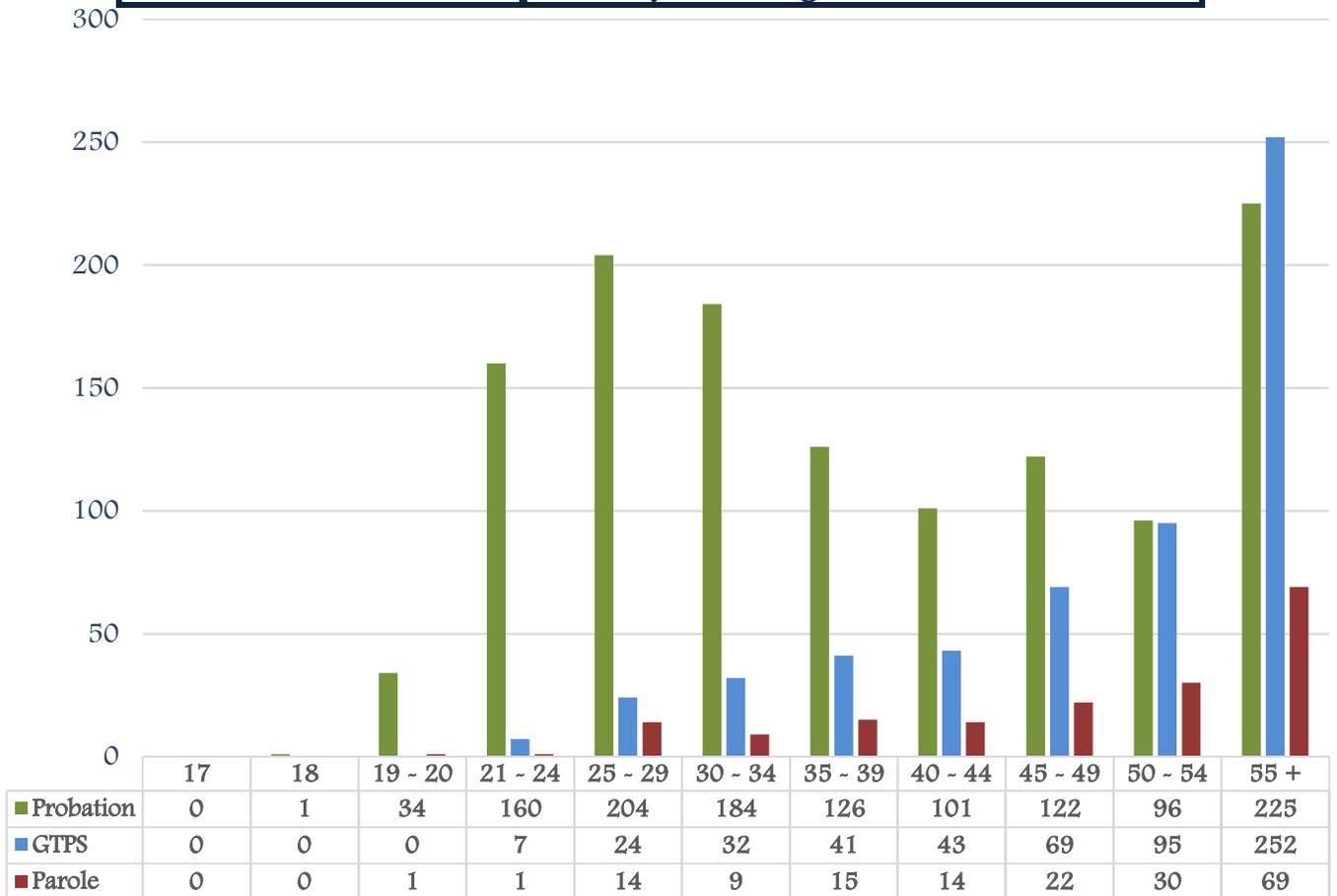
**Figure 89: Percent of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Race**



**Figure 90: Percent of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Sex**



**Figure 91: Number of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Current Age**



**Table 51: Percentage of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Crimes**

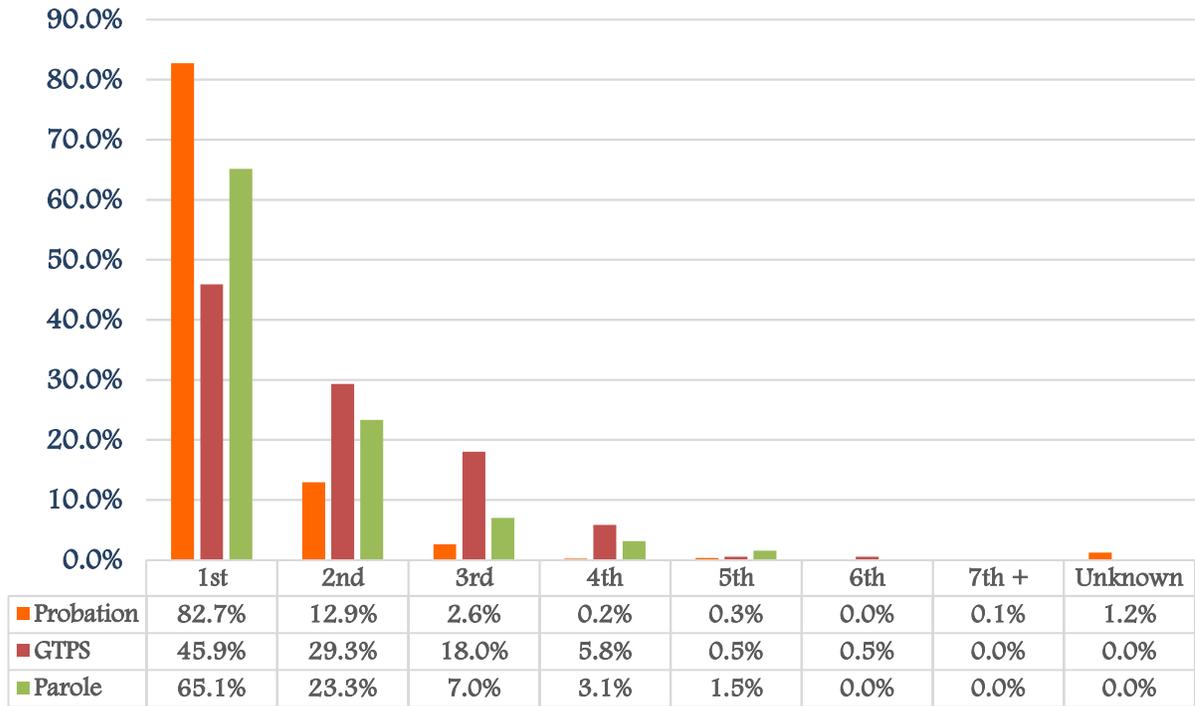
Most Serious Commitment Crime	Probation	GTPS	Parole
Violent Crimes	7.7%	68.4%	66.7%
Drug Crimes	0.6%	3.4%	1.6%
Property Crimes	0.4%	4.6%	0.8%
All Other Crimes	91.3%	23.6%	30.9%

**Table 52: Percentage of Adult Sex Offenders Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Maximum Years to be Served**

Maximum Years Sentenced	Probation	GTPS	Parole
0 – 2	6.7%	3.6%	3.9%
3 – 4	20.5%	4.3%	1.6%
5 – 6	65.1%	9.4%	3.9%
7 – 10	5.2%	9.8%	6.3%
11 – 16	0.5%	15.0%	2.4%
17 – 20	0.4%	11.0%	6.2%
>20 (Fixed Term)	0.1%	46.9%	17.1%
Life	0.0%	0.0%	17.8%
Death	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pending Calculation / Re-calculation	1.5%	0.0%	40.8%

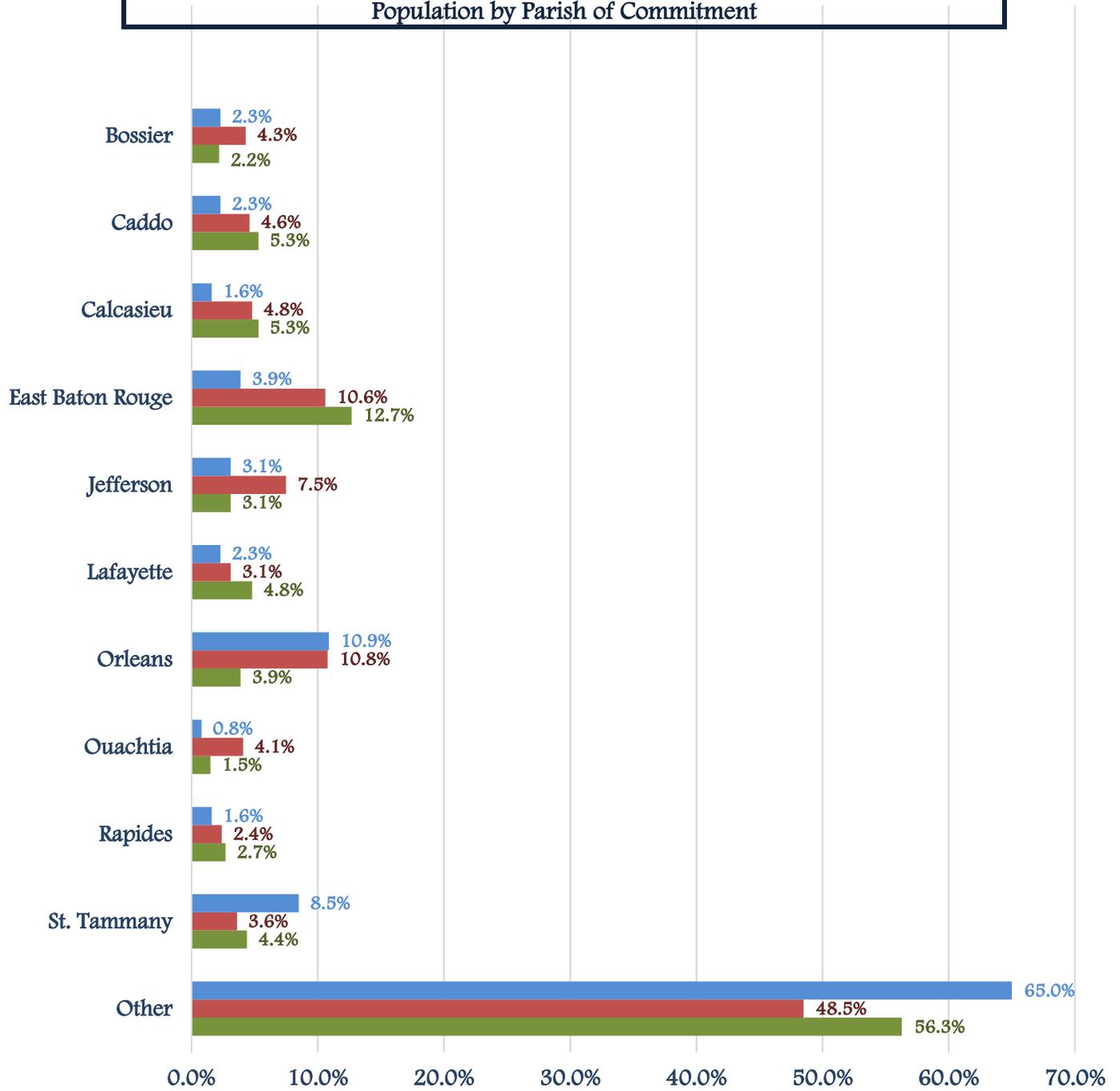
*Average Maximum Sentence:  
10.9 Years*

**Figure 92: Percentage of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Offender Class\***



\*Offender Class is the number of sequential felonies committed for which an offender has been convicted.

**Figure 93: Percentage of Adult Sex Offenders of Probation, Parole, and GTPS Population by Parish of Commitment**



## 17. Correctional Facilities

There are nine state correctional facilities operating in Louisiana with an operational capacity of 19,004 beds. The department operates Allen Correctional Center, B.B. Rayburn Correctional Center, David Wade Correctional Center, Dixon Correctional Institute, Elayn Hunt Correction Center, Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women, Louisiana State Penitentiary, Raymond Laborde Correctional Center, and Winn Correctional Center.

*The information below can be found in the  
Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections  
in the **Correctional Center** section.*

<https://doc.louisiana.gov/contact/correctional-facilities/allen-correctional-center>

Table 53:

### Allen Correctional Center

Warden Keith Cooley, <i>Warden</i>	Capacity: 1,538
3751 Lauderdale Woodyard Road	Opened: 1990
Kinder, Louisiana 70648	
Allen Parish	

#### Goals

**Public Safety** - ensuring public safety through the provision of professionally managed correctional services to confined offenders, pursuant to judgments of the state courts.

**Provision of Basic Services** - provide basic services relating to adequate food, clothing, shelter, committed to providing quality health care services that maintain basic health and quality mental health services to contribute to the offender's satisfactory prison adjustment, and to diminish public risk presented by offenders upon release.

**Opportunity for Change / Reentry** - provide an environment that will promote positive behavior change through educational and rehabilitative opportunities and substantially increase the likelihood of successful reentry into society and reduce recidivism. Facility operates under the principle that all administrative and management decisions either directly or indirectly affect the security and treatment goals of the facility. Connection of facility staff can serve as important and productive role models for offenders, conveying mainstream societal values to the offender population.

**Opportunity for Making Amends** - provide opportunities for making restitution and participating in community restorative initiatives as a mechanism to compensate, in some fashion, individuals and communities harmed by crime.

## Educational Programming

**General Educational Development (GED)** - GED classes enhance instruction in reading, English, math, science and social studies. Offenders with test scores of 8.0 and above are enrolled in this program. Students from this program progress to their high school equivalency diploma.

**Adult Basis Education (ABE)** - ABE is a class that provides instruction in the basics of reading, English and math. Offenders whose test scores indicate 6.0 to 7.9 are enrolled in this program.

**Basic Adult Literacy** - BAL is a reading/writing program designed to teach offenders (non-readers through intermediate readers) reading and life skills through reading, writing and mathematical exercises. Offenders whose test scores indicate 2.9 to 7.9 grade levels are enrolled in this program.

**Correctional Learning Network (CLN)** - CLN classes are conducted by peer tutors in the student's housing unit. CLN enhances instruction in reading, English, math, science, and social studies.

**Special School District (SSD)** - SSD in Baton Rouge, Louisiana provides a special education teacher who works with students who have previously been identified eligible for these services in the public school sector and are less than 25 years of age. The level of these students ranges from Literacy to GED preparatory and requires individualized and small group instruction.

## Vocational

**Cabinet Making** - introduces the manipulation of materials, drawing, power tools, measuring, joinery, assembly, and includes preparation and finishing woodwork to accomplish a project.

**Culinary Arts Class** - provides offenders with the knowledge and skills necessary for employment in the food service industry. Training emphasizes the study of foods and their nutritional content, menu planning, food processing and production, quantity cooking, using and storing equipment, sanitation, safety, serving techniques, and self-management skills.

**Computerized Office Practice** - provides offenders with the skills needed to obtain an entry-level position in a modern business office. Training is provided in the latest computer operating systems, office technology software, typing skills, and basic office procedures.

## Substance Abuse and Other Programming

The purpose of the Substance Abuse Program is to provide substance abuse education to those offenders identified with having a substance abuse history. In order to provide opportunities for involvement by all offenders, ALC offers a combination of classroom group and individual activities and self-help meetings.

**Recovery Dynamics Drug Education (RDDE)** - this program is an in-depth 90-day program that teaches the physical and psychological effects that drugs and alcohol have in an addict's life; and is designed to help an addict change his behavior pattern by understanding his chemical dependency.

**Alcoholic Anonymous (AA)** - this 12-step AA program targets those who have abused alcohol in their life; and uses the same format and creed as the established AA program.

**Narcotics Anonymous (NA)** - this traditional 12-step NA program targeting those who have abused drugs in their life; and uses the same format and creed as the established NA program.

**Nurturing Fathers** - this 90-day program targets offenders that desire to redevelop a healthy relationship with their children. Offenders nearing release are given preference in this program and the program teaches individuals how to build a bridge and understand their child's emotional needs.

**Big Book 12 Step** - this 90-day program dissects and teaches the 12-Step principles of AA and NA. Each step is taught and put into practical use to demonstrate the purpose of the AA & NA program.

**Christian 12 Step** - this 90-day program dissects and teaches the Christian 12-step principles of AA and NA. Each step is taught in a spiritual setting and put into practical use to show the purpose of the AA & NA program.

**After Car** - this ongoing program continuously refresh and teach those who have completed RDDE and the 12-step study group. This program reiterates the 12-step functions in the lives of addicts and alcoholics.

**Living in Balance** - this 90-day program is offered at all state institutions and most recently implemented at ALC. The program targets those who have abused drugs and alcohol; and the program relates itself to pattern changes in an addict's life.

**On the Job Training (OJT)** - OJT program is a two-prong program that is designed to provide offenders with job experience, job safety / MSDS Awareness, and job skills. The general format is derived for the Workplace Readiness Skills course and has been revised to accommodate offenders inside the prison setting.

## Reentry Programming

**Pre-Release** - this 100-hour program of classroom instruction includes the development of communication skills, anger and victim awareness, character inventory, health and wellness, substance abuse, relapse prevention, parenting and family dynamics, money management, job seeking and job placement skills, probation and parole expectations, identification and housing resources.

**Life Plan Seminar** - this program is designed to help offenders nearing discharge to learn how to set goals in their lives, to help them succeed in society, and to be productive citizens upon return to society.

**Abused Boys, Wounded Men** - this program takes responsibility for breaking the cycle of pain and develops offenders who are dealing with the repercussions of child abuse.

**Thinking for a Change – T4C** - this program integrated cognitive behavior change program.

Table 54:

<b>B. B. Rayburn Correctional Center</b>
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Robert Tanner, Warden  
27268 Highway 21 North  
Angie, Louisiana 70426  
Washington Parish

Capacity: 1,132  
Opened: 1982

## Goals

Goals are to provide effective programs while maintaining a secure facility; to maintain credibility with the public; to obtain the maximum benefit from our resources; to promote ongoing staff development; and to encourage better communication within the institution and with other agencies and the community.

### Objectives:

- Provide a secure facility
- Provide staff and offender with a safe work and living environment
- Provide appropriate medical care to the offender population
- Provide necessities of life to the offender population
- Provide the offender population with programs that are conducive to their well-being and successful re-entry into society
- Comply with applicable legal and administrative requirements of the facility and staff

## Educational Programming

**Daytime Classes** - Education Coordinator supervises all academic and vocational programs. Admittance to the education program is voluntary and offenders are expected to show progress in their classes.

- Literacy (functional levels below 5.0 on the TABE)
- High School Equivalency Preparation (functional levels above 5.0 on the TABE)
- Adult Basic Education (remediation when having a diploma)
- Vocational Training Diploma Programs
- Job Life Skills

**Evening Classes** - Northshore Community College Extension programs is the administered by the Education Coordinator. While admittance to the programs is voluntary, the callouts are mandatory and offenders attending mandatory callout programs will be dropped from the course after their second unexcused absence.

- Academic Remediation (students who score low on the ASSET test and unable to attend daytime ABE classes)
- Northshore Community College Extension
- Approved Correspondence Courses

**Literacy** - this program provides one-on-one student instruction. Students are enrolled part-time and are awarded certificates of achievement upon completion of the course. This program, under the supervision of the Education Coordinator, uses full-time staff instructors and full-time offender tutors and offender tutors receive training from the staff certified trainer and certification from DOC.

**High School Equivalency (HSE) Preparation** - students who complete literacy continues part-time classes as they progress from a TABE level of 5.0 to 8.0, when they move to all day Pre-HSE Class. The Pre-HSE class is available to offenders with an assessed TABE score of 8.0 – 10.5 on a D level test. The curriculum is designed to ready the student for the HSE program over a three-month period. When the target score is reached, students are advanced to HSE. The HSE class is available to offenders with an assessed TABE score level of 10.5 or above on a D-level TABE. The curriculum is designed to prepare the student for the HSE exam in three months or less. Offenders who successfully complete the HSE program will receive a High School Equivalency Diploma.

**Adult Basic Education** - this program is available to offenders with a diploma whose TABE scores are too low to qualify for vocational training or college courses. After remediation in areas of weakness, students retake the TABE test. When they reach the appropriate level for the course in which they desire to enroll, they have completed ABE.

## Vocational

**Northshore Technical College / Sullivan Campus** - the Education Department, in cooperation with Northshore Technical College – Sullivan Campus (NTC), offers competency-based curricula supported by appropriate materials and classroom resources. Instructors are certified or approved by the State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education and/or the Louisiana Department of Education and/or the Counsel on Occupational Education.

The vocational programs offered by NTC include: Welding, Automotive and Building Technology. Offenders who successfully complete a vocational course will receive a diploma for that skill. Where available, national certification tests will be offered allowing students to obtain certification that is recognized by a national body. Two fast-track programs for offenders who do not have time to complete a diploma program are also available. Fast Track Welding and Fast Track Automotive give offender's entry level skills in those fields. These are one semester programs and the student earns a Technical Competency Certificate upon completion.

**Northshore Community College Extension** - the College program is available to high school and GED graduates who score at 10.5 or higher on an A level TABE. Offenders work toward an Associate Degree in General Studies with a concentration in business, paralegal or religion. To obtain the degree, students must complete 60 hours of credits. All classes are transferable to other Louisiana state institutions of higher learning. Upon release, students can continue their education at a community college or university. Participation is by application, acceptance and mandatory callout. Offenders who are absent more than two callouts will be removed from the program. A paralegal certificate consisting of six paralegal classes and a remedial English class is offered through NTCC. Applicants must have a high school diploma or HSE and score an 11.0 or higher on a D level TABE. Although no degree is awarded, students will receive a certificate and will accumulate 18 hours in the field of paralegal. These classes are transferable to other institutions of higher learning. The paralegal program is required of all offender counsel substitutes.

**Job/Life Skills** - this six-month course designed to enhance offender employability upon release. Students acquire basic computer literacy and typing skills, formulate a resume', and learn job search skills.

## Other Programming

Offenders coming to B. B. Rayburn Correctional Center, meet with a Reentry Transition Specialist within the first month to begin or continue with rehabilitation programming. This initial assessment is done to determine where the offender is presently in the rehabilitation process. Whether their incarceration time is six months, six years, or more, they will be guided on a yearly basis through the use of an Annual Assessment to project their progress. If the offender is identified as high risk and within five years of his earliest release date, he will meet with a committee to work a more thorough and comprehensive case plan. All plans culminate with a Pre-Release program (2 years of the offender's earliest release date) which covers 100 hours of orientation and classroom topic including but not limited to: Personal Development, Problem Solving/Decision Making, Anger Management, Values Clarification, Goal setting/achieving, Victim Awareness, Employment Skills, Job Placement assistance, Money management, Reentry support resources, and counseling on individual community reentry concerns. Additionally, the Reentry program at RCC has the responsibility and an obligation to the public and to the offender to work collaboratively with surrounding communities at establishing new supports, and enhancing existing programs for offenders while housed at RCC. This often includes introducing offenders to available support programs in the community to which they are returning (housing, employment, and self-help) for a successful transition back to society.

Table 55:

<b>David Wade Correctional Center</b>	
---------------------------------------	--

Jerry Goodwin, *Warden*  
670 Bell Hill Road  
Homer, Louisiana 71040  
Claiborne Parish

Capacity: 1,244  
Opened: 1980

### Goals

Goals are to provide effective programs while maintaining a secure facility; to maintain credibility with the public; to obtain the maximum benefit from our resources; to promote ongoing staff development; and to encourage better communication within the institution, and with other agencies and the community.

#### Objectives:

- Maintain high standards of operation consistent with the American Correctional Association Accreditation.
- Ensure program effectiveness, credibility with the public, and quality of life for the inmate population.
- Utilize available resources in such a manner that allows us to maximize the effectiveness of our mission.
- Continued development of staff training programs to enhance efficient staff performance.
- Promote effective communication at all levels within the institution, and maintain high levels of cooperation and communication with outside agencies and the general public.

### Educational Programming

**Adult Basic Education / HSE** - this academic program is available and include an instructional level for non-readers up to the fourth grade; pre-HSE, covering grade levels five through eight; and High School Equivalency (HSE) programs, covering grade nine through completion to attain a diploma.

**Development Studies** - this developmental study program provides an educational programming for offenders who have completed their GED or HSE but failed to meet a sufficient score on the entrance test for admittance into a vocational program.

**Special School District** - Special School District 1 Educational program provides for the search and identification of offenders up to age 25 who have been determined to have medical, emotional, and/or physical needs which could not be met in the regular classroom. Individual education plans (I.E.P.S.) are prepared to accommodate the offender's special needs.

**Vocational Education Programs** - Louisiana Technical College Northwest Campus administers the vocational educational programs offered at DWCC. Certificates in specialized programs include Technical Competency Areas (TCA), Certificate of Technical Studies (CTS), or the entire curriculum to earn a technical diploma in the following fields is available: Air Conditioning and Refrigeration; Carpentry; and Welding.

### Other Programs and Services

**Mental Health / Social Services** - the Mental Health and Social Services Department provides a range of resources appropriate to the needs of the offender including individual and group counseling, family planning/counseling, parental education, and community services. All counseling services are administered by a qualified mental health professional. Specialized treatment programs include the following: Crisis Intervention, Sex Offender Treatment, Anger Management, Parenting, and Substance Abuse Counseling. A contract psychiatrist and a licensed psychologist conduct triage psychiatric clinics for offenders with identified and diagnosed psychological disorders. The Mental Health Department also completes aftercare referrals to appropriate agencies for offenders who discharge with mental health needs.

**Medical** - the Medical Department provides comprehensive health services for offenders. The department offers professional care and provides for a continuous systematic review of policy, procedure and practice to offer health services and education which will enhance the ability of the offender to successfully reintegrate into society upon release. Medical Services include: Full Time Physician; 24 Hour Nursing Coverage; Infirmary for Convalescent and Chronic Care Offenders; Dental Services; Quality Assurance Program; Infection Control; Diagnostic Services including X-ray and Lab; Emergency Services as needed; Referral Services for Specialty Consultation; Telemedicine Services; Pharmaceutical Services; Contract Optometrist; Contract Psychiatrist.

**Reentry** - initiatives providing assessment, identification and linkage for offenders with services specific to their reentry needs. Offenders begin preparing for release from the point of entry into the institution and through the development of Reentry Accountability Plans (ReAP). The offender also receives 100 hours of pre-release instruction which includes effective communication, victim awareness, anger management, problem-solving, values and goal setting, health and wellness, substance abuse treatment, budgeting and money management, family dynamics, employment skills, and information concerning conditions of Parole prior to release.

**Faith-based Programming** - this essential program component is the overall mission of DWCC. Well trained religious volunteers offer a significant resource and are essential to the success in meeting the goal of providing a meaningful opportunity for change. Religious programming is coordinated by a full-time Chaplain. The DWCC Chaplaincy provides daily faith-based programming for the offender population. The services range from traditional worship to contemporary praise and worship services. Several programs incorporate study groups of various religious beliefs.

**Records** - this program is responsible for all aspects involving the maintenance of records including offender time computation and re-computation on DPS&C commitments in accordance with state and federal laws as well as departmental regulations. The Records Office also maintains a Pre-Classification District inclusive of twenty-two parishes.

**Classification** - this department ensures that various aspects of incarceration related to public safety, rehabilitation, discipline, and welfare are met for offenders from the time of preliminary classification through until discharge. Classification operates within the Unit Management system and works closely with Security as well as other departments such as Mental Health, Medical and Education. The Classification program promotes the development of life, job and educational skills within the offender population and encourages participation in various self-help groups and organizations.

**Community Service** - this program provides staff and offenders the ability to participate in Project Clean Up in the DOTD district that includes Union and Lincoln parishes. Additionally, offender work crews provide general maintenance services to the Town of Homer and Haynesville along with providing assistance during emergency and natural disaster situations. Canine Units assist local law enforcement agencies in the apprehension of criminal suspects, drug detection, and other related public safety issues.

**Table 56:**

<b>Dixon Correctional Center</b>	
Jerry Goodwin, <i>Warden</i> 5568 LA-68 Jackson, Louisiana 70748 East Feliciana Parish	Capacity: 2,529 Opened: 1976

**Goals**

Goals are to provide custody, care, control and treatment of adjudicated offenders through enforcement of laws and management of programs designed to ensure the safety of the public, staff, and offenders and reintegrate offenders into society.

**Demographics:** 52% of DCI's population is comprised of violent offenders. The average length of sentence is 21 years. 42% of DCI offenders are between 30-44 years of age.

**Educational Programming**

- ABE / HSE - High School Equivalency
- Literacy
- Collision Repair
- Carpentry
- Automotive Technology
- Welding
- SSD #1 (Special School District)
- College Courses - By Correspondence

## Other Programs and Services

**Substance Abuse Program** - this program provides substance abuse education to those offenders identified with having a substance abuse history. In order to provide opportunities for involvement by all offenders, DCI uses a combination of classroom/group activities and self-help meetings.

**Pre-Release Programming** - this program is a philosophy of the DCI Administration that starts discharging plans beginning at admission and continues throughout the period of incarceration. There are a variety of opportunities available for self-improvement. La. R.S. 15:827.1 mandates 100 hours of pre-release training prior to being released. Participation is mandatory by law for all offenders releasing from prison. In addition to completing the 100 hours of training, a reentry team also works closely with each offender to ensure they have two forms of identification prior to their scheduled release date. The reentry team also works with local employers to place offenders in jobs and temporary housing situations.

**Reentry Programming** - this program enhances preparation for an offender's release and begins when they enter the state correctional system. The offenders are encouraged to learn marketable skills, develop new behaviors, address deficiencies, act responsibly and plan for a positive future. Incarcerated offenders will receive intensified preparation in the eighteen to twenty-four months before their release.

**Youthful Offender Program** - this program provides an environment where youthful offenders can develop self-esteem, self-discipline and positive attitudes along with the cognitive skills necessary to re-enter society and be successful. The program provides tailored case management plans to meet the specific needs of each youthful offender as well as to create or repair family relationships. Youthful offenders must be 19 years of age or younger to participate in the program. Eligible offenders must also have five years or less to their earliest release date. Youthful offenders 16 years of age or younger will participate in the program regardless of sentence length. The program is based on voluntary enrollment and will last for a minimum of 12 months.

**Faith and Character Based Program (FCBD)** - this program is offered to offenders to facilitate institutional adjustment, rehabilitation, reintegration into the community, reduction of recidivism, and offer a full range of religious accommodations. Participation is voluntary and the opportunity to participate is available to all eligible offenders. Additionally, in cooperation with other reentry programs, the FCBD is an essential component in preparing the offender for release.

**Religious and Volunteer Programs** - this faith group has services and faith group studies: Protestants, Catholics, Jehovah's Witnesses, Muslims, Institute of Divine Metaphysical Research and Wicca. Chaplains, chaplains' assistants and volunteers of the appropriate faith group conduct services and faith group studies. Chaplains assistants and volunteers teach discipleship groups and intensive biblical studies.

**Offender Organizations** - this program is for Incarcerated Veterans; Jaycees; and Toastmasters

**Medical Services** - this program delivers inpatient, outpatient and emergency health care services for offenders on a 24-hour, seven-days-a-week basis. The Medical Department at DCI is unique in that it provides the care and treatment for all dialysis patients in the department.

**Mental Health** - this service provided by the Mental Health Department include crisis intervention, individual counseling, sex offender therapy, anger management, special topics groups, character counts, case management for youthful offenders, aftercare referrals to appropriate agencies and assisting offenders with housing after release.

**Recreational Activities** - this program provides activities that are structured to accommodate offenders of all ages and physical condition. We offer a variety of outdoor as well as indoor recreational activities. These activities include basketball, football, softball, volleyball, weight lifting, boxing, pool, and various board games.

**Agricultural Programs** - this program serves as the center for replacement heifers for all DPS&C facilities, as well as the center for receiving new breeding bulls.

**Industrial Operations** - this program of industrial operations consist of Prison Enterprises' operations which include the Wakefield Meat Processing Distribution Plant and Warehouse, the janitorial service program which provides services for state buildings in Baton Rouge, Prison Enterprises' embroidery operation, and an office seating assembly plant.

**Community Service** - this program provides offenders with work crews and are assigned for general maintenance service to the City of Zachary and East Baton Rouge Parish. In addition, offender crews assist during emergency situations or natural disasters.

Offender work crews provide labor to local schools and state agencies. DCI supplies offender crews to pick up litter on state and interstate highways in south Louisiana.

**Community Involvement** - this program provides interested individuals and community groups or organizations are encouraged to participate with DCI in the development, implementation, and evaluation of programs. Special emphasis will be made to coordinate with law enforcement agencies and courts.

Table 57:

<b>Elayn Hunt Correctional Center</b>	
Timothy Hooper, <i>Warden</i> 6925 Highway 74 St. Gabriel, Louisiana 70726 Iberville Parish	Capacity: 1,875 Opened: 1979

**Goals**

Continue to provide safety of the public, employees, and offenders with a system of operation that promotes the stability of the institution;  
 prepare offenders for release with educational programs and provide an environment that promotes change;  
 provide quality medical and mental health services and custody screening;  
 further reduce operations cost and manage as efficiently as possible;  
 maintain accreditation with the American Correctional Association and increase staff membership;  
 increase employee retention; and  
 focus on workforce development which supports our agency’s objectives and long-range planning through cross-training.

**Educational Programming**

This education programs offers jobs to offenders, that serve the institution, the Department of Public Safety & Corrections (DPS&C), and the surrounding community. These jobs instill a work ethic, and in many cases, offers job skills for the future. Generally, all able-bodied offenders are required to work in the field operation before becoming eligible for other work. Included in the job pool at EHCC are the Kitchens, the Chemical Plant and numerous Community Work Crews.

Baton Rouge Community College provides programs are available in welding, carpentry and air conditioning, and refrigeration. EHCC offers ServSafe and Job-Life Skills training to qualified offenders that can also earn certifications such as National Center for Construction Education and Research — NCCER Module Credits, HVAC/EPA certification for A/C technicians, OPEESA Small Engine Technician certification, and OSHA General Industry Certification.

Table 58:

<b>Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women</b>	
Frederick M. Boutte 7205 Highway 74 St. Gabriel, Louisiana 70776 Iberville Parish	Capacity: 1,100 Opened: 1961

**Goals**

Ensure public safety by preventing escape from custody through implementation of adequate physical and procedural safeguards.

Maintain accreditation with the American Correctional Association (ACA).

Ensure provision of basic services to the offender population by maintaining sufficient and appropriate facilities, adequate medical and mental health services, ample pastoral care services, food services that meet basic dietary requirements and clothing conducive to the climate. Provide special accommodations to offenders when warranted. Ensure offenders receive continuity of care in all areas.

Enhance consistency in medical, mental health and security operations through internal review of programs, processes and procedures.

Ensure compliance with the ADA. Expand services provided to special needs offenders, which consists of the elderly, the hearing impaired, etc. and on-going rehabilitative services to offenders.

Ensure compliance with PREA standards and D.R. C-01-022, Prison Rape Elimination Act, through the adoption of the practices set forth in the PREA standards.

Develop and maintain partnerships throughout the community with private and public agencies to assist in providing the offenders with a smooth transition into the community.

Recruit and maintain stability in the workforce, both in security and civilian sectors through enhancement of the training program.

Promote professionalism and productivity in the security and civilian division to promote the retention of staff.

Enhance medical division with the use of community volunteers to provide health related education to the offender population

Continue to enhance wellness among the offender population.

Continue to enhance the Re-Entry Program by recruiting volunteers from the community to teach specialized subjects on a recurring schedule.

Enhance the provision of in-house medical services due the changes in the delivery of the offender healthcare system throughout the state.

## **Educational Programming**

**Basic Adult Literacy** - this reading / writing program is designed to teach non-readers through intermediate readers reading skills, and life skills through reading, writing, and mathematical exercises. Offenders whose test scores indicate 1.0 to 4.9 grade level are enrolled in this class.

**Adult Basis Education (ABE) / Development** - this program provides instruction in the basics of Reading, English, and Math. This program offers those offenders basic upgrades to prepare them for a variety of vocational occupations and classes offered through Baton Rouge Community College – LCIW campus. This class uses some computer instruction, as well as individual personal instruction to teach these skills. This class is open to offenders who test at or above the 5.0 grade level.

**High School Equivalency (HSE)** - this program enhances instruction in Reading, English, Math, Science, and Social Studies. Offenders with test scores 5.0 and above are enrolled in this program. Students participating in this program work towards achieving their high school equivalency diploma.

**Culinary Arts Class** - this program provides offenders with the knowledge and skills necessary for employment in the food service industry. This is a program offered to offenders within 36 months of release. Training emphasizes the study of foods and their nutritional content, menu planning, food processing and production, quantity cooking, using and storing equipment, sanitation, safety, serving techniques, and self-management skills. As an optional component of the class, offenders have the opportunity to obtain the nationally recognized SERV Safe Certificate. The grade level requirement to be admitted to this class is 9.0 or greater

**Horticulture Class** - this program provides offenders with the knowledge and skills necessary for employment as arborists, florists, horticulturists, and landscape contractors. Training emphasizes the study of plants, pesticides, herbicides, insecticides, planting techniques and planning, and management of horticultural enterprises. Testing for Louisiana State Licensure is offered to qualified candidates. The grade level requirement to be admitted to this class is 10.0 or greater.

**Upholstery Class** - this program provides offenders with the knowledge and skills necessary for employment in the field of upholstery. Training is provided in restoring furniture, upholstered items, and automobile and boat interiors. This is approximately an 18-month program. The grade level requirement to be admitted to this class is 8.0 or greater.

**Welding** - this program takes individuals through a welding curriculum providing industry-based credentials as the student progresses. The course is designed to provides hands-on training. Students are instructed in stick, mig and tig welding principles, working with steel and various allows in plate and pipe configurations. Length of the class is 12 to 18 months. Students must score at least an 8.0 on the TABE test to potentially qualify.

**Offender Reentry Programming** - this reentry program is for each offender beginning at intake and needs are determined and goals to be achieved during incarceration are set. Prior to release, offenders complete 100 hours of structured programming geared to prepare the offender for re-integration into society. Topics include resume writing, interviewing skills, interacting with government agencies, assistance with getting necessary information, parenting, anger management and substance abuse instruction. Community agencies also present information pertinent to release during this program.

## Other Programs and Services

**Program for Caring Parents** - this program is a visitation component in which children and grandchildren age 10 and under are allowed to come onto the grounds on the fifth Saturdays during the year to spend the day with their mothers and/or grandmothers. Other special family-centered events included in the program are the annual Easter Children's Day and the Christmas Extravaganza. Offenders must enroll their children and grandchildren in advance to be screened for approval and attend these programs. Teen Day is the annual visitation program that allows teenagers (11 to 17 years old) to spend the day with their mothers and/or grandmothers.

**Partners in Parenting Program** - this program is a seven-week program designed to focus on concepts important for effective parenting such as communication skills, guidance techniques, and strategies for discipline. The program also focuses on building skills, providing support, and helping parents understand needs and abilities of children during the different stages of development.

**Morals Integrity Group (The Louisiana Sex Offender Risk Management Project)** - this program is for adjudicated offenders and has a psycho-educational component and a treatment component. Its theoretical foundation is cognitive behavioral and is strongly grounded in relapse prevention. This 26-week program allows offenders to explore the nature of the events, thoughts, and feelings related to their sexually inappropriate behavior with expectations that the offender shifts from maintaining inappropriate behaviors to expressing more appropriate and healthy sexual behavior. To graduate, offenders must successfully complete each phase, taking both pre-tests and post-tests for each phase, completing group and homework assignments and obeying group rules.

**Survivors of Domestic Violence** - this program is sponsored by the Capital Area Family Violence Intervention Center (Battered Women). The program is ten weeks in length and is facilitated by AFVIC volunteers. The program is structured in two phases. Phase I Education Group (support group) and Phase II Leadership Group (mentor group). The program focuses on teaching participants about abusive relations and helping participants learn how to build healthy relationships.

**Living in Balance** - this program is an eight and one-half week program in which offenders receive structured programming during the evening hours and work or go to school during the day. The core sessions for this program include: alcohol and other drug education; triggers, cravings and avoiding relapse; planning for sobriety; alcohol and tobacco; spirituality; sex, drugs and alcohol; stress and emotional well-being; skills for reducing stress; negative emotions; anger and communication; and relapse prevention.

**Faith Based Programs** - this program provides services to meet the needs of a growing offender population while assisting offenders with their rehabilitation and reintegration into the community following release. The chaplain, as the Volunteer Coordinator, works closely with the community networking with Clergy and laymen alike from various faith groups and organizations to bring forth core changes in offenders, with the goal of reducing recidivism following release.

**Big Sister's Program** - this an orientation program for new admits to LCIW. Representatives from various departments such as Mental Health, Records, Classification, Offender Banking and Medical partner with representatives from offender organizations to present newly assigned offenders with information on services provided by each department and how to access those services.

**Offender Organizations** - Louisiana Correctional Institute for Women has four (4) offender organizations: Jaycees, Lifers, Culinary Arts and Toastmasters. These organizations all seek to provide a means for the offenders to use their time productively and to learn to give something back to society, within and outside the prison.

Jaycees provide training in leadership development and instill civic awareness. The Jaycees provide civic service through the organized efforts of young persons in the community by enriching the welfare of the community and its citizens through active, constructive projects.

The Ladies Involved for Education Rehabilitation Service otherwise known as the Lifers Association of LCIW was formed in 1992. The association enables Lifers to come together and assist one another through the exchange of ideas and opinions. With the assistance of the administration, the LIFERS Association hopes to establish for its members an opportunity to forge a better relationship among themselves, their families, and the community.

The Toastmasters Club provides a mutually supportive and positive learning environment in which every individual member has the opportunity to develop oral communication and leadership skills, which in turn foster self-confidence and personal growth.

Culinary Arts Club provides members with knowledge and skills in the food service industry. Activities include organizing menus, budgeting, purchasing, preparing and serving quality food. The club provides opportunities to learn garnishing, nutritional content, food processing, presentation of meals, gourmet cooking, equipment, sanitation, safety and self-management skills. Members realize their full potential in the world of food service and prepares them for productive citizenship.

Table 59:

<b>Louisiana State Penitentiary</b>	
Darrel Vannoy, <i>Warden</i> 17544 Tunica Trace Angola, Louisiana 70712 West Feliciana Parish	Capacity: 6,300 Opened: 1901

### Goals

The need for public safety and operation programs and services in a way to ensure a better Louisiana. Respect of employees and the understanding of the challenges inherent in their provision of public service. Respect the dignity of offenders and work hard not only to comply with federal, state, and other mandates, but also provide an environment that will enable offenders to live a productive life upon release and a means to reduce recidivism. Louisiana State Penitentiary strives to maintain an environment where high ethical standards are expected and performance accountability is a critical element of our success.

Provide basic/broad-based educational programs to adult offenders who are motivated to take advantage of these services and have demonstrated behavior that would enable them to function within an educational setting;

prepare offenders for release through implementation of innovative programs and initiatives;

maximize public safety through appropriate and effective correctional, custodial, and supervisory programs;

provide constitutionally acceptable levels of health care that reflect community care standards and operate in an efficient and cost-effective manner;

develop and implement a comprehensive mental health program to screen, diagnose and treat mental illness, developmental disabilities and substance abuse;

### Educational Programming

Through partnerships with the Louisiana Community and Technical College System, the New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary, Ashland University and the Louisiana Department of Education, Louisiana State Penitentiary provides opportunities for participation in the following educational programs.

NOBTS (N.O. Baptist Theological Seminary)

Ashland University (Bachelor's degree in general studies)

ABE/GED/HiSET; Literacy; SSD#1 (Special School District); P.R.E.P. Pre-Release Exit Program; Carpentry; Culinary Arts; Horticulture; Welding; Reentry and Rehabilitative Program; Automotive Technology – ASE Certification; Building and General Construction; Collision Repair – ASE Certification; Corrections Reentry Court Workforce Program; Electrician; HVAC; Excellence Certification; Outdoor Power Equipment; Print Ed Certification NCCER Certification — Carpentry, Welding; Heating and Air Conditioning; Electrical; Industrial Painting; Concrete Finishing and Brick Masonry; and Eye Glass Repair.

Table 60:

<b>Raymond Laborde Correctional Center</b>	
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W. W. "Sandy" McCain, <i>Warden</i>	
1630 Prison Road	Capacity: 1,564
Cottonport, Louisiana 71327	Opened: 1989
Avoyelles Parish	

### Goals

**Public Safety** - maximize public safety through appropriate and effective correctional custodial programs, supervisory services and community corrections partnerships.

**Staff and Inmate Safety** - provide safety of correctional staff and offenders by maintaining an organized and disciplined system of operations that promotes stability in our institutional and field operations.

**Provision of Basic Services** - provide appropriate services for victims of crimes committed by those offenders in our custody or under our supervision; and ensure that basic services relating to adequate food, clothing, health care, and shelter are provided to the offender population.

**Opportunity for Change / Reentry** - provide an environment with positive behavior change by making or identifying educational and rehabilitative opportunities available within the unit or the community for offenders and persons under supervision who demonstrate motivation for change and the desire to participate in such programs.

**Opportunity for Making Amends** - provide opportunities for making restitution and participating in community restorative initiatives as a mechanism to compensate, in some fashion, individuals and communities harmed by crime.

### Educational Programming

All offenders are eligible for educational services which are provided directly by educational services to approximately 30% of its offender population at a time. Those services are designed from literacy to post-secondary education. Post-secondary consists of job life skill classes and vocational programs, and these services are provided at no cost to the offender. College level correspondence courses are available upon request at the offender's expense and with the approval of the Warden.

Education programs to offenders is provided on a voluntary basis. Students must request enrollment into available classes for which they are eligible. Waiting lists are maintained for classes and programs where space is not available. Night GED classes are available to those that hold a full-time job during the day and are not available for the regular education programs.

Literacy, Adult Basic Education (ABE), General Equivalency Diploma (GED), and Special School District (SSD) services are offered to all offenders.

### Vocational

The Central Louisiana Technical Community College (Avoyelles Campus) is presently offering seven distinct vocational programs. These courses offer full instruction and hands-on learning to provide participants with the knowledge to undertake a job in that particular field after the course is completed. Offenders are administered a pre-screening test (TABE) before becoming eligible for enrollment. After successfully completing a program, the offender will receive a certificate/diploma that is valid throughout the state. All eligibility criteria are set by the Central Louisiana Technical Community College.

**Auto Collision Repair** - this course teaches how to repair and paint automobile bodies and parts.

**Automotive Technology** - this course teaches how to repair the mechanical parts to a vehicle and how to troubleshoot problems.

**Barbering** - this course teaches art of hair design as well as health and care of the scalp and face.

**Building Technology** - this course teaches a variety of entry level construction trades, such as carpentry, masonry, and plumbing are all part of this program.

**Culinary Arts** - this course teaches how to follow recipes, prepare meals, bake, and convert measurements for adjusting recipes.

**Masonry** - this course teaches the science of bricklaying within the residential and commercial settings and teaches the participant to become a masonry helper by trade. The class also teaches the knowledge of the tools used and the safety practices applied when using these tools on the job.

**Welding** - this course teaches the basics of welding related to the present-day field of work.

## Other Programs and Services

**Mental Health Services** - this program provides a range of services appropriate to the needs of the offender, including psychiatric care for offenders with mental illness and individual and group counseling. All counseling services are administered by a qualified mental health professional. Specialized treatment programs include the following: crisis intervention, sex offender treatment, anger management, and substance abuse treatment. The Mental Health Department also completes aftercare referrals to appropriate agencies for offenders who discharge with mental health needs.

**Medical Services** - this program provides comprehensive health services for offenders. The department offers professional care and provides for a continuous systematic review of policy, procedure and practice to offer health services and education which will enhance the ability of the offender to successfully reintegrate into society upon release. Medical Services includes: A Full Time Physician; 24 Hour Nursing Coverage; Infirmary for Convalescent and Chronic Care Offenders; Full time Dental Coverage; Quality Assurance Program; Infection Control; Diagnostic Services including X-ray and Lab; Emergency Services as needed; Referral Services for Specialty Consultation; Telemedicine Services; Pharmacy Services; Contract Optometrist; Contract Podiatrist; Contract Psychiatrist; and Wellness Program.

**Reentry** - this program provides assessment, identification and linkage for offenders with services specific to their reentry needs. Offenders begin preparing for release from the point of entry into the institution and through the development of Reentry Accountability Plans (ReAP) guiding reentry planning and offender programming. Treatment staff, with assistance from outside agencies, conducts educational workshops with offenders preparing for reintegration into society. The offender receives 100 hours of instruction which include communication skills, victim awareness, value development, health and wellness, substance abuse, money management, job seeking skills, and information concerning conditions of parole prior to release.

**Faith-based Programming** - this program is an essential component in the overall mission of RLCC. Well trained religious volunteers offer a significant resource and are essential to the success in meeting the goal of providing a meaningful opportunity for change. Religious programming is coordinated by a full-time Chaplain. The RLCC Chaplaincy provides daily faith-based programming for the offender population. The services range from traditional worship to contemporary praise and worship services. Special programs such as Strengthening the Family, Malachi Dads, and Returning Hearts provide opportunities for the offender to remain close with their families. Several programs incorporate study groups of various religious beliefs. Services for all major Christian denominations, Islamic and Native American Indian beliefs are facilitated through the Chaplaincy.

**Certified Treatment and Rehabilitation Programs (CTRP)** - this program provides certificate programs, Inside/Outside Dad, School of Faith, Men's Work, and Preparing for Success on the Outside. If successfully completed, the programs can reduce incarceration time for offenders. These classes, along with others, are facilitated by trained volunteers as well as certified offender facilitators as well. Upon graduation, our faith-based programs provide a degree, diploma, or certificate of completion. Others, like In Christ International Bible College, provide either an associate's degree or diploma once completed. Under the Brother's Keeper Program, the needs of the offender population are ministered to by providing indigent supplies on a bi-monthly basis and visiting the sick in the infirmary, the elderly on the tiers, and cellblocks multiple times during the week. The sick and elderly are escorted to church when requested and bible study is provided on an individual basis.

**Classification** - this program ensures the various aspects of offender incarceration related to public safety, rehabilitation, discipline, and welfare are met for offenders from the time of preliminary classification through the reception and diagnostic process and subsequent assignment to a permanent housing or until discharge. Classification works closely with Security as well as other departments such as Mental Health, Medical and Education. The Classification program promotes the development of life, job and educational skills within the offender population and encourages participation in various self-help groups and organizations. Classification staff is responsible for the initial screening of custody status, work release, trustees, status reductions, job placement, and geographical transfers.

**Table 61:**

<b>Winn Correctional Center</b>	
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Keith Deville, *Warden*  
180 CCA Boulevard  
Atlanta, Louisiana 71483  
Winn Parish

Capacity: 1,538  
Opened: 1990

**Goals**

Continue to promote - “EXCELLENCE IN CORRECTIONS”.  
Provide and maintain the highest level of public safety, staff safety, offender safety, ensuring a healthy, secure, and productive environment with the opportunity for offender rehabilitation.

**Educational Programming**

A full academic and vocational curriculum began in April 1990. The facility provides educational services ranging from literacy training to technical occupational preparation. All inmates are encouraged to address their education needs while incarcerated. This program encourages individuals to become productive, active members of society after their release. All education programs are open to inmates who meet the entry requirements of the program. Literacy classes are designed for inmates functioning at the fourth grade and below level. Adult Basic Education classes are designed to help students functioning between fourth and sixth grade levels. Developmental studies/High School Equivalency (HSE) preparations are designed to help students functioning above the sixth-grade level, but who have not earned a high school diploma or equivalency. The vocational classes offered are Auto Body, Basic Auto Service, Computerized Information Processing, Culinary Arts, Building Trades, Horticulture and Offset Printing Operations. Correspondence Courses are offered to those with the entry requirements and desire to further their education. The education staff monitors the testing of inmates/residents in all areas.

**Other Programs and Services**

Pre-Release - this program utilizes individual counseling, videos and community resources to help prepare the offender for release and return to his community. Job interviews are scheduled for those who request assistance.

MAS (Mind Altering Substance Abuse Program) - this program is developed to increase awareness of each participant to certain factors evident in the life of a substance abuser and continues to develop these risk factors so each participant has a thorough knowledge of his own individual risk.

Victim Awareness - this program is for offenders to be educated through guest speakers, lectures and various videos on the harm their actions have had on victims (physical, financial and otherwise) and on their own family members.

Celebrate Recovery - this program is a ten-month faith-based approach to substance abuse recovery that utilizes the eight principles of the Beatitudes as well as the 12-step principles.

Thinking for a Change - this program consists of cognitive self-change, social skills and problem-solving skills covered in 25 lessons. The focus is on offenders 25 years of age or younger.

Sex Offender Treatment - this program is four-phase course created to identify and understand the various factors involved in the commitment of sexual crimes. The Louisiana Risk Management model is also offered, which is a cognitive-based sex offender treatment program designed to work with the target behaviors of sexual aggression, abuse and deviance.

Prison Fellowship - this program a pre-release program and bible study in a group setting.

Project Metamorphosis - this program is an introduction to basic life skills in preparation for reintegration into society.

Character Counts - this program utilizes seven pillars of character to promote successful citizenship.

AA/NA, Twelve Step and Busted Programs - this program is for all substance abuse treatment programs.

Evening Literacy - this program is for non-readers and those students assigned to the literacy program that may need additional assistance outside of the classroom. This class is taught by volunteers from the Winn Literacy Council.

## 18. Reentry Initiatives

*The information below can be found in the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections “Reentry Beginnings”.*  
<https://doc.louisiana.gov/reentry-overview>

**Table 62: Reentry Beginnings**

For the last 15 years, the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections – Corrections Services (Department) has been working to reduce the highest in the nation incarceration rate (per capita). According to a 2009 Pew study, 1 in 26 Louisiana adults are under correctional control, compared to 1 in 31 nationally. In 2013, Louisiana ranked 5<sup>th</sup> nationally among states in highest violent crime rate, ranked 3<sup>rd</sup> highest poverty rate, and ranked 4<sup>th</sup> lowest in percentage of adults with a high school diploma. Louisiana’s incarceration rate ranks #1 in the nation per capita, 816 per 100,000 residents compared to 471 nationally, according to the Bureau of Justice Statistics. When only adults 18 and older are considered, this rate rises to 1072 per 100,000 in Louisiana compared with 612 nationally. As of December 31, 2015, Louisiana’s adult correctional population stood at 36,377, with 72,176 under probation and/or parole supervision.

Roughly 50% of the offender population is assigned to state correctional facilities, while the other half is assigned to local-level jails and transitional work programs. Each year, approximately 18,000 offenders release from state prisons and jails to communities across Louisiana. Many face challenges of finding a place to live, finding employment, and accessing services and programs that will assist them in successfully reintegrating into their communities.

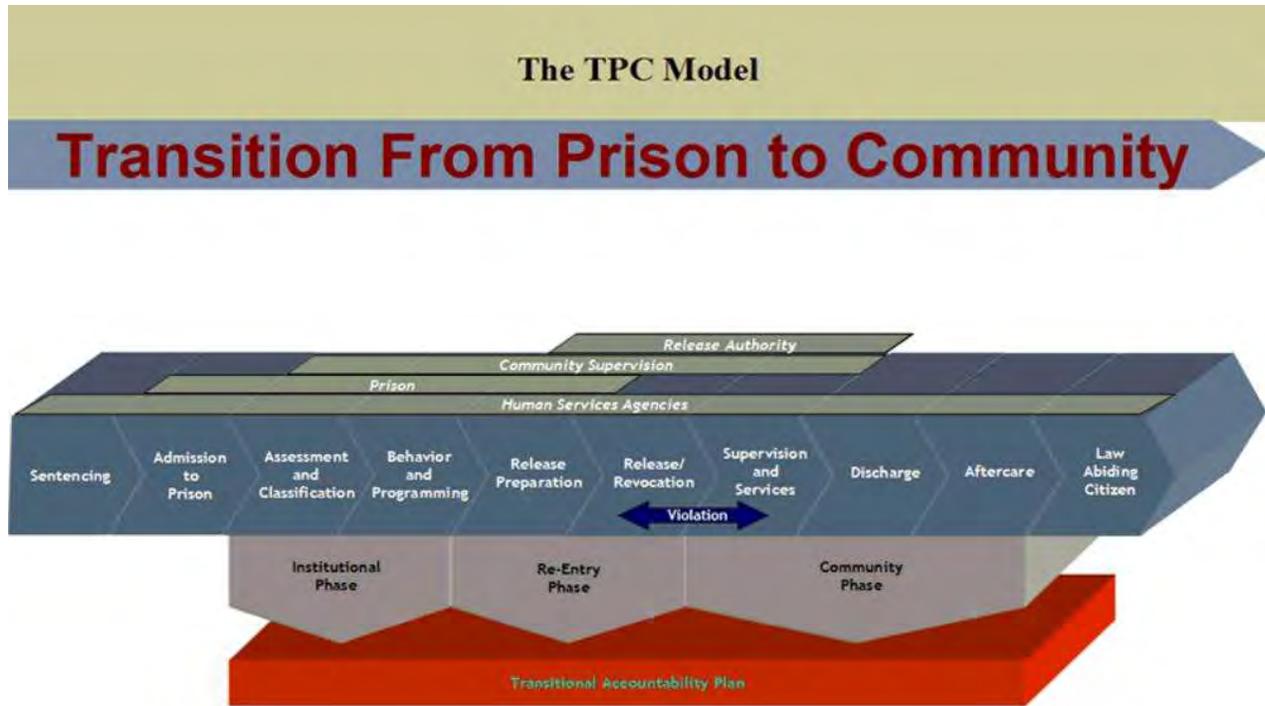
Within five years, nearly 43% will return to prison, either for violating the conditions of their supervised release or for committing a new crime(s). The five-year recidivism rate for the total DOC population, while still high, is an improvement from the five-year recidivism rate in 2008 (48%), when the Department began focusing on standardizing and expanding reentry programming as well as utilizing evidence-based programs and policies to drive decision-making.

To make significant progress in reducing incarceration and recidivism costs (both in dollars and in negative impact to victims, communities and families), the Department had to reach state offenders on the local level who were traditionally left out of programming opportunities offered at state correctional facilities. The Department, in collaboration with Sheriffs, opened nine (9) Regional Reentry Programs to offer the Department’s Standardized Pre-Release Curriculum 2010 and Certified Treatment and Rehabilitative Programs (CTRP), which allow offenders to learn basic work readiness preparation, money management, substance abuse education and treatment, parenting, anger management and other life skills prior to discharge.

**Table 63: Reentry Philosophy**

The Department has embraced the Transition from Prison to Community Model[i] recommended as an evidence-based best practice by the National Institute of Corrections. This model establishes a continuum of assessment, classification and case planning, and programs designed to address the “criminogenic risks and needs” of offenders.

**Figure 94: The TPC Model**



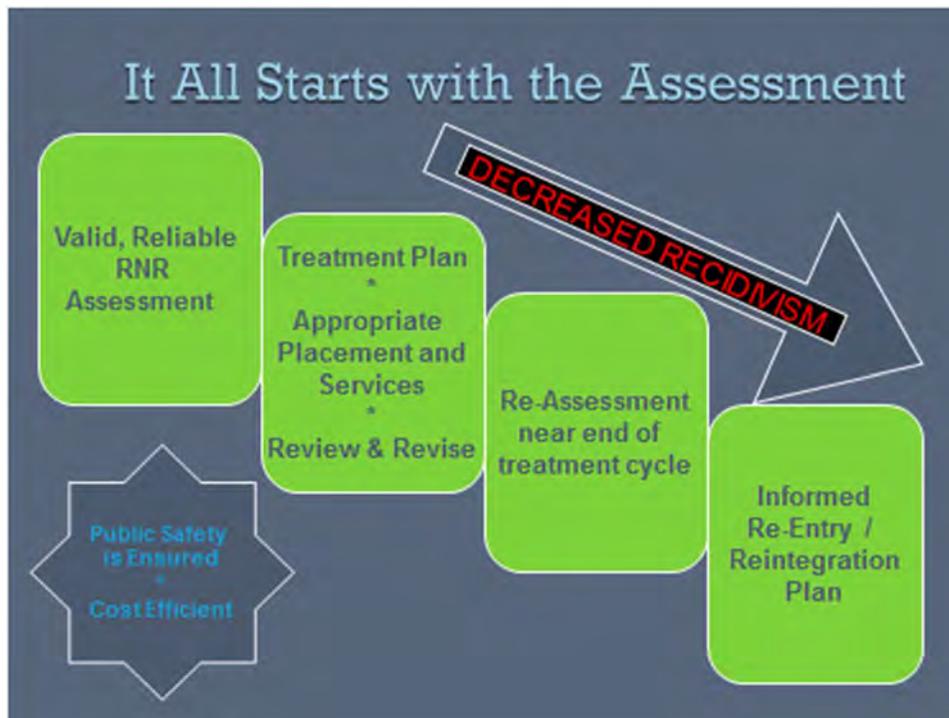
“Criminogenic Risks” are those risk factors that research shows increase an offender’s likelihood of recidivating and returning to incarceration. “Criminogenic Needs” are those needs that must be addressed to mitigate this risk of recidivism. While no program, or continuum of programs, can eliminate risk or guarantee a given person will not recidivate, addressing criminogenic risks and needs is considered the best use of resources to increase the odds of success for the returning citizen.

There are three phases to the Department’s Reentry philosophy:

**Phase I – Getting Ready (Reception and Diagnostic)**

The institutional phase describes the details of events and responsibilities occurring during the inmate’s imprisonment from admission until the point of eligibility for parole or release. This phase is designed to encourage and assist offenders in making positive use of their time while in custody by learning skills through education and job training programs, developing new behaviors, addressing deficiencies, and developing pro-social thinking patterns to create a positive future for themselves and their families. This phase involves the first two major decision points:

Figure 95: Assessment Model



1. **Assessment and Classification (Risk, Need, and Responsivity):** Active planning for reentry begins upon the offender’s admission through the reception and diagnostic process. All offenders entering state institutions are evaluated to determine specific needs. In order to identify the rehabilitative needs of an offender, an assessment of an offender’s **risk of recidivism** and “**criminogenic**” **needs** using a validated instrument must be conducted. This assessment should incorporate an identification of “**responsivity**” **factors**, which are the potential barriers to learning such as mental health issues, learning disabilities, or learning styles. This assessment provides the basis for individualized case planning to address identified needs and responsivity factors consistent with the Fundamental Principles of Evidence-Based Correctional Practice<sup>[i]</sup>. The Department implemented the **Louisiana Risk/Needs Assessment** in 2005 and established **Reentry Accountability Plans (ReAPs)** and Probation & Parole Supervision Plans as individualized case plans designed to address identified risks and needs. The assessment process also includes a thorough medical and mental health examination, educational assessment, alcohol and drug screening, social history and criminal history. Inquiries are made into the offender’s work history and identification needs. Offenders housed in local jails are screened for medical, mental health, and substance abuse issues in compliance with the Department’s Basic Jail Guidelines, but do not currently receive the same level of assessment and case planning as those entering state institutions.

2. **Reentry Programming:** Program assignments are recommended to reduce risk, address criminogenic needs, and build on strengths. Program participation assists offenders in making positive use of their time while in custody by learning skills through education and job training programs, developing new behaviors, addressing future deficiencies and developing pro-social thinking patterns to create a positive future for themselves and their families. The Reentry Committee, comprising staff across various disciplines (Classification, mental health, medical, education, and security) at each institution reviews and initiates reentry planning for offenders entering their facility. Offenders are assigned to programs based on their assessed risk level, medical or mental health needs and length of sentence. Institutional Staff prepare an individualized Reentry Accountability Plan (ReAP), which identifies the needs of an offender in the following areas: classification, job assignment, education, vocational, identification, therapeutic programs, medical and mental health, faith-based programming, victim awareness, family support and stabilization. These plans are updated periodically to ensure the offender is completing the goals envisioned for him or her and to make planning adjustments as circumstances warrant. Prior to release, offenders are provided with an intensive period of preparation, including release preparation programming.

#### **Phase II – Going Home (Institution):**

The transitional phase begins before the offender's target release date. In this phase, highly specific re-entry plans are created. Within three years of an offender's discharge date, the Transition Specialist and Reentry Committee review the ReAP and prepare the offender to complete programs recommended in the ReAP and enter the Department's Pre-Release Program. Every eligible offender releasing from a state prison, Regional Reentry Program, or a local jail Pre-Release Program participates in the Standardized Pre-Release Curriculum 2010, which is a complete reentry program addressing topics such as work readiness and employment preparation, money management and victim awareness to name a few. A major part of the Department's reentry curriculum calls for offenders to have identification, social security cards and birth certificates upon release all of which increase their chances of being ready for employment right away. During this period, the Transition Specialist begins assembling at least two forms of identification to support the offender's release. If necessary, a replacement birth certificate and/or Social Security card is requested. When the offender is within six months of release, or as part of completing the DPS&C's Standardized Pre-Release Curriculum 2010, a Louisiana State Identification Card is created through a MOA with the Louisiana Office of Motor Vehicles utilizing these other forms of identification. Additionally, if eligible, an offender within three years of release may be directed into a Transitional Work Program (TWP) (formerly work release) following completion of the pre-release curriculum.

#### **Phase III – Staying Home (Probation and Parole/Community Corrections)**

The community phase begins the moment the offender is released from prison and continues until he/she is discharged from community supervision. In this final phase, it is imperative that offenders receive support in their transition into the community and help in remaining as productive "returning citizens". This is accomplished by monitoring their behavior, identifying and referring them to community programs and developing and growing partnerships with volunteer groups, local law enforcement, faith-based groups and other community and service providers that can assist the returning citizens in maintaining stability.

**Supervision and Services:** It is imperative that returning citizens receive support in their transition into the community and help in remaining as productive citizens. This is accomplished by providing flexible and firm supervision, identifying and referring returning citizens to community programs, and developing partnerships with volunteers' groups, local law enforcement, faith-based groups and other community and service providers that can assist them in maintaining stability.

**Revocation Decision Making:** The Division of Probation & Parole has implemented a Performance Grid that offers structured, graduated responses to violations of supervision conditions. Additionally, the Department offers a range of Alternative to Incarceration Programs for offenders that commit major technical violations.

**Discharge and After4care:** As returning offenders near the completion of his or her sentence, it is important to identify community stake holders to assume responsibility for helping the returning citizens to achieve case plan goals and continue to make positive, pro-social decisions.

**Figure 96: Reentry Programs**

### **Reentry Programs**

**Certified Treatment and Rehabilitative Programs (CTRP)** - Over the last decade, the Department organized and standardized programs and services in state prisons addressing criminogenic needs and to better prepare offenders for a successful reintegration into their communities. In 2010, as some local jails began to offer these programs to offenders, the Department instituted the "Certified Treatment and Rehabilitative Program" certification process to insure the programs implemented in state prisons and local jails were evidence based and standardized. Offenders are provided the opportunity to participate in a variety of evidence-based programming designed to address the criminogenic risks and needs identified in their ReAP.

Providing standardized, evidence-based programming will improve public safety, reduce recidivism, decrease victimization, and reduce the financial burden of the correctional system. To provide an incentive for offenders to take advantage of these programs, a specified amount of credit toward early release is earned by eligible offenders for completing each program up to a maximum of 360 days of credit pursuant to LA R.S. 15:828(B). Successful participation and completion in these programs enable the (eligible) offender to release to probation/parole supervision earlier (and better prepared) and at a savings to the Louisiana taxpayer. The Department maintains a comprehensive listing of all available Certified Treatment and Rehabilitative Programs (CTRP) in a Catalog of Rehabilitative Services.

## **Education**

Since approximately 81% of incarcerated offenders do not have a high school diploma or equivalent at intake, it is important to make educational programming available to incarcerated offenders, as well as to offenders released to community supervision or placed on probation. The Department of Public Safety and Corrections – Corrections Services is required by R.S. 15:828(A)(1) to establish programs, including educational and vocational training, for the rehabilitation of all individuals committed to and in the physical custody of the Department, consistent with available resources. Additionally, R.S. 15:828(B) requires the Department secretary to prescribe rules and regulations in the facilities and institutions under the Department's jurisdiction to encourage voluntary participation by offenders in literacy, academic (Adult Basic Education and High School Equivalency preparation), and vocational technical programs. As outlined on this website, The Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections provides educational opportunities in the areas of:

Adult Basic Education/General Education Development (ABE/GED); High School Equivalency Preparation (HSE-Prep); Developmental Studies; Literacy; and Special Education

The Department also provides special education programming through the Louisiana Department of Education Special School District to offenders who qualify by age criteria and have behavioral, emotional, and/or learning disorders as diagnosed by a Special School District diagnostician. These classes are offered in conjunction with other literacy, ABE, and High School Equivalency preparation programs according to the student's academic achievement level.

## **Job Skills and Employment Readiness**

Job skills training and employment readiness are major components of successful offender reentry. A significant percentage of offenders who enter prison are not employed at the time the crime was committed. The utilization of vocational-technical programs by offenders will greatly improve their marketable skills.

At the Louisiana State Penitentiary at Angola, highly-skilled offender mentors are utilized to enhance the training development in automotive and construction training classes to assist non-skilled offenders in attaining an Industry-Based Certification (IBC) in their chosen field of training. Certifications through the National Center for Construction Education and Research (NCCER) and the Automotive Service Excellence (ASE) are offered to offenders as they complete the training program to assist the offender in attaining employment after release.

The Department partners with the New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary (NOBTS) to offer offenders faith-based course work leading to an Associate or Bachelor's Degree in Theology. This program has proven to enhance the social and quality-of-life skills needed for this population.

Though a partnership with the Louisiana Community & Technical College System (LCTCS), offenders are able to earn college credit in vocational-technical training fields. Vocational-technical education programs focus on the development of entry-level employment skills for offenders through classroom instruction and hands-on training. The Department offers the following vocational programs at various institutions. Program descriptions are provided on subsequent pages.

### **Substance Abuse Treatment**

80% of DOC offenders have substance abuse issues that contribute to their criminality. It is imperative that the Department provide treatment and education for incarcerated offenders and subsequently link them with services in the community upon release. Offenders are provided the opportunity to participate in a variety of substance abuse education programs including AA, NA, Living in Balance, and Celebrate Recovery.

The Steve Hoyle Intensive Substance Abuse Treatment Program (housed at Bossier Parish Correctional Center) provides a therapeutic community approach to house, treat, educate and re-integrate offenders with identified substance abuse challenges.

### **Faith-Based and Values Development Programming**

Most offenders have a values base that is inconsistent with what it takes to adjust in society. This often results in poor and often anti-social decision-making, which is reinforced by anti-social peers and associates. It is imperative that the Department provides faith-based and character-based programs to offset these deficits. Faith-based programs can help an offender prepare for a successful reentry by establishing a spiritual foundation from which he/she can make sound, moral decisions. Furthermore, offenders assessed as **high or moderate risk** require structured, cognitive-behavioral programs to provide them with pro-social decision-making skills. Examples of these programs used by the Department are *Moral Recognition Therapy* and *Thinking for Change*.

Corrections chaplains work with hundreds of volunteers that form the core of religious programming to support changes toward a pro-social identity. Trinity Broadcasting Network (TBN) offers positive, life-affirming television programming around the clock free of charge to all state correctional facilities. The Department has three Faith and character-based dormitory (FCBD) programs, aimed at maximizing the power of personal faith, reinforcement of pro-social decision making, and positive role models through mentoring.

Louisiana State Penitentiary became a model from other prisons systems in the country when it partnered with the New Orleans Baptist Theological Seminary (NOBTS) to open a Bible College on the grounds of the maximum-security prison. The seminary, established in 1995, offers two college-level degree programs: a two-year associate degree in Pastoral Ministries and a four-year bachelor's degree in Theology. As many of Angola's offenders are serving life sentences, the Department sees their role in the reentry process as mentors – helping other offenders' transition back into the community. Some offenders who have earned degrees serve as missionaries as chaplains at other prisons to strengthen religious and moral programming.

### **Figure 97: Reentry Programs for Department of Corrections Offenders at Local Level**

Approximately 50% of state offenders are assigned to local-level (parish) jails. State correctional facilities have historically offered a variety of educational, vocational and other programming to offenders while those on the local level rarely received such programming. Since state offenders housed in local jails account for approximately 75% of releases each year, it was crucial that the Department expand programming at the local level.

**Regional Reentry Programs** - The regional reentry programs operate in conjunction with local sheriffs and are designed to reach those offenders who are within one year of release (or Transitional Work Program assignment), and returning to a specific region. This regionalized approach enhances the program's ability to engage community supports, such as treatment providers, educational opportunities, as well as family and faith-based programs. Each Regional Reentry Program provides participants with the Standardized Pre-Release Curriculum 2010, two forms of identification, residence and employment plans, as well as connection to needed post-release resources in the community.

**Local Jail Corrections Transition Specialists** - In 2014, the Department expanded reentry programs and services in local jails by assigning 20 Corrections Transition Specialists to those local jails housing the largest number of state offenders. These specialists conduct risk/needs assessments; provide CTRP instruction in programs such as Thinking for Change, Anger Management, and Parenting; and assist in transitioning offenders to the Regional Reentry Programs appropriate for them. These specialists create a more structured and evidence-based approach to assessing and addressing the needs of the state offender population housed in local jails.

**Local Jail Literacy and Adult Basic Education Programs** - thirteen local jails and detention centers currently report adult education students to the Department. These local jails are in turn provided an instructor and resources to provide adult basic education to their eligible offender population. A number of other local jails partner with their local school boards to provide adult basic education opportunities for their offender population.

Map 1: Statewide Reentry Program Map

# Statewide Reentry Programs



**Figure 98: The Justice Reinvestment Initiative and  
Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative**

The Department was awarded the *Justice Reinvestment Initiative – Maximizing State Reforms* grant from the Department of Justice in 2014 to create and implement an automated risk, need, responsivity tool to inform structured decision making and identify criminogenic needs for all criminal justice stake holders. The Department partnered with Louisiana State University, School of Sociology to create and validate the tool, which was named the TIGER (Targeted Interventions Gaining Enhanced Reentry). The next phase of the project will involve automation of the tool, including integrating it with the offender case plan being developed in the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative.

The Department partnered with the Michigan Council on Crime and Delinquency (MCCD) to engage in strategic planning and revision of the reentry case planning continuum known as the **Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative**. MCCD has worked with several states to improve objective assessment and decision making, as well as case planning and systems integration. An Implementation Steering Team (IST) involving staff from all disciplines and sections of the Department was brought together to work on the creation of a System Blueprint and Logic Model, as well as a Strategic Planning Framework for Prisoner Reentry. The outcome of the work on the LA-PRI will be a unified Reentry Accountability Plan (ReAP) which will not only guide the offender and Departmental staff, but also other stake holders such as courts, the Parole Board, local jails, and community resource providers. This case plan will now improve pre- and post- release programming and intervention planning, as well as better inform structured decisions of the courts and Parole Board. The LA-PRI IST continues to meet on a quarterly basis to work on the ReAP and insure that it not only fully utilizes the TIGER, but informs the development and automation of the TIGER.

## Acknowledgements

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